

ABSI UNIVERSITY













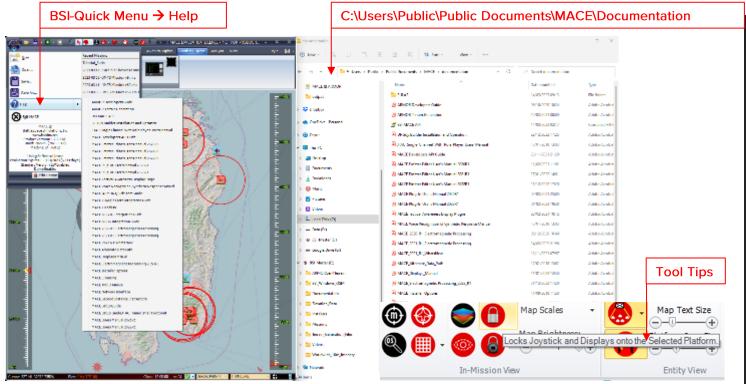


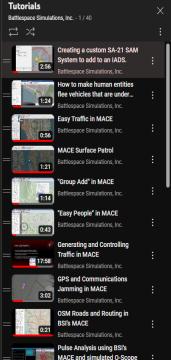




SOURCES OF HELP







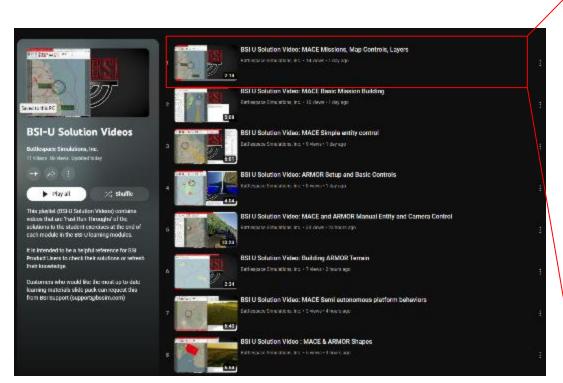
Exercise Solutions: Email Support:

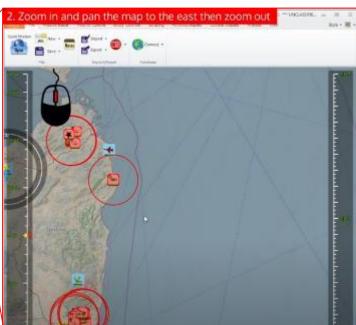
Student Exercises Solutions Videos support@bssim.com



SOURCES OF HELP

'Fast Run Throughs' of the solutions to the student exercises at the end of each







Learning objective:

Understand how to setup MACE with the required data to start mission build

Enabling objectives

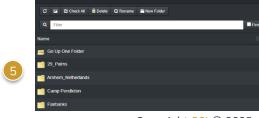
- Know what files to download and install
- Understand what different types of data MACE needs / can use
- Understand how to access the data settings in system settings
- Understand how to assign data paths for Elevation, Vectors, CADRG (if applicable)
- Understand how to access the OSM and imagery settings in system settings
- Understand how to assign paths for OSM and imagery
- Understand how to connect to OSM data and imagery



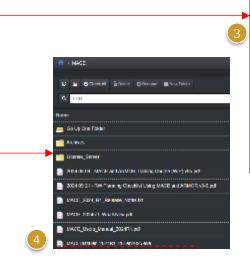
Download and Install

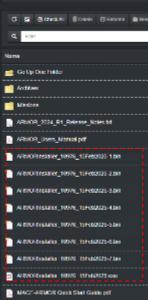
- (1) Get an FTP Account https://downloads.bssim.com/
- (2) Login
- (3) Download <u>all</u> ARMOR installer files
- (4) Download MACE installer file
- (5) Download some ARMOR Terrain (If you don't have a GIS drive)





Data-Unrestricted / ARMOR / Terrain / GEN4





🖍 / ARMOR / ARMOR_Production_Builds

□ NOTE - UPDATE REGULARLY

If you are paying for maintenance, you are entitled to support and updates. MACE and ARMOR update regularly for new features and bug fixes



Install – Min / Recommended Requirements

MACE (MINIMUM)

- 3.5 GHz / 8 Thread CPU or faster
- Windows 10 (64 bit) or Windows 11 (64-bit)
- 16 GB RAM (32 GB for large battlespaces)
- 1 GB free hard drive space (not including map, imagery, and elevation data) *
- NVidia 2060 or better graphics card

MACE (RECOMMENDED)

- 4.0+ GHz / 16+ Thread CPU **
- Windows 10 (64 bit) or Windows 11 (64-bit)
- 32 GB RAM ***
- 1 GB free SSD space (not including map, imagery, and elevation data) *
- NVidia 3070 or better graphics card

Additional minimum requirements if running ARMOR with MACE are:

- 64GB RAM
- NVidia 4080 or better graphics card (4070 minimum if only running in screen mode)



License

Software License (per machine)

- Start MACE for the first time
- Select 'Software Key'
- Send the 'Machine ID' to <u>support@bssim.com</u>
- (When Received) Enter the License Code Press 'Submit'

USB Dongle

- Ensure USB Dongle is in machine (USB port accessible)
- MACE Checks automatically but can be verified from Quick>Update License

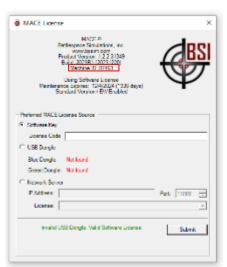
Updating a USB dongle

- Select the USB Dongle in license manager
- Select update navigate to a provided .dat file, select and open
- Submit to verify

NOTE - KEYLOCK USB LICENSE FILES

License files are tied to KEYLOK USB Key serial numbers and are not interchangeable between dongles. You will need to enter a unique update file for each dongle. The naming convention used by BSI will be to add the serial number to the file name.

E.g. USB Key serial number is #5 and the update file is called "BSI_5.DAT".

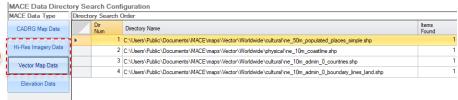




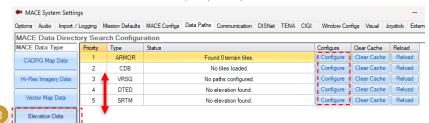
Getting Required Data in MACE - Static Data



Data Paths: HI Res Imagery & Vector Data (Optional) MACE Data Directory Search Configuration



Data Paths: Elevation Data (Required)



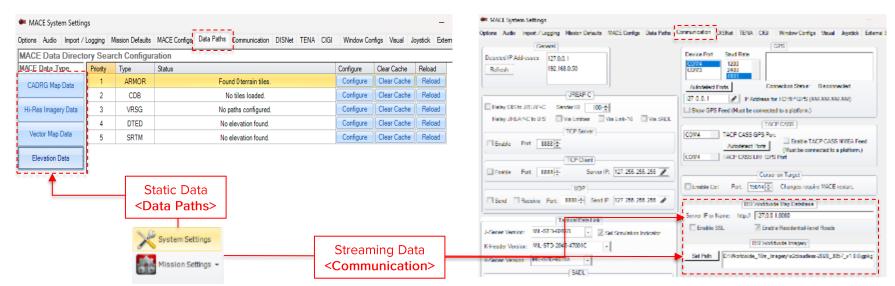
- (1) System Settings Endure between MACE sessions (mission settings are saved with the mission)
- (2) Worldwide Vectors Countries, Boundaries, Populated Places (Optional but useful)
- (2) Hi Res Imagery Data Usually customer's geo-referenced own data (GeoTif etc)
- (3) Elevation A prioritized list of what MACE uses first for ground position
 - ARMOR Data is highest fidelity and should be top if using ARMOR as your IG
 - A secondary source (CDB or DTED) is required where there is no IG Terrain

NOTE - STATIC GIS DATA

Customers who have **purchased MACE** will be given a 4TB **GIS Terrain Drive** which contains Elevation Data and ARMOR Terrain. If you are **evaluating**, you do not have this so:

- MACE can read ARMOR terrain elevation download ARMOR terrain and configure the data path in System Settings>Data Paths to point at the terrain folder
- You can also download Elevation data (DTED and 90m CDB) from the BSI FTP site this will be required for mission rehearsal tool functions

Getting Required Data in MACE – Static Data vs Streaming (Data Drive)



NOTE - STATIC GIS DATA

Customers who have **purchased MACE** will be given a 4TB **GIS Terrain Drive** which contains Elevation Data and ARMOR Terrain. If you are **evaluating**, you do not have this

MACE can read ARMOR terrain elevation – download ARMOR terrain and configure the data path in System Settings>Data Paths to point at the terrain folder

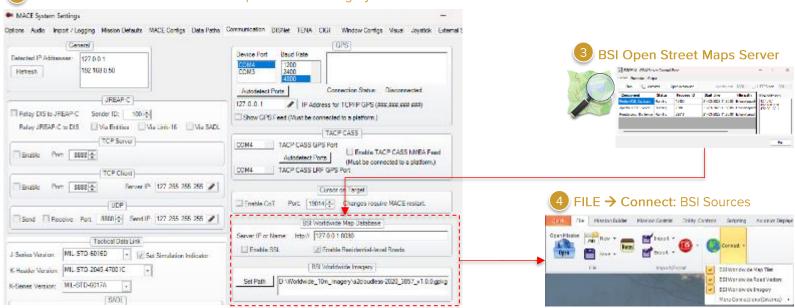
You can also download Elevation data (DTED and 90m CDB) from the BSI FTP site – this will be required for mission rehearsal tool functions

1 VIEW → System Settings

MACE INITIAL SETUP

Getting Required Data in MACE – Steaming Data

2 Communication: BSI Worldwide Map Database / Imagery



NOTE - GIS DATA

Customers who have **purchased** MACE will be given a 4TB **GIS Terrain Drive** which contains an offline Open Street Map server, Worldwide GeoTif Imagery. If you are **evaluating**, you do not have this – you will not be able to fill in the 'communications tab' paths but you can use OSM online tiles (no road vectors or building footprints) by selecting from the 'More Connections' Option on the Connect dropdown menu (4)

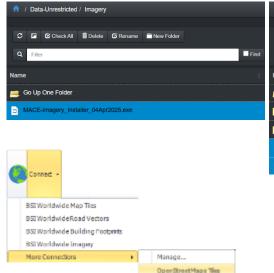
No GIS Drive - Sample and Online Data Only

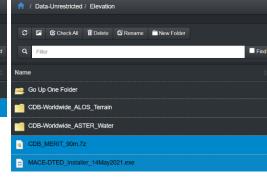
Terrain - Imagery - Elevation Data

- Downloads.bssim.com / Data-Unrestricted
 - Imagery MACE Imagery Installer (Sardinia and Pacific Northwest)
 - Flevation CDB MFRIT and DTFD0 Installer
 - ARMOR/Terrain Sardinia Corsica

Online Data

- Connect to Online Open Street Maps Tiles
 - FILE → Connect → More Connections → Open StreetMaps Tiles





NOTE - SAMPLE DATA LIMITATIONS

If using only sample data users will not be able to use Road Vectors, Building Footprints, or make ARMOR terrain from the data



Student Exercise

- 1. Open System Settings
- 2. Set Elevation data paths
- 3. Start OSM and set the OSM path
- 4. Set the worldwide imagery path
- 5. Set vector paths for country outlines and major populated areas



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MACE OVERVIEW

Learning objective:

Understand how to navigate through the MACE GUI, and the types of inputs and information that are available.

Enabling objectives

- Understand the components of the MACE GUI
- Understand how to use and customise the Quick Access Toolbar
- Overview of the different grouped functions of the Top Ribbon Navigation Bar
- Understand the appearance and function relationship of the different types of buttons
- Understand the purpose of the mission area
- Understand the information and functions available on the status bar



MACE OVERVIEW

Mission Builder Mission Controls

Build

Data

Entity Controls

Scripting

Execute & Control

Avionics Displays

Combat Displays

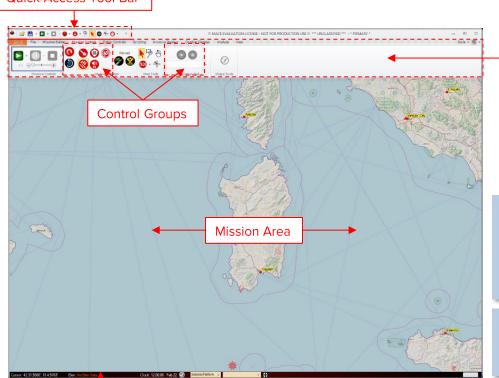
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Analysis

Analysis

MACE Workflow





Main Tool Bar

Message Window

TIP - DO NOT MAXIMISE MACE

Since MACE uses several separate windows for the user interface, it is generally NOT a good idea to keep the main MACE window maximized (taking up the whole screen) because it makes it harder to quickly find and use these other windows.

Messages

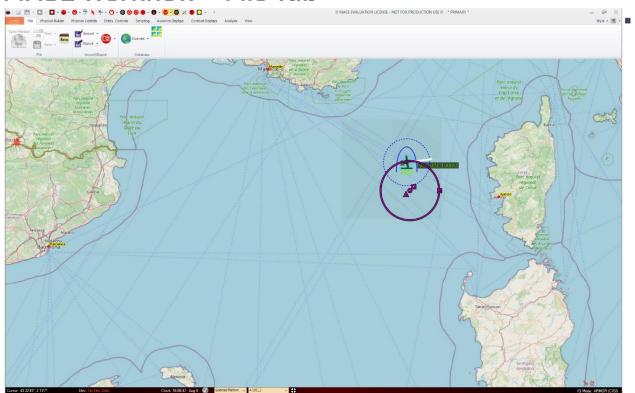
TIP - TOOLTIPS

Most MACE controls have 'tool tips' if you hover your mouse over them some text will appear explaining their function

Data Build Execute & Control Analysis File Mission Builder Mission Controls Entity Controls Scripting Avionics Displays Combat Displays Analysis View

MACE OVERVIEW

MACE Workflow - File Tab



Sets the canvas for the scenario

- Open previous missions
- Clear scenario for new mission
- Save missions
- Import Mil Data ACO/ATO, Shapes, Routes etc
- Import MACE specific Partial Missons, Scripts etc
- Connect to Streaming Data OSM, Imagery
- Export data for use in other scenarios
- Export data for use in Mil Systems

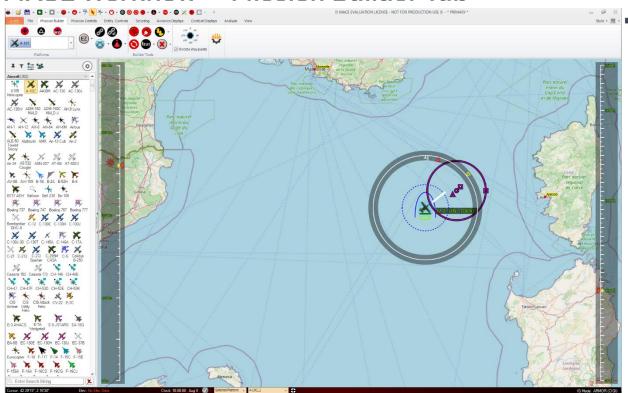


Data Build Execute & Control

Entity Controls

MACE OVERVIEW

MACE Workflow - Mission Builder Tab



Add and config scenario entities

Combat Displays

Analysis

Analysis

Drag and drop platforms

Avionics Displays

- Swap out platforms
- Add waypoints

Scripting

- Duplicate, copy properties
- EZ Traffic, People
- IADS Tools linking, snap to high point etc



Mission Builder

Mission Controls

Data Build Execute & Control

Entity Controls

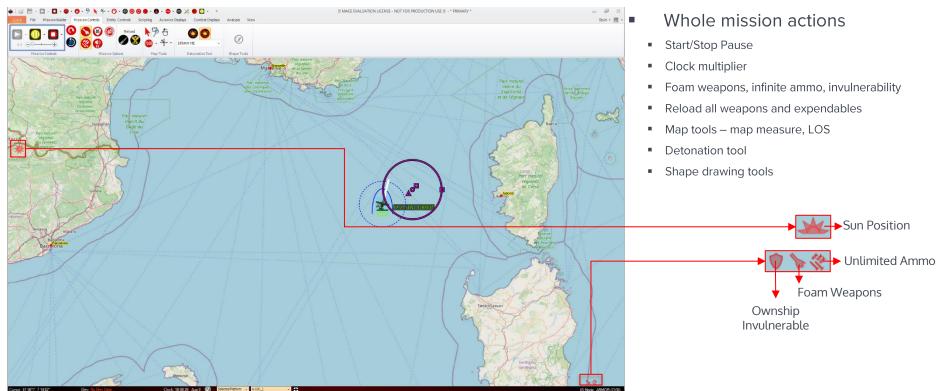
Scripting

Avionics Displays

Mission Controls

MACE OVERVIEW

MACE Workflow - Mission Controls Tab



Mission Builder



Analysis

Analysis

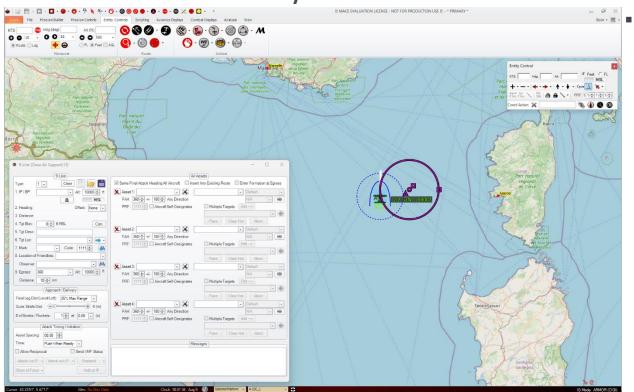
Combat Displays

Scripting

Entity Controls

MACE OVERVIEW

MACE Workflow – Entity Controls Tab



Entity specific control

Avionics Displays

- Navigational control
- Formation and attachments
- Manoeuvre modes
- Combat Targeting, Attack, Weapon Release

Combat Displays

Analysis

- Form based control 9/5-Lines, Call for fire
- Tactics/Actions
- UAV View control
- Manual Emitter control
- Transfer entities between MACEs on network



Mission Builder

Mission Controls

Data Build Execute & Control Analysis

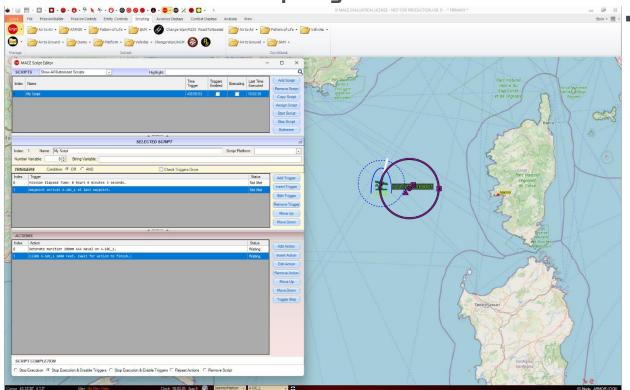
Scripting

Avionics Displays

Entity Controls

MACE OVERVIEW

MACE Workflow - Scripting Tab



Conditional, autonomous / semiautonomous actions

Combat Displays

Analysis

- Customize behaviours of platforms and environment for manual or triggered execution
- Script Editor Write scripts with triggers and actions
- Buttonized scripts independent of mission



Mission Builder

Mission Controls

Data

Mission Builder

Execute & Control Build

Entity Controls

Mission Controls

Scripting

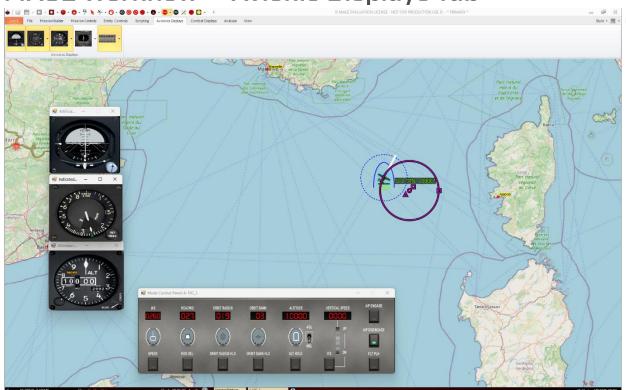
Combat Displays

Analysis

Analysis

MACE OVERVIEW

MACE Workflow - Avionic Displays Tab



Cockpit avionic instruments

Standard flight instruments

Avionics Displays

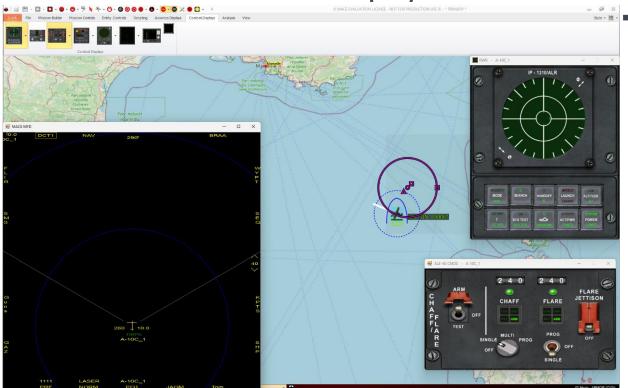
- Role player setup
- Use with MACE Window Configs to create cockpits



MACE OVERVIEW



MACE Workflow - Combat Displays Tab



Cockpit combat displays

- Role player setup
- Use with MACE Window Configs to create cockpits
- RWR, IRWR, CMDS
- DF and other EW displays
- Cockpit Multifunction Display (MFD)



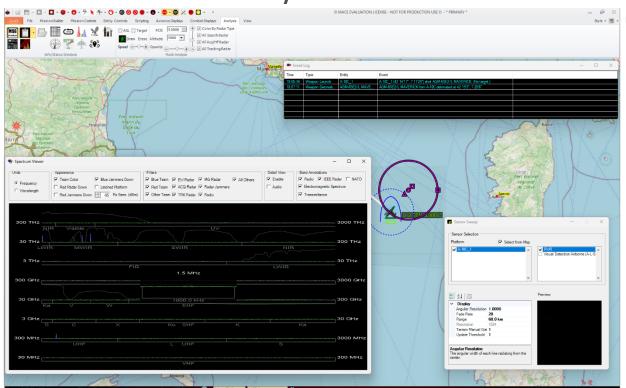
Data Build Execute & Control

Entity Controls

Mission Controls

MACE OVERVIEW

MACE Workflow – Analysis Tab



In/After Scenario Analysis

Avionics Displays

- Message Window
- Event Log

Scripting

- EW Analysis Plugins
- Mask Analysis



Analysis

Analysis

Combat Displays

View

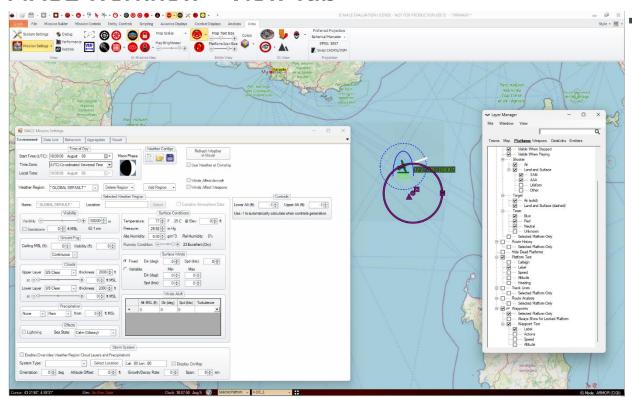
Mission Builder

Scripting

Entity Controls

MACE OVERVIEW

MACE Workflow - View Tab



Settings, Map Controls, IG

Avionics Displays

Combat Displays

Analysis

View

- System Settings
- Mission Settings
- Map Controls layer manager, grids, scales
- Ownship display and camera locks
- IG Launch and IG Plugins
- Map datum



Mission Builder

Mission Controls

MACE OVERVIEW

Button types

Action buttons are black (for example, the 'Cycle to Next Waypoint' button) cause the associated action to occur once when pressed.



Note that the highlight color will vary, depending on the Style you have selected for your MACE.

Response buttons are gold and, like toggle buttons, remain in effect until deselected. However, unlike Toggle buttons, they do not take effect until triggered.



Drop-down buttons are silver and will open when clicked to show additional buttons.



Status buttons are typically square and will often open external status windows.



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MACE OVERVIEW

Student Exercise

- Open MACE and navigate through each of the tool bars
- Select the View toolbar and size the MACE window so that all the controls on this bar are visible
- Hover the mouse over buttons to see the tool tips
- Click on some of the dropdown menus to see options available



Learning objective:

Understand how to setup and navigate around the mission area, and use map tools

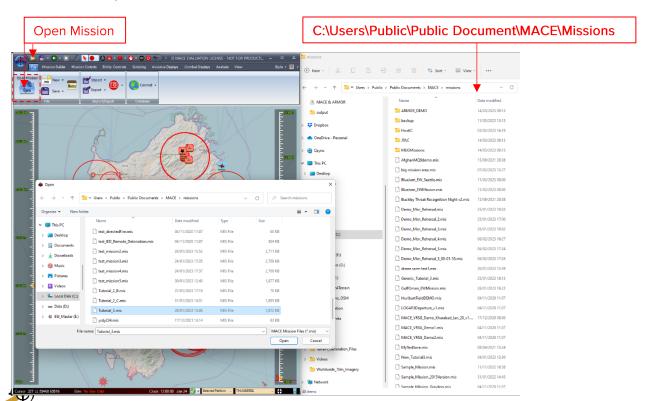
Enabling objectives

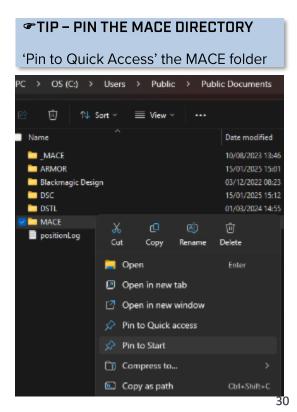
- Know how to load a mission
- Know the methods for zooming in an out and using pre-set zoom levels
- Know the methods for panning the map
- Understand the various map options for scaling and panning
- Know that the default map tool is selection including the "return to select tool" function
- Know how to change coordinate type in use on the map
- Understand the information on the bottom status bar
- Understand the entity mouseover information
- Understand how to use the bottom status bar in the selection and finding of entities
- Know how to use and cancel the range and bearing tool
- Know how to add a button to the shortcut bar
- Know how to switch on and off map layers and to change layer transparency



Load A Mission

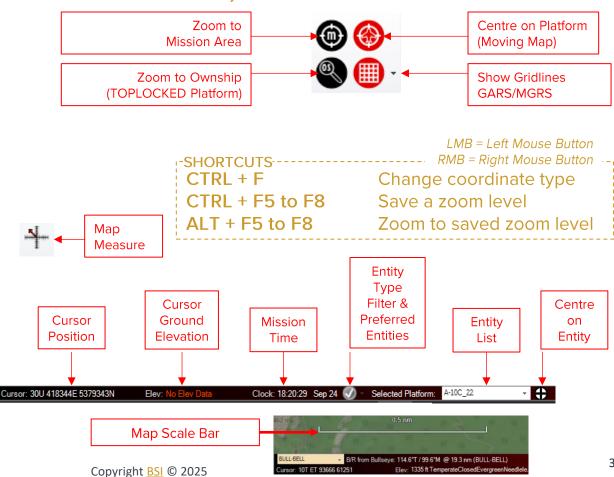
FILE → File → Open Mission "Tutorial_3.mis"



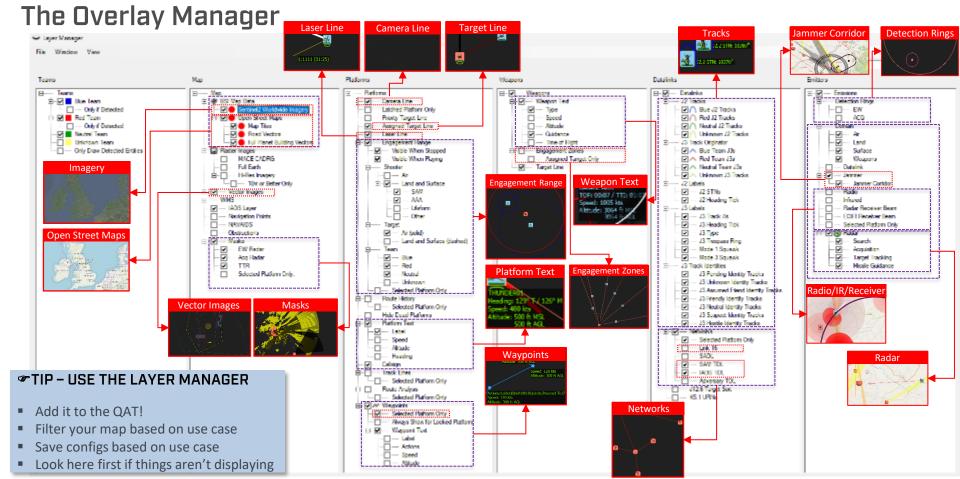


- PAN
 - LMB on Mission Area and move
- Zoom
 - Scroll Wheel or
 - Top Left to Bottom Right = Zoom In
 - Bottom Right to Top Left = Zoom Out
- RMB Reset
 - RMB any blank part of mission area
 - Returns to select
- RMB on control
 - Add to quick access tool bar
- Select Entity and Press ALT
 - Shows range and bearing from entity in status bar
- CTRL + LMB hover over entity
 - Shows entity information









Layer Manager Intro

MAP

VIEW → In-Mission View → Layer Manager



- ☑ Switch on and off map layers / vectors etc.
- RMB → Appearance
 - Set transparency

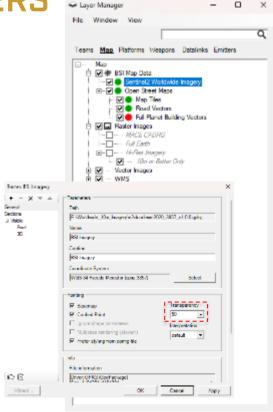








Add a quick access button



Student Exercise - Link to Online Solution Video

- (00:13) Open Tutorial_3.mis in MACE
- 2. (00:22) Zoom in and pan the map to the east then zoom out
- 3. (00:28) Centre on the mission area
- 4. (00:33) Pick an Entity from the status bar and center on it.
- 5. (00:40) Measure the distance between 2 entities
- 6. (00:52) Remove measurement lines
- 7. (01:04) Use the Mouse + Control button to show an entity name
- 8. (01:14) Use the cursor to determine ground elevation and coordinate at a point
- 9. (01:18) Cycle through coordinate systems. Finish with MGRS
- 10. (01:22) Add the map measurement tool as a quick access toolbar button
- 11. (01:32) Use the layer manager to hide OSM and imagery leaving only the vectors
- 12. (01:53) Switch OSM and imagery back on and adjust transparency of the imagery layer to 40%



Learning objective:

Understand how to choose, place, move and delete entities, and how to see the properties of entities in MACE

Enabling objectives

- Know how to Save, Run, Clear, and Load missions
- Know how to add platforms
- Know how to filter and search the mission builder list
- Know how to change platforms
- Know how to add platform waypoints
- Know how to Move Platforms and Waypoints
- Understand Intent
- Know how to select and move multiple platforms
- Know how to group and recall platform groups
- Know how to Delete platforms, and waypoints
- Understand the uses of known points
- Know where to select and see bullseye information



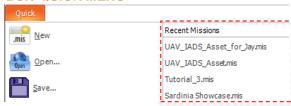
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- New vs Global New Mission Clear-out
- Save
 - Clean Mission not started
 - Dirty Mission in progress (includes time stamp)
- Quick Open from BSI/Quick Menu
- Scenario Editing Workflow:
 - OPEN → EDIT →SAVE→PLAY →STOP →RELOAD (BEFORE EDITING)
 - Use 'Recent Missions'
 - Or use mission builder toolbox





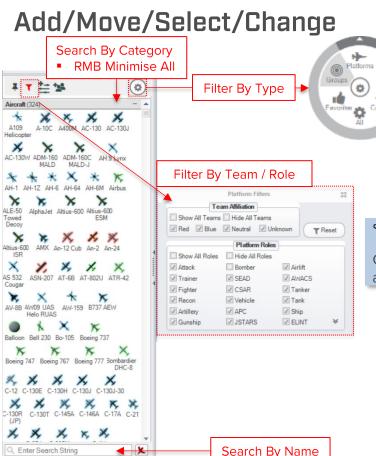
BSI / QUICK MENU







Click to **swap** existing for selected



[ALT] + Drag and drop to add a group

Select and click

ADD:

- Drag and Drop OR
- Select and Click
- RMB after finished adding

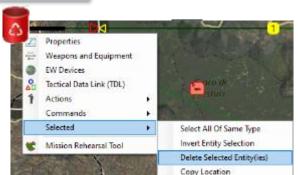


TIP - CLEAR FILTERS

Clear filters and search windows or else you won't see all available when selecting platforms in future

DELETE:

- CTRL + DEL Selected
- ALT + DEL Non-Selected OR
- Drag and drop to bin OR
- Via Context Menu (RMB)



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Selecting Platforms

SINGLE PLATFORM SELECTION

- Bottom Status Bar
 - SELECT FROM LIST OR
- LMB on Single Platform























MULTIPLE PLATFORM SELECT

- SHIFT + LMB on individual platforms
- SHIFT + LMB & DRAG over multiple platforms
- SHIFT + LMB Dbl Click on platform selects all of that type

MOVE MULTIPLE PLATFORMS

CTRL + LMB on the map area (not platform)

GROUP AND RECALL

- CTRL + (0 to 9) to assign group
 - + (0 to 9) to recall group

-SHORTCUTS-

LMB = Left Mouse Button RMB = Right Mouse Button

CTRL + LMB

Move the single clicked-on Item OR

SHIFT + I MB

move group selected to LMB clicked Point Multi Select (Drag or Click)

CTRL + DFL FTF

Delete Selected

ALT + DELETE

Delete ALL BUT Selected

CTRL + 1 to 9 ALT + 1 to 9

Create a Group

CTRL + W

Recall a Group

Reverse Selected Platform Waypoints

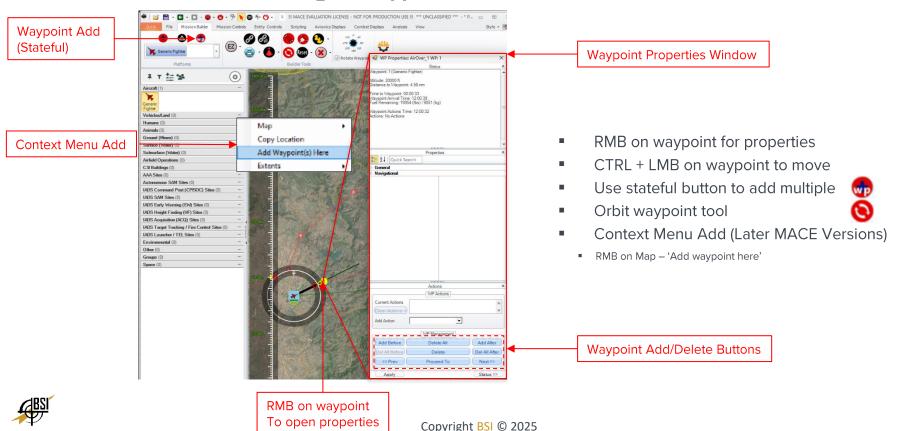
CTRL + R

Resurrect ALL

AIT + AAIT+G Select ALL AIR

Select ALL GROUND

Add/Move/Select/Change Waypoints



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MACE BASIC MISSION BUILDING

Known Points and Bullseye

- Known Point An invisible platform, useful for:
 - Reference points for attacks (9-Lines, Call for Fire)
 - Landing zones
 - Bullseyes
 - Trigger points in scripts e.g. proximity triggers





7 T - 12

VehiclesLand (361) Humans (136) Animals (11)

Ground (Mines) (8) Surface (Water) (99) Subsurface (Water) (7

Airfield Operations (8) C3I Buildings (10) AAA Sites (43)

Autonomous SAM Sites (47) IADS Command Post (CP/SOC) Sites (33)

IADS Early Warning (EW) Sites (34)
IADS Height Finding (HF) Sites (6)
IADS Acquisition (ACQ) Sites (23)
IADS Target Tracking / Fire Control Sites (40)

IADS Launcher / TEL Sites (37) Environmental (45)

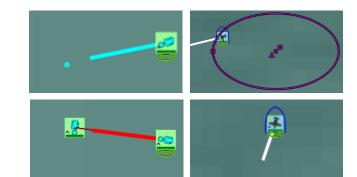
MACE BASIC MISSION BUILDING

Introduction to Intent and delta

- Intent Black Vector Line
 - Platform follows waypoints
 - Return to intent
 - Button on ENTITY CONTROLS Tab
 - RMB on platform vector line
 - Button on ENTITY CONTROL FORM



- Delta (Not Black)
 - Platform does not follow waypoints
 - Tell by vector color OR intent state drop down (entity) controls)









Delta (not following waypoints)





Running Away



Taking Cover



Random Walk



Joystick Controlled



In formation





MACE BASIC MISSION BUILDING

Student Exercise - Link to Online Solution Video

- 1. (00:13) Clear out any existing mission New
- 2. (00:18) Add: 2 x Attack Aircraft Platforms, a Blue Soldier platform, 20 Human platforms
- 3. (01:06) Filter your platforms to help you add a AAA Site and a building then clear the filters
- 4. (01:33) Change one of the Attack aircraft to a different type of attack aircraft
- 5. (01:50) Put an attack aircraft in an orbit around the Blue Soldier by using the existing waypoints (orbit tool)
- 6. (02:00) Make the Soldier a 5-waypoint path
- 7. (02:18) Move some of the soldiers waypoints to make a zig zag pattern
- 8. (02:26) Move the one Air platform from south of the other to north of it
- 9. (02:34) Save your mission, then run the mission
- 10. (02:50) Give an air platform direction manually [by clicking the black line] and let it fly for a while and then use intent button
- 11. (03:07) Stop the mission and save. Go and check your saved files dirty mission
- 12. (03:27) Add 4 more soldiers
- 13. (03:45) Select them all and save as a group
- 14. (04:02) Select ALL AIR and save as a group
- 15. (04:11) Select ALL Ground but remove 3 from the selection then save as a group
- 16. (04:22) Recall Groups Move the whole group
- 17. (04:35) Delete the group
- 18. (04:49) Recall another group and delete ALL BUT the Group



Learning objective:

Understand how to setup ARMOR with and use the basic controls to visualise MACE Missions

Enabling objectives

- Understand the how to set MACE to use ARMOR Supplemental Configs
- Know how to access the ARMOR plugin from MACE
- Understand how to correctly set the data paths in the MACE-ARMOR plugin
- Know how to launch and connect to ARMOR
- Know how to attach to a MACE platform in ARMOR
- Understand the different attached views available within ARMOR
- Introduction to ownship top lock / bottom lock
- Know how to access the on-screen interface
- Know how to detach and move the camera around in ARMOR
- Understand the functions of the on-screen interface items
- Know how to save and restore a viewpoint



1st TIME SETUP

- ARMOR Plugin
 - (1) View Tab > IG View
- ARMOR Data Paths
 - (2) Application Path
 - (3) Terrain Data Path Recursive search
- CIGI Settings (4) If running AMOR locally use reset button
- (5) Launching ARMOR

OWN-SHIP - WHAT IS IT?

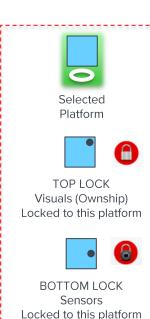
- What is selected in MACE ...
- ... until we 'LOCK' an entity as own-ship

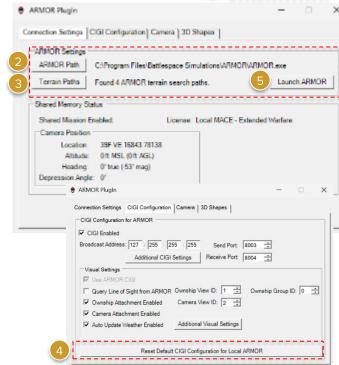


- Joysticks and displays control/view <u>THAT</u> entity
- ARMOR Views (See Next Slide)
 - [SPACE BAR] attach to own-ship
 - 1 to 9 (+0) attached views
 - Z Change spectrum
 - WASDRF Keys / 3D Mouse
 - [TAB] to on screen interface (OSI)





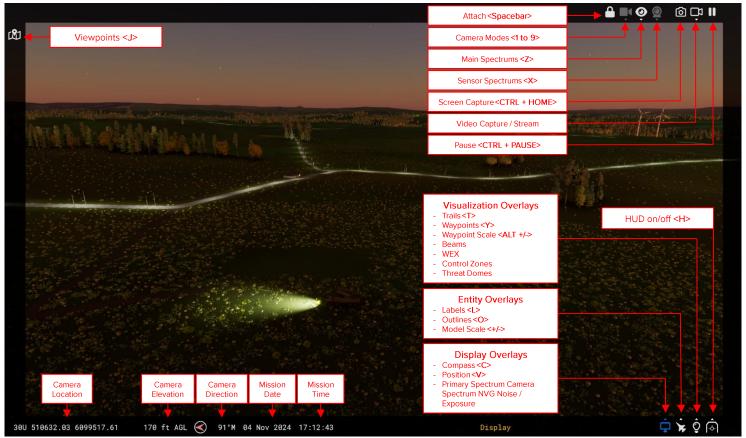








On-Screen-Interface



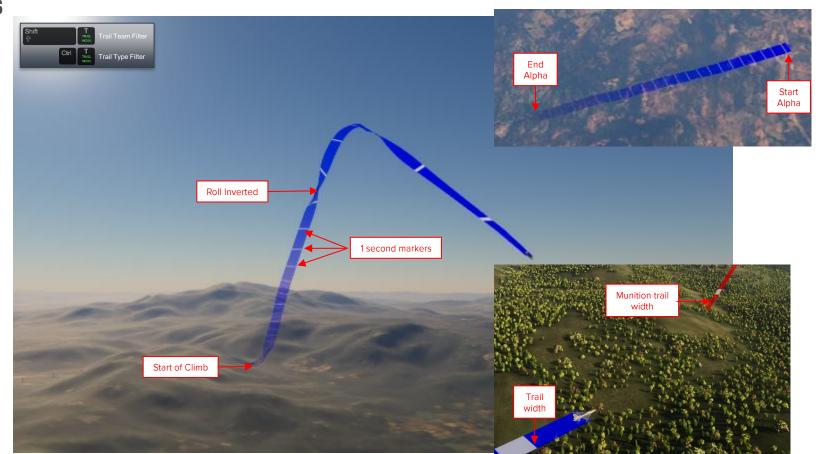


Labels

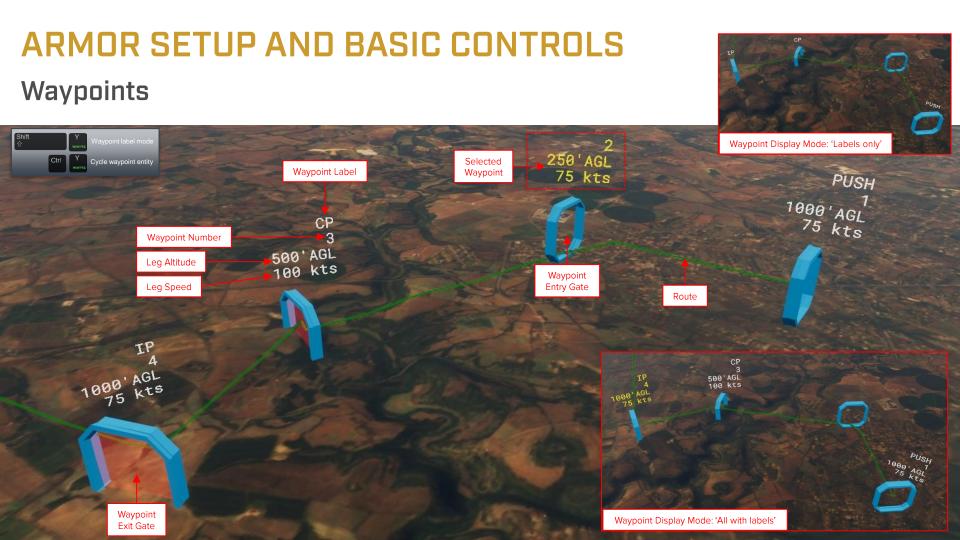




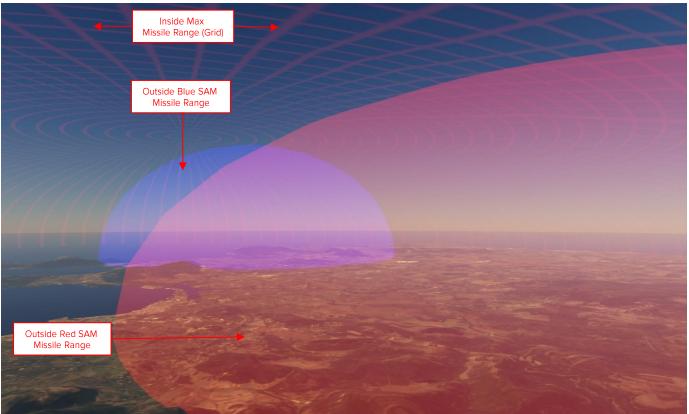
Trails





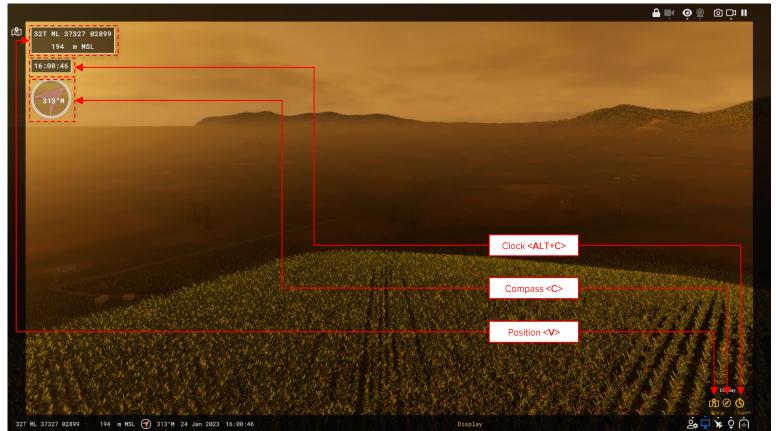


Missile Max Range Domes



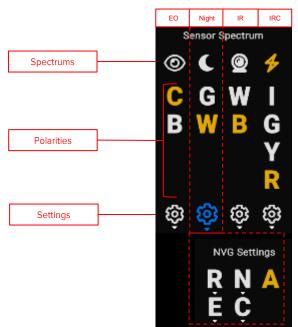


Display - Compass, position, time



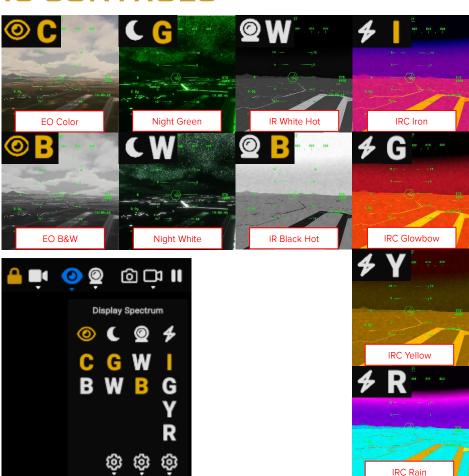


Spectrums & Polarities



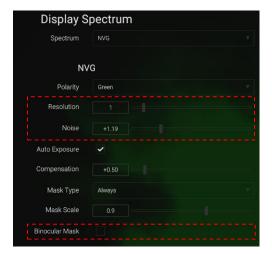
- 4 Spectrums
- Polarities in columns under each spectrum
- Settings at the bottom of each column

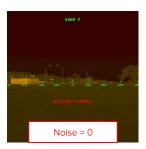


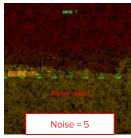


Common spectrum and polarity settings

- ARMOR Preferences
 - Display / Sensor Spectrum
 - Resolution
 - Noise
 - Mask Type
 - Always / Lifeform / Attached / Never

















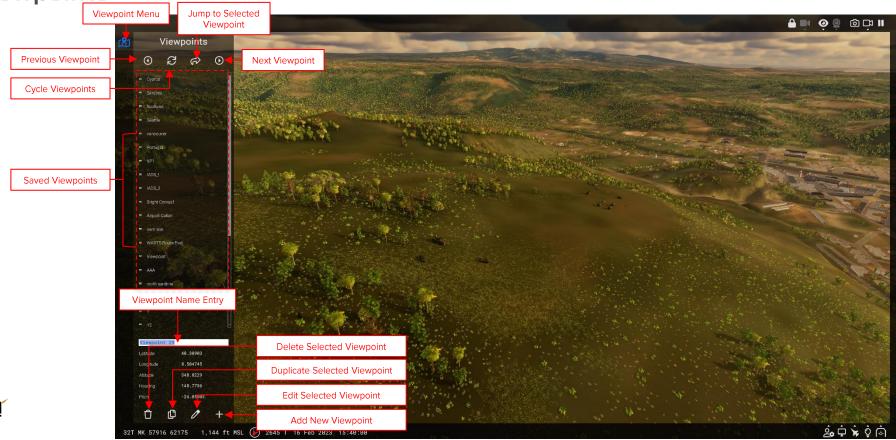
Sensor Picture in Picture







Viewpoints

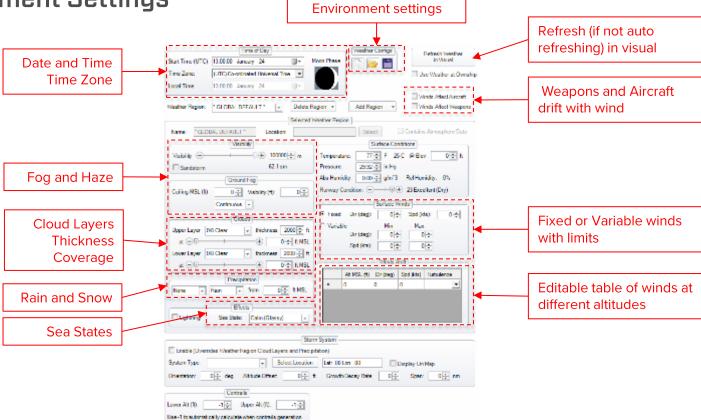












Clear / Open / Save



Student Exercise - Link to Online Solution Video

- 1. (<u>00:13</u>) Open the ARMOR plugin from the View tab
- 2. (00:18) Set the correct ARMOR application path in the MACE-ARMOR Plugin
- 3. (00:33) Set a valid terrain data path in the MACE-ARMOR plugin and verify on the MACE map
- 4. (00:52) Launch ARMOR from the MACE-ARMOR Plugin
- 5. (01:09) Open Tutorial_3.mis in MACE observe ARMOR connecting to the mission
- 6. (01:22) Start the mission in MACE
- 7. (01:25) Select an aircraft entity in MACE then select ARMOR and attach to an entity [Spacebar]
- 8. (01:55) Use the number keys to cycle through attached views 1 to 9
- 9. (02:27) Reselect view 1 and bring up the picture in picture camera view by pressing 0
- 10. (02:33) Detach from the platform [Spacebar]
- 11. (02:36) Maneuver the camera in 6 degrees of freedom
- 12. (<u>02:49</u>) Open the OSI [Tab]
- 13. (02:54) Use the OSI to select: Abbreviated labels, outlines, medium trails, and waypoints
- 14. (03:25) Open the viewpoints function on the OSI
- 15. (03:29) Maneuver the camera to a different position; name and save the viewpoint
- 16. (03:40) Maneuver the camera to a different position restore the viewpoint
- 17. (03:50) Change the view spectrums until you get back to normal EO



Learning objective:

Learn how to control platforms in MACE using Entity Control Window and Ribbons

Enabling objectives

- Recap intent and delta states
- Know how to use the entity manoeuvre window to conduct delta state movement and return to intent
- Know how to copy location from the mission area to the entity manoeuvre window
- Know how to initiate actions on coordinate in the entity manoeuvre window (orbit, camera centre, zoom, attack)
- Know how to perform actions by copying coordinates into platform properties
- Know how to use the Ribbon Controls to control platforms
- Recap how to return a platform to intent
- Know how to rally ground platforms
- Know how to put an aircraft in a delta state orbit and adjust its parameters
- Know how to add weapons to a platform
- Know how to get a platform to perform an instant attack on a selected entity
- Know how to use the detonation tool and platform properties to destroy entities
- Know how to resurrect entities



Intent and delta

- Intent (Waypoint Following) Black Vector Line
 - Platform follows waypoints
 - Return to intent
 - Button on ENTITY CONTROLS Tab

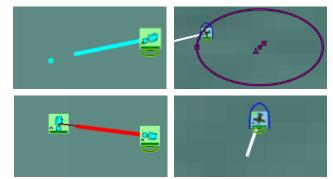


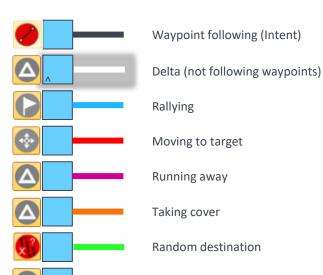
- RMB on platform vector line
- Button on ENTITY CONTROL FORM



- Delta (Not Black)
 - Platform does not follow waypoints
 - Tell by vector color OR intent state drop down





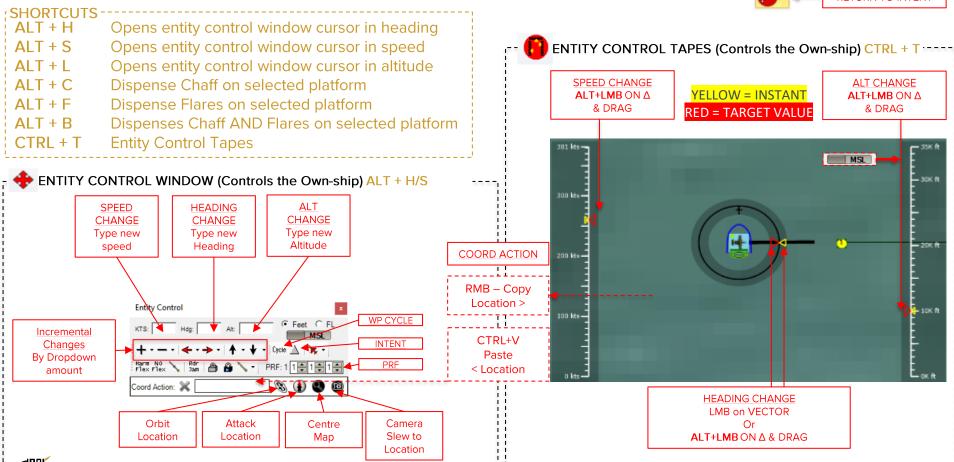


Joystick controlled

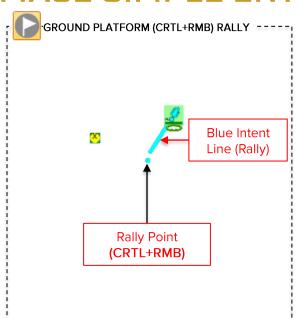
In formation

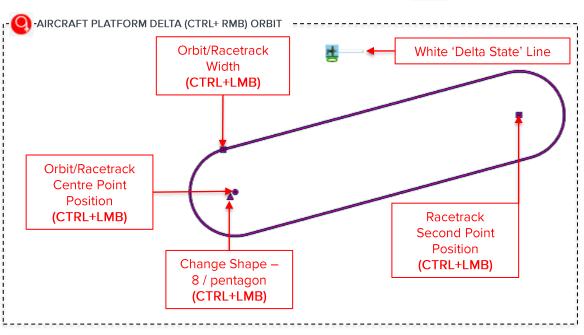












--SHORTCUTS-

CRTL + RMB

CRTL + RMB on entity

CTDL LIMB

CTRL + LMB

CTRL + L

FW Aircraft Delta Orbit OR Ground Unit / Helicopter Rally Point

Move to Target (Opposite team)

Move Aircraft Orbit Points

Selected platform loiter at current position

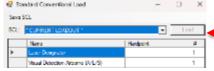
LMB = Left Mouse Button RMB = Right Mouse Button

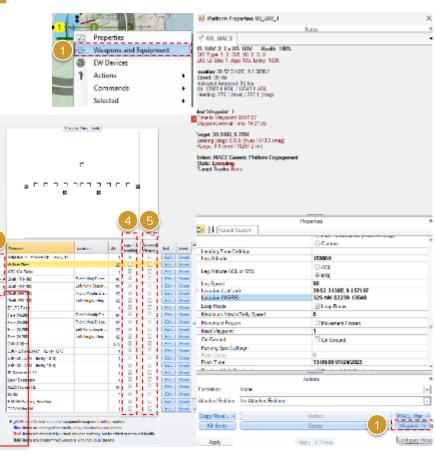


Adding Weapons + Instant Attack

- (1) Access Weapons and Equipment Form
 - Via the Context Menu
 - RMB on Platform > Weapons and Equipment
 - Via Platform Properties
 - Bottom of form [Weapons >>]
- (2) Use the filters to find weapons
- (3) Use to add / Remove weapons
 - [-->] Add 1 x Weapon
 - [<--] Remove 1 x Weapon
 - [<<--] Remove ALL weapons</p>
 - (4) Change Quantity of Weapons
- (5) Enable/Disable Auto
 - Allows constructive (semi automatic) use weapons/ equipment
- [SCL]— save weapons load outs and

restore them







Weapons & Coulpment #16-08

Selective shot Mi

Mariles Tooley

☑ Comba i Flores ! Connector

El Rosson El Annoces

Gure / AVA
 Addition / Western Conf.

Sour Delice
 Countables
 Diseased Deeps.

MI (Short

100mm AAA

Name (SEC.)

Kilome His Hode

Million P. Rom

From Lab

King Make

Citizen Marker Bloom

Different Marker Streeter

100ms Donner Donner M. D.

120mm Tark

Name NO.

KSmill E/TO Saleby

Körne I E/FRO4 Seelin

COMMISSION FOR ANY

100mm AAA Harel

100ms People Head Co.

section.

Supposed by Frite

Simple Weapon Use

- Weapon Release Button
- Will release any weapon in the inventory
- Regardless of range or guidance
 - In WEZ ✓
 - out of WEZ



- Allocate and Move To Target Only
 - CRTL + RMB on entity
 - Allocates Target and Moves to Target only
 - Go 'Weapons Tight' to engage

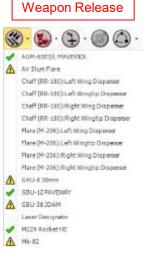


- Will attack target with the next suitable AUTO ENABLED weapon
 - Select Entity → Allocate Target
 Move To Target
 Weapons Tight





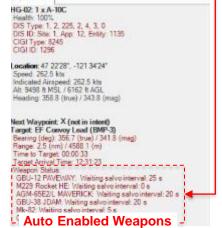








Weapon	Location	Qty	Auto / Enabled	Selected Weapon	Edit
IR Signature		1	V		Edit
Generic Air RADAR		1			Edit
Generic Air to Air Missile		- 1	1		Edit
Generic Air to Air Missile		- 1			Edit
Generic Air to Ground Missile		1	Z		Edit
Generic Air to Ground Missile		1	I 💮 i		Edit
Generic Aircraft Bullet		400	1		Edit
Generic Aircraft Visual Detection		- 1	1		Edit
Generic ARM		- 1	Z.	\$	Edit



¥ HG-02

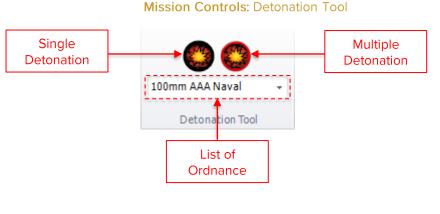
Detonation Tool and Resurrection

- Detonation Tool
 - Pick from list any ordnance

Single detonation

Multiple detonation (live mouse)

- Resurrection
 - Individually from Platform Properties
 - Raise ALL the Dead: CTRL+R



Platform Properties



--SHORTCUTS

Resurrect all dead entities



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MACE ENTITY ICONS

Entity Outline:

Entity set to 'Weapons Free' Entity set to 'Weapons Tight' Entity set to suppression

Top Left Dot:

Detected by early warning radar

Detected by acquisition radar

Platform is being engaged

Green Symbols:

Entity in Delta mode

A Entity has attached entities

Entity movement frozen

Entity being navigation-jammed

Entity invulnerable

Entity being sensor-jammed

Entity is landing

Airborne entity is on the ground

Entity is assigned to a 9-Line

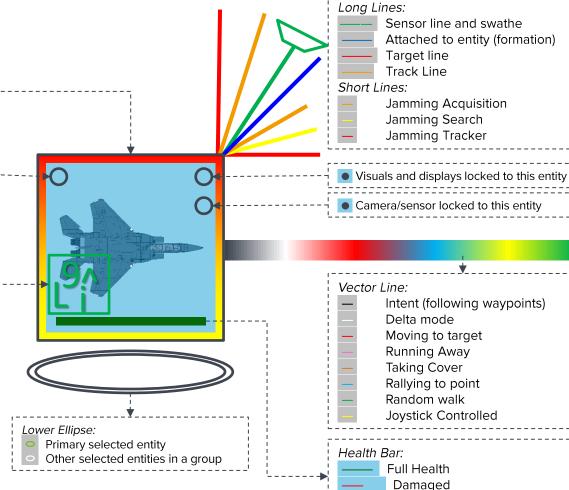
5 Entity is assigned to a 5 -Line

Entity has not 'pushed yet'

Littly has not pushed yet

X External entity from DIS or HLA

Entity has concealment



Copyright BSI © 2025

Severely damaged



Student Exercise - Link to Online Solution Video

- 1. (00:13) Add 3 Aircraft, 3 vehicles, and 3 humans to a NEW mission and start the mission
- 2. (00:58) Select 1 air unit from the bottom status bar list
- 3. (01:12) Open the entity control window (ALT+S ALT+H) and change aircraft heading, speed and altitude
- 4. (01:50) Return the aircraft to intent
- 5. (<u>01:54</u>) Remove the aircraft weapons then add an air to ground missile, a laser target designator, and a generic guided bomb to the aircraft make them Auto Enabled
- 6. (02:36) Copy and paste a map location into the entity control window coordinate box
- 7. (02:49) Centre aircraft sensor on coordinate, make aircraft orbit coordinate, attack coordinate return to intent
- 8. (03:50) Toggle Entity control ribbons on
- 9. (04:02) Use Entity control ribbons to instantly change heading, altitude and speed return to intent
- 10. (04:19) Put the air unit into a delta state orbit using the Mouse or the keyboard shortcut
- 11. (04:24) Change the orbit shape to 8 and pentagon and back to circle
- 12. (04:26) Change the width of the orbit and the center position
- 13. (04:36) Select 2 ground units
- 14. (04:42) Rally the ground units to a point
- 15. (04:50) Command an air unit to attack a ground entity
- 16. (05:12) Use the entity control target button to target a point on the ground
- 17. (05:20) Use the entity control weapons release dropdown to activate the laser target designator
- 18. (05:28) Use the detonation tool to destroy some ground entities
 - (<u>05:38</u>) Resurrect one then kill it using platform properties then resurrect all entities Copyright <u>BSI</u> © 2025

DAY 1 - REVISION (OPTIONAL)

Student Exercise

- 1. Start and connect to Open Street Maps (if you have it) SSD Drive ☐BSI_Windows_OSM\BSIOSM.exe
- 2. Load tutorial_3.mis and Load ARMOR
- 3. Free fly the ARMOR Camera to see north half of Sardinia looking down from above Save a viewpoint here
- 4. Display labels for blue and red, compact labels, platforms and guided weapons
- 5. Display trails for blue and red but platforms and guided weapons only
- 6. Play the mission & Attach ARMOR to NASTY 01 in trail view
- 7. Make NASTY 01 loiter at its location change loiter: size, direction and shape
- 8. Attach ARMOR to THUNDER 01
- 9. Change THUNDER 01 to MSL flight, Set altitude to 5000ft msl using the 'Entity Control' window
- 10. Set THUNDER 01: speed to 450kts using the side tapes, and Set heading instantly to 180
- 11. Return THUNDER 01 to waypoint route and move the last waypoint over the sea
- 12. Delete all THUNDER 01 waypoints before waypoint 4 and then reverse the waypoints using the shortcut (CTRL+W)
- 13. Make THUNDER 01 steer to waypoint 2
- 14. Select all of the red entities in the northwest of the island and then move them as a group to the south
- 15. Remove 1 red entity from the selection and then Delete the remaining selected entities
- 16. Lock the Ownship to THUNDER 02 (Top Lock)
- 17. Copy a map location near NW Auto Sam and then use the manoeuver window 'Coord Action' to make THUNDER 02 orbit that point
- 18. Manually release a weapon from THUNDER 02 then assign a target of NW_auto_Sam to THUNDER 02
- 19. Open THUNDER 02's weapons and equipment, remove all bombs, add an air to ground missile, deselect auto on everything except it
- 20. Make THUNDER 02 'Move to target', and set it's weapons posture weapons tight
- 21. Release chaff and flares using the shortcut buttons (ALT+C/F/B)
 - 22. Now Attack NW-AAA with just the attack button using NASTY 01

Learning objective:

Understand how build an ARMOR terrain using the MACE plugin from GIS data

Enabling objectives

- Understand how to correctly set the data paths in the MACE-ARMOR Terrain building plugin
- Understand the functions of the different terrain data sources
- Know how to build a terrain in the correct directory
- Understand the ARMOR terrain caching process



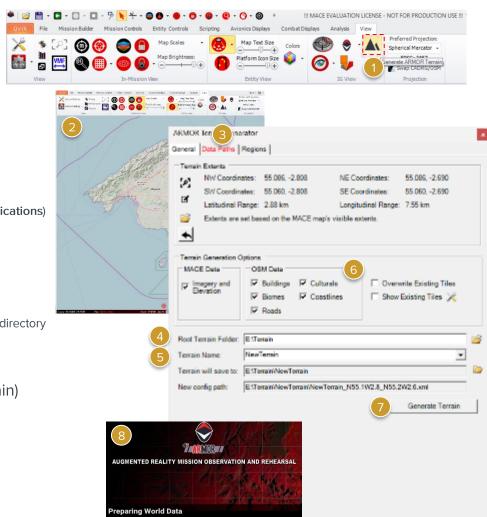
71

High Level Process Description

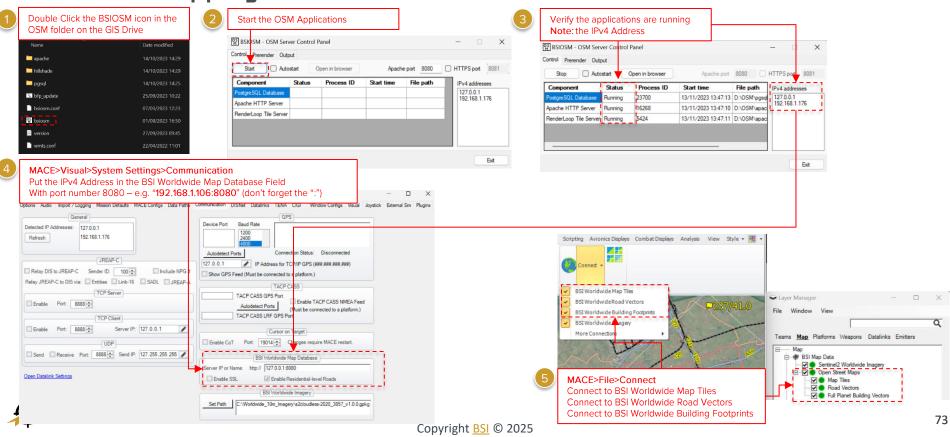
Detailed info on next slides

- (1) Open Terrain Builder Plugin
- (2) Pan/Zoom MACE Map to build area
- (3) Set correct data paths (from GIS Drive)
 - OSM must be running and connected to MACE (System Settings > Communications)
 - Check OSM is running from the MACE GIS Drive OSM Application
 - Tiles seen on MACE map when connecting from File>Connect> BSI Worldwide Map Tiles
 - Imagery path (System Settings → Communications)
 - Hi Res Imagery Data (Optional)
 - Elevation Data (System Settings → Data Paths)
 - Terrain Generation Data (Land Use / Water / Land Polygons) set GIS drive directory
 - (4) Select Correct Terrain Root Folder
- (5) Name Terrain
- (6) Select what is to be generated (usually All for a new terrain)
- (7) Generate Terrain
 - Wait while terrain generates
- (8) First Load Terrain Tiles Cache in ARMOR
 - Must have an entity placed in MACE to start this process

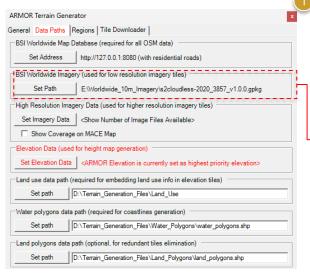


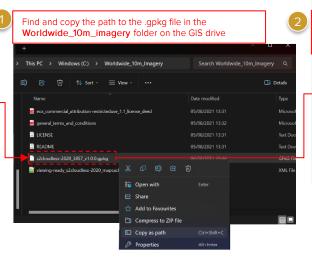


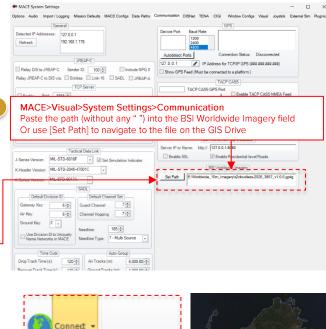
Worldwide Mapping



Worldwide Imagery Data







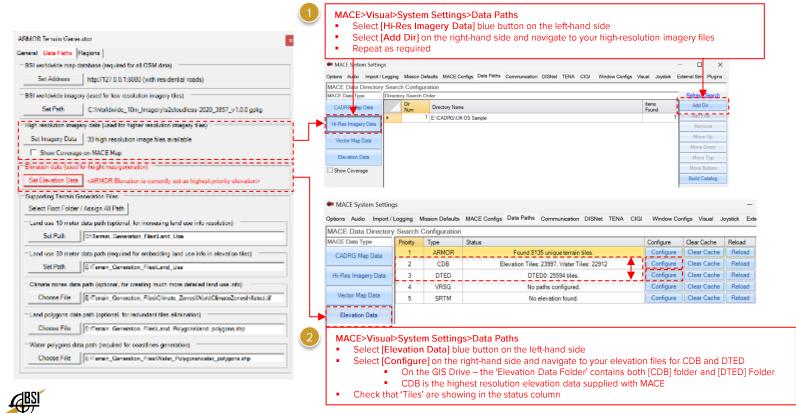






Confirm MACE is displaying Imagery

Static Data - Hi-Res Imagery (Optional) & Elevation Data



Terrain Generation Files If the GIS drive data is in the correct hierarchy: - Select the root folder for the Supporting Terrain Generation Files ARMOR Terrain Generator I7 Shield (E1 → Terrain Generation Files → Search Terrain Generation Files General Data Paths Regions. BBI worldwide map database (required for all OSM data). ∏€ Details 16 50 t http://127.0.0.1.8080 (with residential roads) BSI worldwide imagery (used for low resolution imagery tiles) Date modified Since C/Worldwide 10m Imageryls2cloudless-2020 3857 v1.0.0 gpkg Climate Zones lile folder High resolution imagery data (used for higher resolution imagery tiles). Land Polygons Hile folder Set Imagery Data 39 high resolution image files available Land Use ☐ Show Coverage on MACE Map Water Polygons file folder Elevation data (used for height map generation) Set Elevation Date | cARMOR Elevation is currently set as highest priority elevations T7 Shield (E:) > Terrain_Generation_Files > Land_Polygons Search Land Polygons Supporting Terrain Generation Files ↑ Sort · ■ View · ☐ Details Select Root Folder / Assign All Path Land use 10 meter data path (optional, for increasing land use info resolution) land polygons.cpg DOTerrain Generation FilesiLand Use land polygons.dbf Land use 30 meter data path (required for embedding land use info in elevation tiles). and_polygons.prj PR L Eile OR Select each directory individually E:Terrain Generation FlestLand Use land polygons.shp.rtree Climate zenes data path (optional, for creating much more detailed land use infe) land polygons.shx 01/08/2022 03:29 Effection Generation Flex/Climate Zones/WorldClimateZones/rflated.tfl README Text Document Land polygons data path (optional, for redundant tiles elimination) Efferts in Generation Files/Land Polygons/land polygons.shp

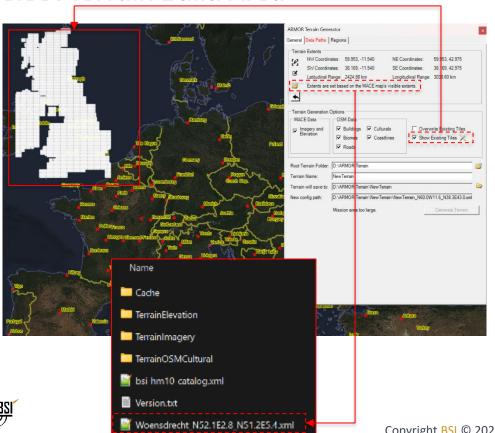


Water polygons data path (required for coastlines generation)

I.E./Terrain Consention Files/Water Polygons/water polygons.shp

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Select Terrain Build Area

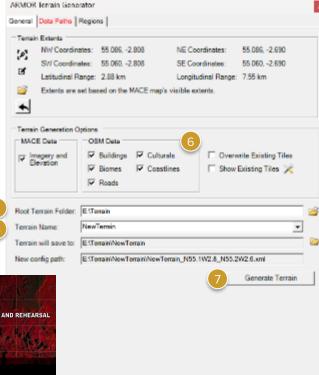


- ARMOR Terrain Sardinia Pacific Northwest A N Other Terrain A N Other Terrain 2
- See Existing Tiles
- Pick terrain area (3-ways)
 - Zoom MACE Map
- P → Draw a rectangle
- + Open a pervious area
- Type corner coordinates
 - Check Root Level Folder ARMOR Terrain
 - Name new terrain

High Level Process Description

- (1) Open Terrain Builder Plugin
- (2) Pan/Zoom MACE Map to build area
- (3) Set correct data paths (from GIS Drive)
 - OSM must be running and connected to MACE (System Settings > Communications)
 - Check OSM is running from the MACE GIS Drive OSM Application
 - Tiles seen on MACE map when connecting from File>Connect> BSI Worldwide Map Tiles
 - Imagery path (System Settings → Communications)
 - Hi Res Imagery Data (Optional)
 - Elevation Data (System Settings → Data Paths)
 - Terrain Generation Data (Land Use / Water / Land Polygons) set GIS drive directory
- (4) Select Correct Terrain Root Folder
- (5) Name Terrain
- (6) Select what is to be generated (usually All for a new terrain)
- (7) Generate Terrain
 - Wait while terrain generates
- (8) First Load Terrain Tiles Cache in ARMOR
 - Must have an entity placed in MACE to start this process







BUILDING ARMOR TERRAIN

Student Exercise Link to Online Solution Video

- 1. (00:16) Open the MACE-ARMOR Plugin terrain paths to show existing terrain coverage
- 2. (00:49) Find a small (<50by50km) area of the world and frame it by zooming and panning the MACE map
- 3. (01:00) Open the ARMOR terrain building plugin and select the required GIS data paths as sources for the terrain
- 4. (01:11) Ensure ARMOR is NOT the primary terrain elevation data source in MACE System Settings
- 5. (01:28) Create a terrain configuration name and select a path folder for the terrain
- 6. (01:49) Ensure the correct options are ticked in MACE and OSM Data
- 7. (01:53) Build a terrain
- 8. (02:04) Test the terrain in ARMOR with a simple MACE mission using a FW aircraft to fly around it



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Learning objective:

Understand how MACE own-ship views controls are configured and manifest in control within ARMOR

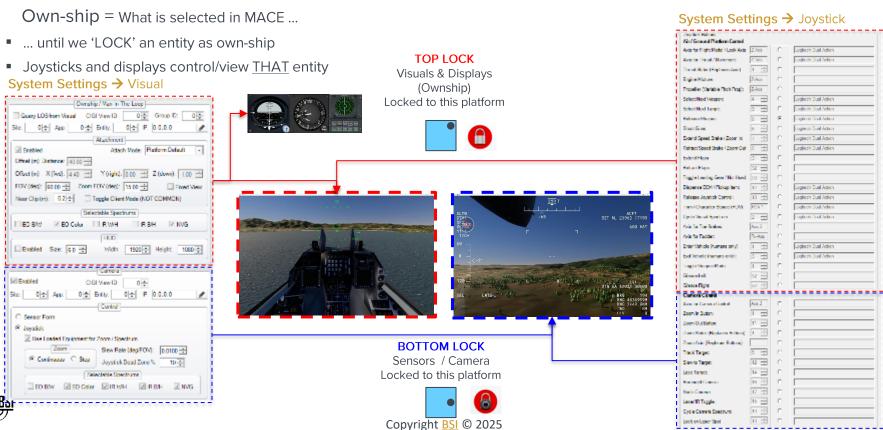
Enabling objectives

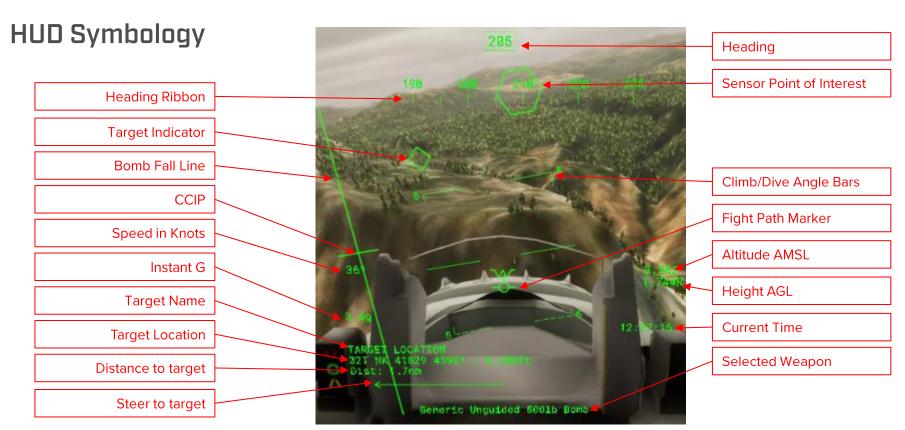
- Understand what an own-ship is
- Understand the joystick controls associated with own-ship control and own-ship camera views
- Know how to set and save joystick configurations
- Know how to lock views in a MACE mission
- Understand HUD symbology
- Know how to allocate a target to the own-ship in MACE
- Know how to control the own-ship out of window view with a joystick
- Know how to control the own-ship out of camera view with a joystick
- Know how to control the own-ship out of camera view with a MACE Sensor Form
- Understand how avionics and combat displays are locked to the own-ship
- Know how to setup and save MACE-ARMOR window configurations
- Know how to change the weather settings in a MACE Mission
- Understand how to import live weather data regions into MACE



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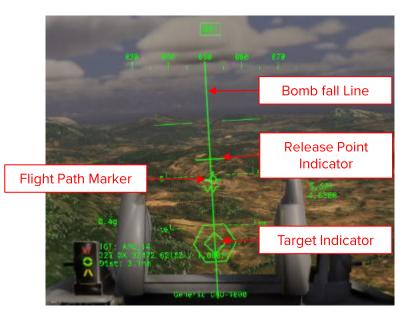
Ownship/Sensor – Top/Bottom Lock



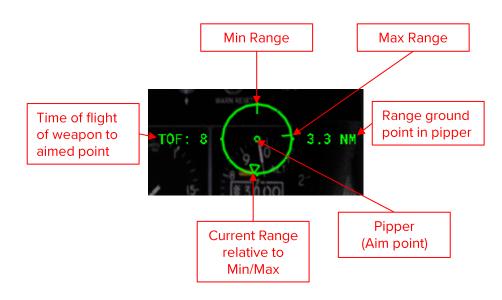




HUD Symbology – Air to Ground

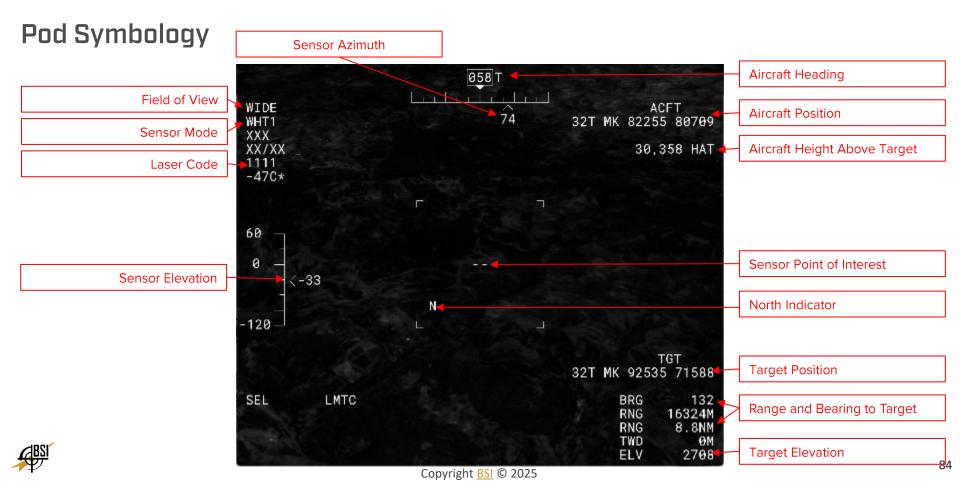


- Release Point Indicator is in view = in range of target
- Release Point Indicator crosses Flight Path Marker = Optimum release point



- Aim at target with pipper
- Fire when Current Range Triangle between Min and Max Range Markers





Avionics and Combat Displays





TOP LOCK

Visuals & Displays (Ownship) Locked to this platform







- Displays can be repositioned <u>only</u> when boarders showing
- Double RMB Click on display to remove boarders
- System Settings > Window Configs
 - Save and Restore Window Arrangements
 - Bind to a joystick button



Typical Joystick Controls - Logitech F-310

System Settings → Joystick

TIP - FINDING THE JOYSTICK BUTTONS

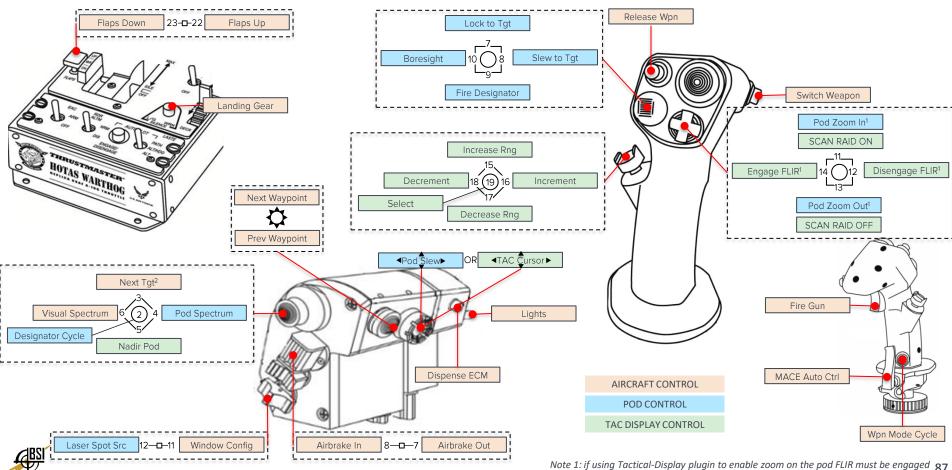




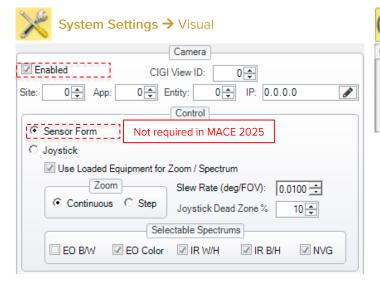
OWNSHIP CONTROL

CAMERA CONTROL





Sensor Form





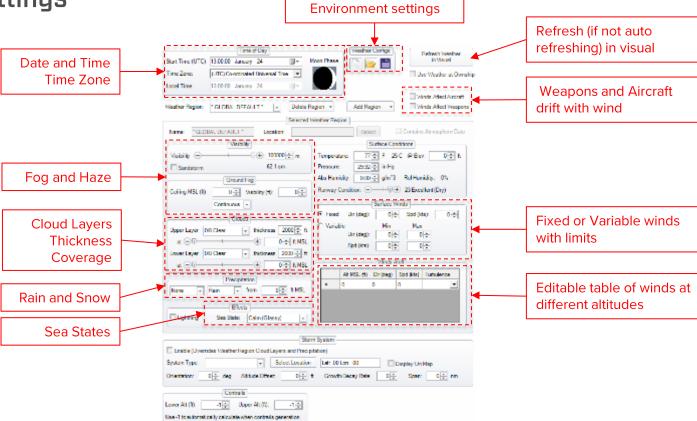


Environment Settings





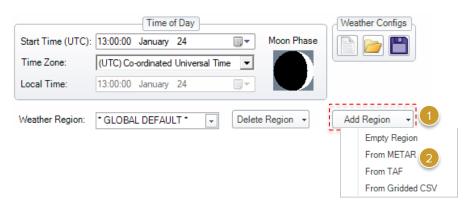




Clear / Open / Save



Environment Settings – METAR & TAF Entry (US ONLY)



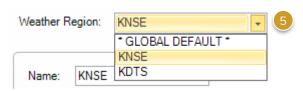
KDTS 220953Z AUTO 00000KT 10SM CLR 26/23
A2979 RMK AO2 SLP086 T02560233

Import METARs before TAFs. TAFs update loaded METARs.

4 Parse TAF(s)

Terminal Aerodrome Forecast

- (1) Select Add Region Dropdown
- (2) Select METAR or TAF
- (3) Paste text from TAF or METAR (as appropriate to selection)
- (4) Parse
- (5) Select Weather Region and check the data in the environment settings



NOTE - AIRFIELD DATA

MACE can pass only airfields that are published as ARINC data by respective country aviation authorities



Student Exercise Link to Online Solution Video

- 1. (00:16) Open and start Tutorial_3.mis in MACE
- 2. (00:30) Ensure Own-ship/man-in-the-loop and camera are enabled in MACE System Settings
- 3. (00:48) Load Logitech Gamepad Joystick settings
- 4. (<u>01:03</u>) Reprogram the 'Release Joystick Control' button to be 'mashing' the left stick or right stick
- 5. (01:34) Ensure Top-lock is not selected
- 6. (01:42) Attach to entity in ARMOR [Spacebar]
- 7. (01:55) Select different entities in MACE and observe the locked view change in ARMOR
- 8. (Q2:17) Top-Lock MACE ownship visuals and displays to an aircraft entity
- 9. (02:23) Select a ground entity observe the ARMOR view does not change
- 10. (02:29) Select another air entity from the one you are top-locked to Bottom lock to it
- 11. (0.2:41) Take control of the top-locked entity with the joystick and move around
- 12. (02:48) Release joystick control or manually return the entity to intent using MACE controls
- 13. (02:58) Load Logitech Camera control settings
- 14. (03:25) Switch to full screen camera view in ARMOR note which entity this is attached to (bottom locked entity)
- 15. (<u>03:44</u>) Move the camera around, lock, slew to target, change spectrum, designate (see MACE indications)
- 16. (04:19) Switch to sensor form control instead of joystick in System Settings
- 17. (04:26) Open the sensor control form and use it to control the camera

Cont..



Student Exercise Link to Online Solution Video

- 18. (05:09) Attach in 1st person cockpit view to the top-locked aircraft and add the camera sensor to the view
- 19. (05:22) Independently control aircraft and camera (on the bottom locked aircraft)
- 20. (05:49) Open some avionics and combat displays and place on screen
- 21. (06:13) Save 2 different window arrangements and restore them
- 22. (06:59) Move the top locked aircraft near the bottom locked aircraft and put them at a medium level altitude
- 23. (07:33) Assign pushing in (mashing) the left or right controller stick to the 'Lock on Laser Spot' action
- 24. (07:44) Change the camera visual settings so that it is controlled by the joystick not sensor form
- 25. (07:48) Assign a ground position as a target for the top-locked entity
- 26. (08:02) In the layer manager ensure 'Platform>Camera Line' is displayed
- 27. (08:20) On the top-locked aircraft, use the manual weapon release button to fire the laser designator
- 28. (08:31) Move the bottom-locked aircraft pod (and if required aircraft) to ensure the target lies within the swathe of the camera
- 29. (08:39) Use the newly assigned 'Lock on Laser Spot' button to snap the pod camera to the laser designation
- 30. (09:11) Open MACE Mission settings change clout to 4/8 @5000ft Thickness 2000ft
- 31. (09:31) Make it snow moderately from 10,000ft
- 32. (Optional) Add a region from a METAR (if available online)



MACE SEMI-AUTONOMOUS PLATFORM BEHAVIOURS

Learning objective:

Learn how to setup missions so that platforms are controlled with basic semi-autonomous behaviours in MACE

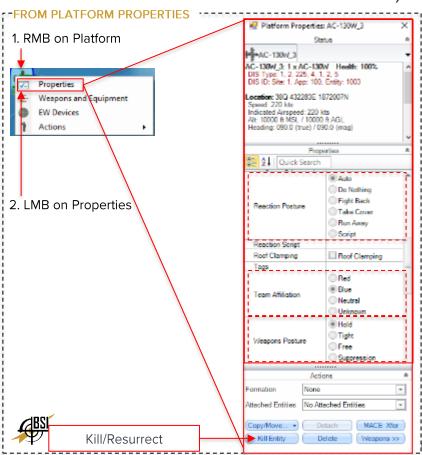
Enabling objectives

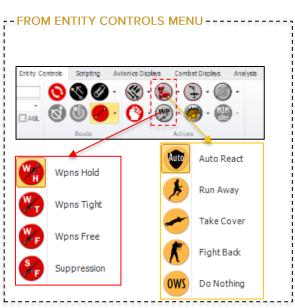
- Know what platform reaction postures do
- Know what team affiliations do
- Know what weapon postures do
- Know how to use teams, reaction postures, and weapon postures to create specific scenario effects
- Know how to destroy and resurrect platforms quickly
- Know how to use basic entity control to get entities to engage each other Target, Move to target, Weapons Free
- Understand foam weapon mode

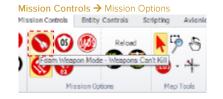


PLATFORM SEMI AUTONOMOUS BEHAVIOURS

CHANGING WEAPON POSTURE, REACTION POSTURE







PLATFORM SEMI AUTONOMOUS BEHAVIORS

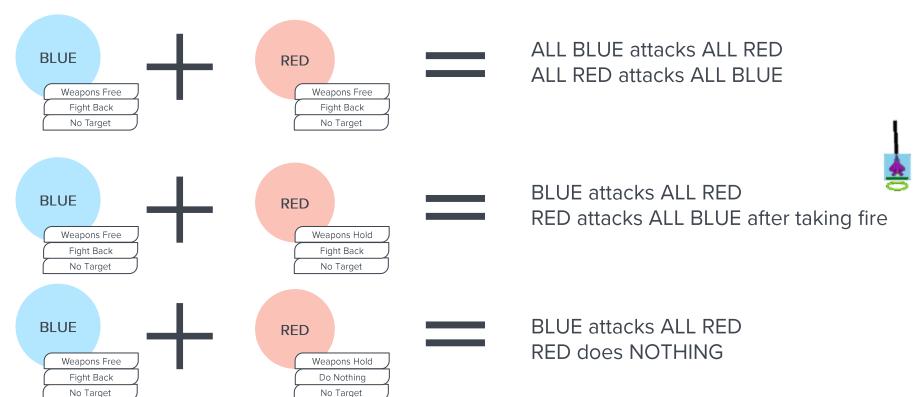
Weapon and Reaction Posture

	Hold 😘	Prevents the release of any weapons (can be changed by reaction posture)		
Weapon	Tight 🖁	Allows selective allocation of a target and only that target will be engaged. Must have LOS and meet weapon parameters		
Posture	Free 👺	Platforms will automatically engage opposing team entities. Must have LOS and meet weapon parameters		
	Suppression 🚱	For ground units only. All commanded platforms fire in the direction they are facing		
	Do Nothing OWS	Platform will do nothing		
Reaction	Run Away	Platform will run away		
Posture	Take Cover	Platform will stop, go weapons free and attempt to return fire		
Weapon A Infrared Warning Receiver Laser Indicator Warning Device	Fight Back 🐧	Platform will go weapons free and attempt to return fire		
RADAR Waming Receiver Visual Detection Airborne (A/L/S)	Auto React 🐠	<u>Unarmed Lifeform</u> – will run away, <u>Unarmed Vehicle</u> – will stop <u>Armed Lifeform</u> – will take cover, <u>Armed Vehicle</u> – will stop – Both go weapons free and attempt to return fire <u>Armed Aircraft</u> – will evade then go weapons fee and attempt to return fire		



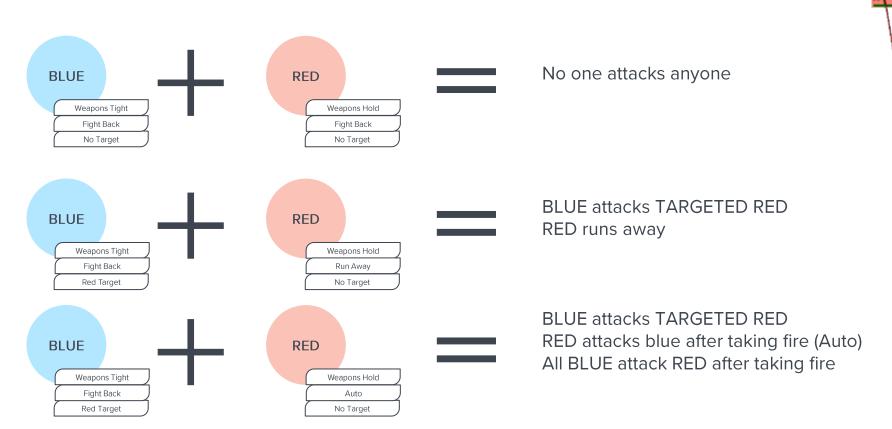
MACE SEMI-AUTONOMOUS PLATFORM BEHAVIOURS





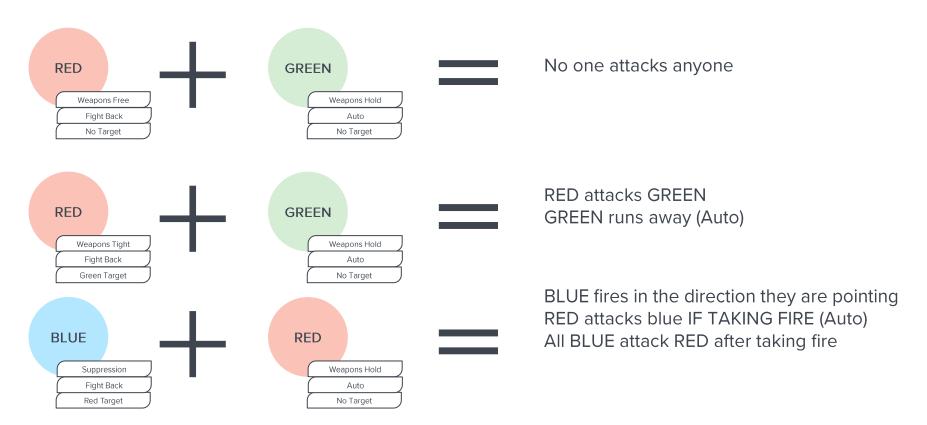


MACE SEMI-AUTONOMOUS PLATFORM BEHAVIOURS





PLATFORM SEMI AUTONOMOUS BEHAVIOURS





MACE SEMI-AUTONOMOUS PLATFORM BEHAVIOURS

Student Exercise Link to Online Solution Video

- 1. (00:16) Add 2 FW Ground Attack Aircraft, 2 Cars, 4 EF Ground Forces as group 1 and 4 Friendly Forces as group 2
- 2. (01:33) Recall the groups and move them so that they are in line of sight of each other
- 3. (01:52) Set the weapon posture on 1 EF to 'Free' and the other to 'Tight' and on the 'Tight' entity target a FF entity
- 4. (02:08) Set FF postures to 'Do Nothing', 'Run Away', 'Fight Back', and 'Take Cover
- 5. (02:40) Set 'Foam Weapon Mode' for the mission
- 6. (02:45) Start the mission and observe the engagements between FF and EF
- 7. (03:10) Deselect 'Foam Weapon Mode' observe platform death
- 8. (03:26) Stop the mission, resurrect the dead entities, return to intent, and make all entities 'Weapons Hold
- 9. (03:51) Add a cultural building, destroy it with the detonation tool, then start the mission
- 10. (04:30) Ensure one of the FW attack aircraft has as its selected weapon an air to ground weapon
- 11. (04:41) Assign a vehicle as the aircraft's target, then select 'Move to Target' and 'Weapons Tight'
- 12. (05:40) After it releases the weapon, return to intent
- 13. (05:57) Use the instant Blue vs Red attack [Ctrl + RMB] to attack an enemy entity with the FW aircraft



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Learning objective:

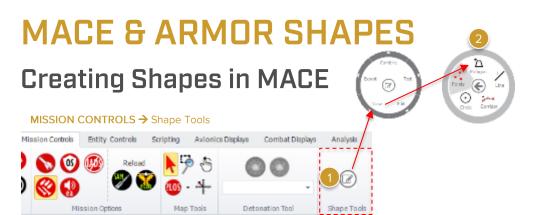
Learn how create, save, load and display 3D shapes in MACE and ARMOR

Enabling objectives

- Understand the basic functions of the MACE Shape tool
- Know how to draw basic shapes in MACE
- Understand 3D properties of MACE shapes
- Know how to change the appearance of shapes when creating
- Know how to save shape files
- Know how to import shapes to MACE (including ACO files)
- Know how to 'push' shapes to ARMOR
- Know how to edit the appearance of existing shapes

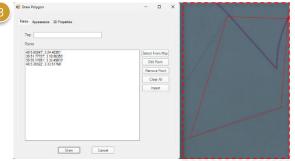


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- (1) Mission Controls → Shape Tools
- (2) Select Shape
- (3) Draw Vector Shapes on MACE Map
- (4) Assign Appearance Properties
- (5) Assign 3D Properties
- (6) Select [Draw] + Save with meaningful name!
 - Ideally Save with mission file in subfolder













Uses for Shapes and Vectors

- Proceed via waypoints
 - Right click on the line for context menu
 - Proceed via / proceed via outbound
 - Adds waypoints along the line
- Containment shape for random destination
 - Polygons can contain random walkers / patrols
 - Select containment shape (flashes red)
 - Select random destination



- Triggers for script
 - Shapes can trigger other actions in scripts
 - If entity is within / outside Shape.... then









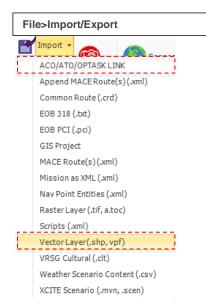


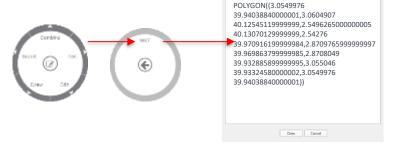
Importing Shapes in MACE





- File Tab Import/Export
 - Vector Layers Shape Files (.shp)
 - Airspace Coordination Order (.aco)
- Shape Tool Text Import
 - Well Known Text (WKT)
 - Definition/creation of complex shape geometries
 - Imports and saves as .shp

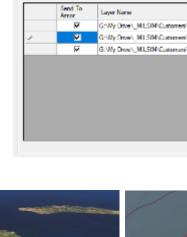






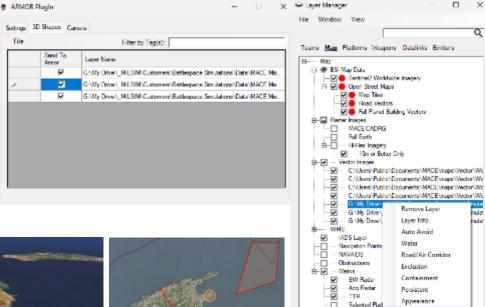
Displaying MACE Shapes in ARMOR

- Displayed via the MACE-ARMOR Plugin
- Only certain shapes (for now) can be displayed in ARMOR
 - Polygons
 - Circles
- Currently It Does Not Display in ARMOR:
 - Corridors
 - Lines
 - Points



Pre 2024 MACE View>IG View





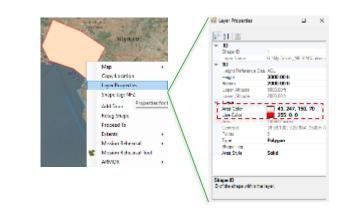


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Show in Armor

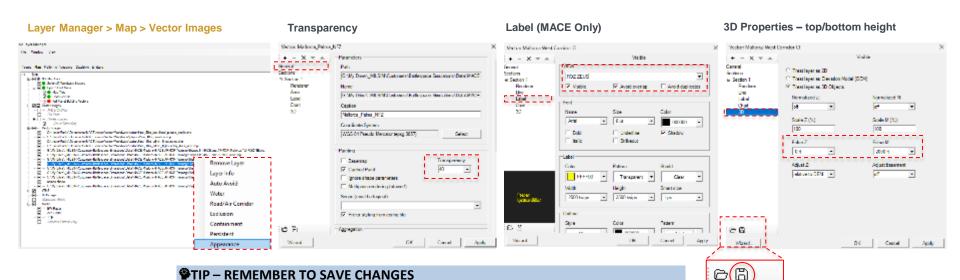
Editing Shape Properties

- (1) Quick Colour Changes from the context Menu
- † (2) All other changes use the VIEW → Layer Manager → Map → Vector Images



Wizard

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Changes can only be saved by pressing save button in bottom lefthand corner

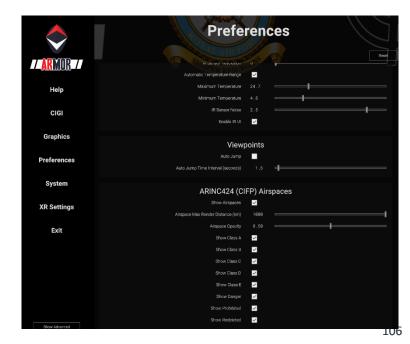
ARMOR Controlled Airspace

- Show controlled airspace in ARMOR only
- + Place .kmz files in C:\Users\Public\Documents\ARMOR\Airspaces
 - + Airspace 3D Airspace (https://3dairspace.org.uk/airspace/)
- Activate from
 - OSI Visualizations Menu
 - Keyboard Shortcut K









Student Exercise: - Link to Online Solution Video

- (00:17) In a NEW mission, place a UAV in a delta orbit, place a FW fighter in a waypoint orbit elsewhere
- (00:34) Make a ROZ (circle) centered on the UAV orbit, lower altitude 6000ft, upper altitude 15,000ft, 50% transparent Name something easily recalled
- 3. (01:42) Make a multi-point line to be the centerline of a corridor
- (02:42) Make a corridor from the multi-point line
- (Q3:21) Make a No Fly Zone (polygon) over a built up area, from ground level to 5000ft, 80% opaque—Name something easily recalled 5.
- (04:23) Start the mission push the shapes to ARMOR 6.
- 7. (04:43) Detach from platform, use the camera to navigate to view the 3D shapes
- (04:56) Select the FW aircraft and using the context menu have it 'proceed via' the corridor inbound and outbound 8.
- 9. (06:00) Edit the color and top height of the ROZ to make it 20,000ft
- 10. (Optional) Import and ACO File



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Learning objective:

Learn how to control platforms in MACE using waypoints and platform properties

Enabling objectives

- Know how to display platform properties
- Understand the methodology of a 'Parameter Sweep'
- Know how to rename platforms
- Know how to label platforms
- Know how to use attachments
- Know how to use formations
- Know how to add waypoints from the mission builder tab
- Know how to move, add, delete, paste and offset waypoints
- Understand the information presented in the waypoint properties window
- Know the difference between Leg and Route waypoint values
- Know the effect of entering Route or Leg values in the Platform Properties window
- Know different ways to steer a platform to different waypoints
- Understand how to attach platforms to shape vectors and how to create complex routes
- Know how waypoint actions work
- Understand the workings and utility of the most common waypoint actions



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THE MISSION WE WILL BUILD

- Set environment
- Save mission
- Add a Soldier parameter sweep
 - General
 - Callsign
 - Label
 - Preferred Platform
 - Powered
 - Reaction Posture
 - Weapon Posture
 - Navigation
 - Route speed / altitude
 - Loop route
 - On Ground
- Set appearance weapon, stance
- Add waypoints Use ARMOR 'Y' Map Matched

SAVE - CHECK - RELOAD

- Copy Soldier 3 different ways
 - With same route reverse
 - With offset route and move waypoints only
 - Select all 3 and change callsigns one by one
 - Chage reaction posture to take cover apply to all
- Formations for soldiers
 - Echelon change offset
 - Trail route move waypoints on leader and follower

SAVE - CHECK - RELOAD



- Add Friendly APC Near Soldier
 - M-Kill and F-Kill it
 - Make Powered for IR

SAVE - CHECK - RELOAD

- Add a helipad
 - Change team to blue
 - Change Callsign to LZ-1 and Label the same
 - Add 500m Range ring
- Add Known Point within 30m of LZ
 - Name Mark
- Add 1 x Enemy APC a mile away
 - Parameter sweep 'do nothing' and route speed 10mph
 - Pathfinding + CTRL + RMB Click to attach to road to route towards soldiers

SAVE - CHECK - RELOAD

- Add CH-47
 - Parameter Sweep on ground do nothing route speed and alt invulnerable
 - Name LZ as LZ-1
- Add waypoints for CH-47
 - Add a loiter waypoint action
 - Add an RTB action
 - Add 2 x Soldiers
 - Attach to CH47
 - Detach
 - Attach to Position
 - Force Attach

- Copy CH-47 and change
 - Change into AH-64
 - Disable all but guns as auto weapons
 - Delete all waypoints
- Add B1 Bomber Aircraft equip with GPS weapons place in loiter
- Add Ground Attack Aircraft
 - Place in Loiter Racetrack
 - Parameter Sweep Callsign Label Route values Auto RP-Concealed
- Copy Aircraft
- Change callsign
 - Formation on leader
 - Advanced Formation / Easy Formation

SAVE - CHECK - RELOAD

Execute Mission

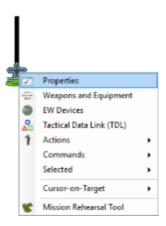
- Make AH and CH take off
- CH-47 into intent
- CH 47 steer to loiter WP
- AH-64 formation on CH-47 change elevation offset
- Rally soldiers to near LZ
- Det Tool smoke at Mark
- Before CH-47 lands put AH-64 in loiter over LZ
- Attach soldiers to landed CH-47
- CH-47 Take off
- Simple attack for Ground attack aircraft on 1 EF APC
- Simple attack for AH-64 on another EF APC

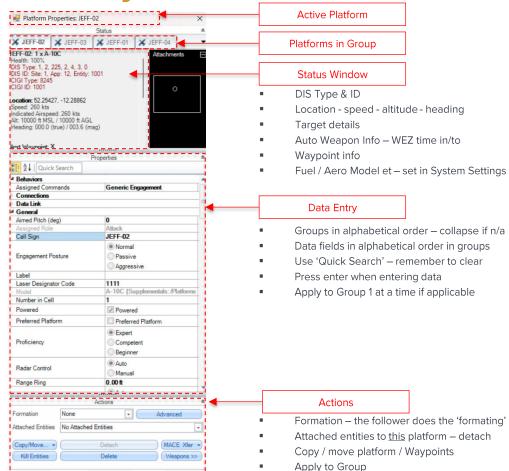
THIS EXECUTION IS ALL SCRIPTABLE - SEE LATER LESSON

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Platform Properties Form

- RMB on any platform Select 'Platform Properties'
- Group Platform Properties for Multiple Selected Platforms
 - Green Ellipse indicates the 'Active Platform' being edited / controlled / viewed
 - Text at very top of form window shows 'Active Platform'
 - Platforms in Group are Tabs within the properties form shown by callsign
 - Select each tab to edit individual platforms within the group
 - Use [APPLY TO GROUP] button to make <u>single property changes</u> to all





Apply To Group

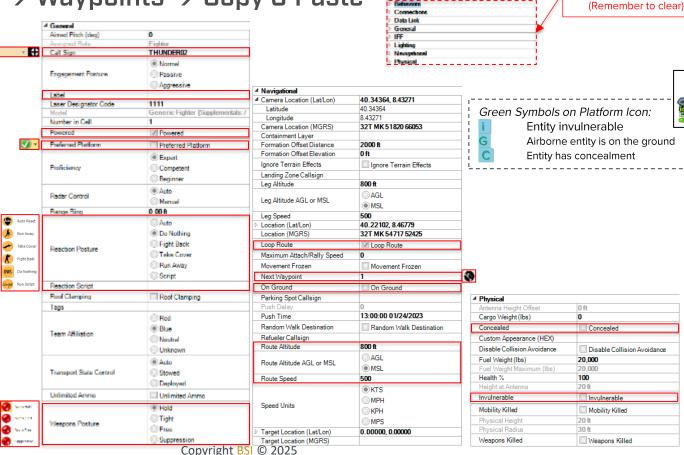


Parameter Sweep → Waypoints → Copy & Paste

THUNDERG:

- Add a Platform
- **Platform Properties**
 - Parameter Sweep
- Add waypoints
 - Route Values
 - Leg Values
- Copy Platform (S)

 - Or use platform Move/Paste
 - Keep waypoints same OR
 - Offset Route





Multiple categories

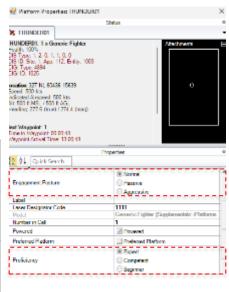
Use search bar

Properties

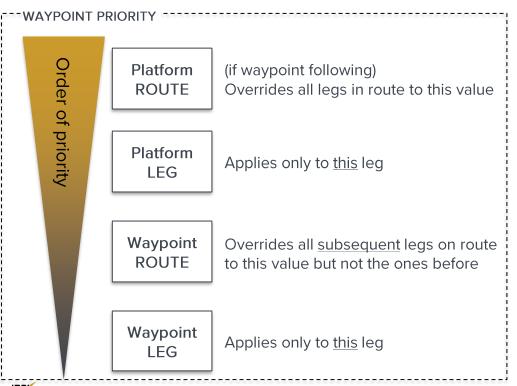
Ouick Search

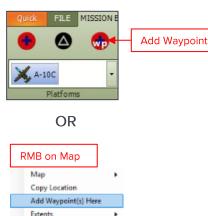
Proficiency and Engagement Posture

Engagement Posture	Normal	Activate TTR sites when platforms are at a typical doctrinal range		
	Passive	Wait until the target is well within the weapon engagement zone so the target is unable to escape		
	Aggressive	Activate target tracking radar sites when a target is just within the max kinematic range of the associated SAM		
	Expert	Defence: Responds quickly to being targeted. Intelligently selects the correct countermeasures within 2 seconds. Effective at target engagement. Will release chaff and flares based on threat e.g. flares for IR chaff for flares Unguided weapons are accurate. SOC: reacts within 1 second		
Proficiency	Competent	Defence: Responds moderately to being targeted. Intelligently selects the correct countermeasures within 5 seconds. Moderately effective at target engagements. Will drop both chaff and flares no discrimination. Unguided weapons have heading and pitch errors of up to 0.5° SOC: reacts within 3 seconds		
	Beginner	Defence: Responds slowly to being not release countermeasures and will take 10 seconds. May take several attempts to engage targets. Unguided weapons have heading and pitch errors of up to 1.5° SOC: reacts within 6 seconds		



Adding Waypoints & Value Priority







Steering to waypoints



Platform must be in INTENT



Use Next Waypoint Cycle Button



OR

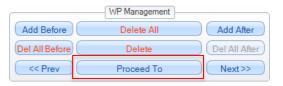
Type Desired Waypoint in Platform Properties (Navigation)

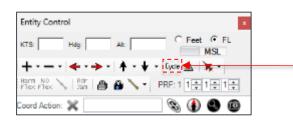
OR

Use the pop-out Entity Control window – [Cycle] Button

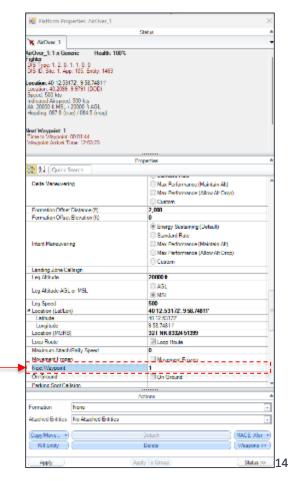
OR

RMB on Waypoint – [Proceed To]





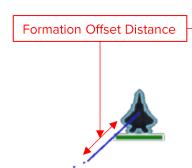
Route

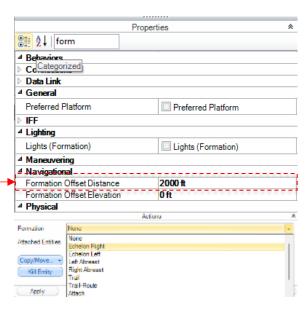




Formations

- 'Wingmen do the work'
 - Platform Properties → Action on wingman
 - Select Formation Type
 - From Dropdown
 - Or 'Advanced'
 - Select Leader ◆
 - Blue Line
 - Solid shows formation position
 - Dotted shows path to get to position





- Select Formation Offset
 - Formation Offset Distance
 - Formation Offset Elevation

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Formations - Advanced

- 'Wingmen do the work'
 - Platform Properties → Action on wingman
 - [Advanced] Normal Mode (Plan and Side View)
 - (1) New Formation
 - (2) Set Azimuth Vector From Leader
 - (3) Set Azimuth Offset From Leader
 - (4) Set Elevation Offset
 - (5) Save formation to list
 - (6) Select formation in list then [Enter Formation]
 - Select leader from map
 - Coordinate Mode
 - Specify horizontal and vertical vector angle
 - Specify distance along vector
- Mission Builder> 'Quick Formation'
 - Arrange the platforms on the mission area
 - Select all the entities

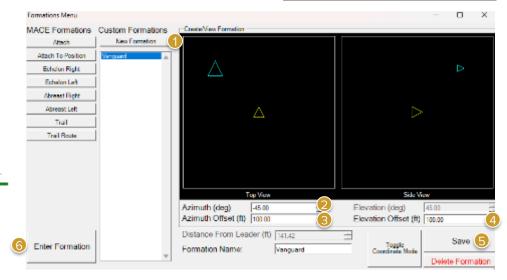


Select the leader

Platform Properties → Actions [Advanced]

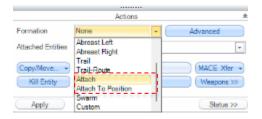






Attaching Platforms to Other Platforms

- 'Attaching platforms do the work'... usually
 - Method 1: Platform Properties → Action → Formation
 - Select platform which will attach to another open formation dropdown
 - Attach or Attach to Position 4
- - Select Entity to Attach To
 - (If applicable) Select position from dropdown list
 - 'Pick Up' and move entity on map over the attach to entity will attach
 - Method 2: Entity Controls → Route
 - Select platform which will attach to another open formation dropdown
 - Select Paperclip icon to attacker attach 2
 - Select Entity to Attach To
 - (If applicable) Select position from dropdown list
 - 'Pick Up' and move entity on map over the attach to entity will attach
 - Method 3: Force Attach
 - Select the platform that other platforms are to attach to
 - Open the attach panel next to status window
 - RMB on attach point
 - Free attach points are empty circles
 - Attached points are white circle LMB over to see name of attached entity
 - Select entity to 'force attach' they will attach instantly



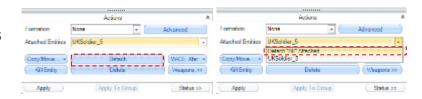






Detaching Platforms to Other Platforms

- Method 1: Platform Properties → Action → Attached Entities
 - Select platform with attached entities
 - Select entity to be detached from 'Attached Entities' dropdown
 - Press [Detach]
- Method 2: Entity Controls → Route
 - Select platform with attached entities
 - Select cross thru paperclip to detach all attached entities
- Method 3: Force Detach
 - Select the platform that other platforms are to attached to
 - Open the attach panel next to status window
 - RMB on attach point Select D
 - Free attach points are empty circles
 - Attached points are white circle LMB over to see name of attached entity
 - Select entity to 'force attach' they will attach instantly







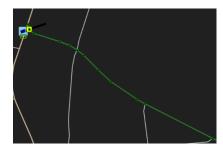


Attaching to Vectors and Roads

- Platforms can have waypoint routes created from vectors
 - shp files
 - Open Street Map (OSM) road vectors
- ESRI Shape/Vector Files .shp
 - Select platform
 - RMB Click on shape file, select
 - Proceed Via
 - Of
 - Proceed Via Outbound
- Road Vectors Method 1 (No Path Finding)
 - Select vehicle platform
 - Use paper clip or Platform Properties → Action → Attach
 - Click ahead of platform up-route
 - Delete unwanted waypoints attach again
- Road Vectors Method 2 (Path Finding)
 - Select vehicle platform
 - Select 'Pathfinding Mode' in entity controls
 - <CTRL> + RMB on destination MACE will work out the route







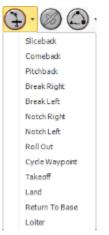




Simple Platform Manoeuvres / Tactics

ENTITY CONTROLS or ENTITY CONTROL WINDOW

- A List of common manoeuvres/tactics
- Duplicated on waypoint actions
- Duplicated in scripts
- Most Useful
 - RTB proceeds lo landing zone and lands
 - Take-off Aircraft that is on the ground takes off
 - Loiter Loiters in place









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Waypoint Actions

Same as ENTITY CONTROLS>PLATFORM MANOEUVRE

PROPERTY	EXPLANATION		
LOITER	RW – Hover, FW – Radius / Direction, Duration (s)		
PROCEED TO	Pick a waypoint		
RTB	Platform goes to LANDING ZONE in Platform Properties		
STOP	Entity stops at waypoint		
LAND	Land near waypoint (if no landing zone)		
WEAPONS HOLD	Switch to engage nothing weapon posture		
WEAPONS FREE	EAPONS FREE Switch to engage any opposing team weapon posture		
WEAPONS TIGHT	EAPONS TIGHT Switch to engage your target weapon posture		
REVERSE	Reverses the waypoints		
SCRIPT	Execute a script – opens a dialogue		



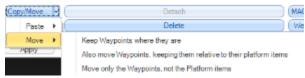


WAYPOINT PROPERTIES

Copying Waypoints / Copying Waypoints & Platforms

Platform Properties> Copy / Move Platform









MACE ENTITY ICONS

Entity Outline:

Entity set to 'Weapons Free' Entity set to 'Weapons Tight' Entity set to suppression

Top Left Dot:

Detected by early warning radar

Detected by acquisition radar Platform is being engaged

Green Symbols:

Entity in Delta mode

A Entity has attached entities

Entity movement frozen

Entity being navigation-jammed

Entity invulnerable

J Entity being sensor-jammed

Entity is landing

Airborne entity is on the ground

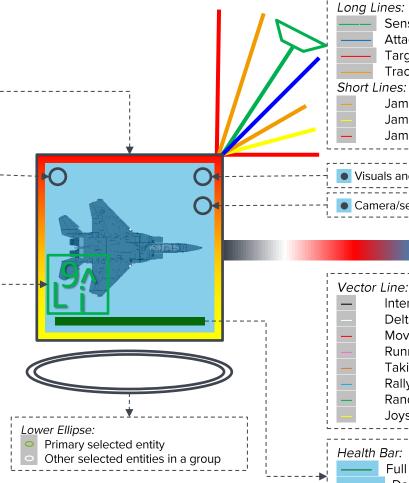
Entity is assigned to a 9-Line

5 Entity is assigned to a 5-Line

Entity has not 'pushed yet'

External entity from DIS or HLA

Entity has concealment



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— Severely damaged

Sensor line and swathe Attached to entity (formation)

Jamming Acquisition

Visuals and displays locked to this entity

Intent (following waypoints)

Camera/sensor locked to this entity

Delta mode

Moving to target

Rallying to point

Joystick Controlled

Running Away

Taking Cover

Random walk

Full Health Damaged

Jamming Search Jamming Tracker

Target line

Track Line

Student Exercise - Link to Online Solution Video

- 1. (00:16) Make a mission with 2 to 3 air platforms and 10 to 15 ground including vehicles and people
- 2. (01:06) Attach at least 1 person to a vehicle and ensure they are inside the vehicle ('A' displayed on vehicle icon)
- 3. (01:51) Change the callsigns of your air platforms but give them different label names
- 4. (02:23) Give the air platforms circular sets of waypoints using the 'Racetrack Orbit Tool' then give one a delta state orbit
- 5. (02:43) Start the mission, return the delta orbit to intent observe it steering to waypoint
- 6. (02:56) Steer one of the aircraft to a different waypoint using its waypoint properties and another using entity controls
- 7. (03:28) Attach one aircraft in 'right abreast' formation at a distance of 200ft to the other aircraft
- 8. (04:08) Add a series of waypoints for one of the ground vehicles using the mission builder tab, move the waypoints to different positions and delete one of them
- 9. (04:53) Select the ground platform with waypoints, using platform properties, copy the platform, offsetting the waypoints from the original
- 10. (05:19) Select one of the air platforms and using platform properties and its waypoints but keep them in their original positions
- 11. (05:46) Select the ground platform with the waypoints and assign very different speeds to leg: 1,2, and 3, and then a speed that will continue to the end of the route from waypoint 4
- 12. (06:48) Using platform properties, assign a leg speed to the vehicle so that it approaches the first waypoint and then observe the speed changes between waypoints
- 13. (07:56) Passing waypoint 4 assign 'Platform Properties Route Speed' to the entity confirm that all waypoint speeds have been overridden
- 14. (08:13) If you don't have a helicopter, add one with waypoints at low level, at one waypoint make it loiter for 30s in place and at a later waypoint make it land

Cont...

Student Exercise - Link to Online Solution Video

- 15. (11:16) Use the entity controls tab to make the helicopter to take off, and return to the route and at the next waypoint, proceed to another waypoint, where it should stop
- 16. (13:25) (if you have road vectors) attach one of your ground vehicles to the road; if not, draw a line and attach to the line



2025

Learning objective:

To be able to use the collision avoidance and basic pattern of life capabilities within MACE

Enabling objectives

- Understand the concept of collision avoidance
- Know how to display road vectors and building footprints (vector files)
- Understand how to use Layers and the layer manager to view and enable collision avoidance
- Know how to set collision avoidance for the whole mission.
- Know how to disable collision avoidance for selected entities
- Know how to make platforms concealed and invulnerable, and understand the implications of doing so
- Understand pathfinding
- Know how to reload the auto-avoid grid
- Know how to use random walk constrained and unconstrained
- Know how to use EZ people
- Know how to us EZ traffic
- Demonstration of Traffic light control



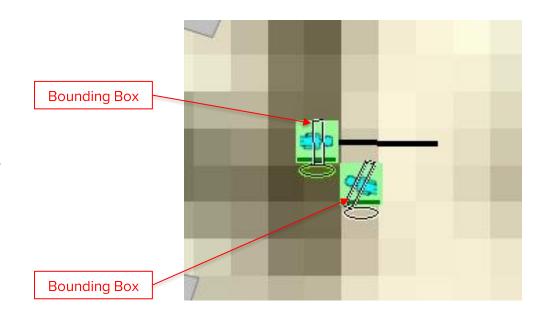
What Is Collision Avoidance

Collision Avoidance

Without collision avoidance enabled platforms will travel through each other and buildings

Bounding Box

- The platforms all have bounding boxes which is the physical area they take up in space
- The platforms will move out of each other's way (until the boxes don't touch)





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Collision Avoidance

Layers - Footprints

- All OSM Buildings are automatically avoided by pathfinders
- Non OSM Building footprints (polygon shapes) can be made AUTO-AVOIDANCE Layers
 - Layer Manager Avoidance
 - Means that platforms with collision avoid enabled will not pass through

Path Finding (Humans Only)



- To save adding masses of waypoints to form a path through complex areas
- Activate <u>pathfinding</u> and <u>intent</u>, platform find its own path to a waypoint

Mission Setting – Disable Collision Avoidance While Path Finding

- Where areas are very tight the bounding box can stop people from getting down alleyways etc.
- Disable Collision Avoid While Pathfinding Mission Settings



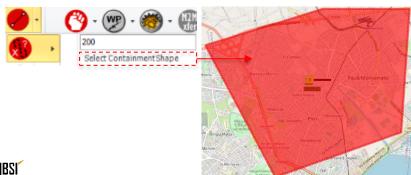


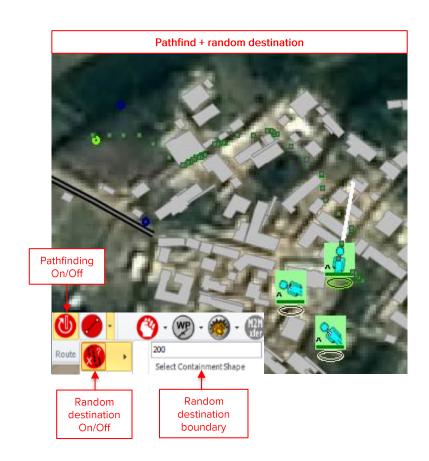




Random Destination

- Random destination
 - Select human entities
 - Select pathfinding
 - Select random walk set boundary or containment shape
- Containment shape for random destination
 - Polygons can contain random walkers
 - Select containment shape (flashes red)
 - Select 'random destination' maneuver mode







Surface Vessel Patrol Mode

Random Destination



- Select surface entities
- Select random destination
 - Set boundary (Containment Shapes <u>NOT</u> Supported)
- Surface entity will stay confined to its body of water avoiding land
 - If MACE is connected to BSI's Worldwide Map database



Easy People

Easy People

- Places (user selectable number) human entities at random locations within the currently visible area, in:
 - 'Random destination'

and

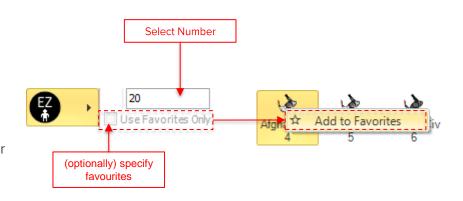
🔹 'Path find' 🔱



- Only human entities that are tagged as being 'neutral' (not red/blue or unknown) will be generated
- CTRL + G Updates auto-avoid Grid

Random Walk Destination

- Any platform can be designated a 'Random Walk Destination' in 'Platform Properties'
- Entities placed into 'random destination' mode will occasionally walk to 'random walk destinations' (e.g. a street vendor)



Platform Properties → Navigational

▲ Navigational
Random Walk Destination □ Random Walk Destination

■ NOTE - EZ BUTTONS VS MISSION RUNNING & OSM DATA

- EZ People can be used when the mission is running
- EZ Traffic can only be used when the mission is stopped





INTERMEDIATE MISSION EDITING – PATTERN OF LIFE

Easy Traffic

Easy Traffic 🛱

- Places (user selectable number) ground vehicles at random locations within the currently visible area:
 - Attaching to road vectors
 - Vehicles tagged EZ in the MOCT
 - Automatically routed (if using MACE OSM Database)
 - Vehicle will auto route to a random destination
 - Then find another route back
- Vehicles in a loop pattern will continuously move throughout the scenario
- Can result in 'Traffic Jams' at intersections if not using traffic lights (see next)

Recap – Attaching Single Vehicles To Roads:

- Platform must be in:
 - Intent



and



CTRL + RMB on an OSM Road Vector – and subsequent as required







CTRI + G

CTRL + W

CTRL + RMB (on OSM Road Vector)

Update MACE auto-avoid grid Reverse waypoints

Attach to Road

LMB = Left Mouse Button RMB = Right Mouse Button



INTERMEDIATE MISSION EDITING – PATTERN OF LIFE

Light Width (m) 10.0 🛨

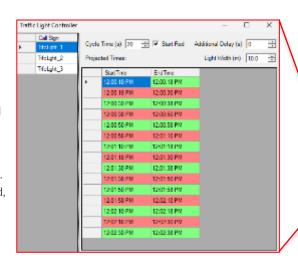
Traffic Lights

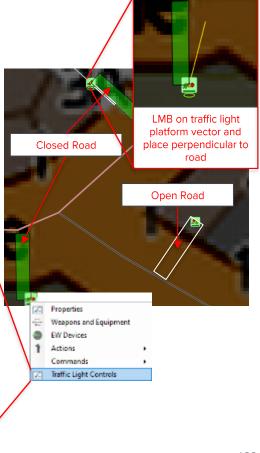
Can be placed singly or as groups



Sequenced using the 'Traffic Light Controller' accessed from the RMB context menu

- Place carefully (at high zoom) to ensure road closure affect traffic (covers the right lane)
 - Use the 'Start Red' tick box (Traffic Light Controller) to show closure temporarily while placing ☐ Start Red
 - Use the white (out of intent) vector to rotate the traffic light to be correctly rotated to cover the lane
 - Use the 'Light Width' setting (Traffic Light Controller)
 - Lights only work if 'collision avoidance' is enabled
- Call Signs: A list of all the traffic lights in the mission. Selecting
 one brings up more information on the right panel.
- Cycle Time: The total time in seconds it takes for the selected light to complete one complete cycle (Green to red back to green).
- Start Red: When selected, the light will start red, otherwise it will start green.
- Additional Delay: The total time the mission needs to elapse before the first cycle starts.
- Light Width: The width that the light will block or open in meters.
- Projected Times: A list of times that the light will be green or red, colour coded.







Red Buttons (Stateful)



Target (ACTION)

With platform(s) selected LMB then place the attack mouse pointer on the platform/point to be targeted



Path find (ACTION)

With platform(s) selected LMB enters into pathfinding mode



Return to/In Intent (ACTION)

With platform(s) selected LMB returns them to intent (follow waypoints)



Random destination (ACTION)

With platform(s) selected LMB and enter fence distance for random destination



Move to Target combined with (3) ACTION



With platform(s) selected, If platform has target, platform will move to an attack position



Rally (Information Only)



Formation (Information Only)



Delta – Out of Intent (Information Only)



Copy Selected Platform and Route



Waypoint (Not Delta) Orbit Tool



Paste selected platform route to another platform



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MACE ENTITY ICONS

Entity Outline:

Entity set to 'Weapons Free' Entity set to 'Weapons Tight' Entity set to suppression

Top Left Dot:

Detected by early warning radar

Detected by acquisition radar

Platform is being engaged

Green Symbols:

Entity in Delta mode

Entity has attached entities

Entity movement frozen

Entity being navigation-jammed

Entity invulnerable

Entity being sensor-jammed

Entity is landing

Airborne entity is on the ground

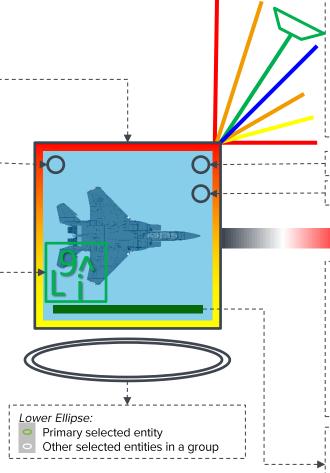
Entity is assigned to a 9-Line

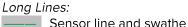
Entity is assigned to a 5-Line

Entity has not 'pushed yet'

External entity from DIS or HLA

Entity has concealment





Attached to entity (formation)

Target line Track Line

Short Lines:

Jamming Acquisition Jamming Search Jamming Tracker

Visuals and displays locked to this entity

Camera/sensor locked to this entity

Vector Line:

Intent (following waypoints)

Delta mode

Moving to target Running Away

Taking Cover

Rallying to point Random walk

Joystick Controlled

Health Bar:

Full Health Damaged

Severely damaged



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Student Exercise - Link to Online Solution Video

- 1. (00:16) Construct a mission using road vectors and building footprint data (OSM) that has at least 3 vehicles driving on roads using vectors.
- 2. (02:22) Add and save a line shape file of about 500m in length
- 3. (03:11) Add a vehicle and attach to the line (proceed via)
- 4. (03:30) Copy the vehicle and place the copy on the opposite end of the line reverse the waypoints [CTRL+R] and steer to closest
- 5. (03:45) Give both vehicles speed using the entity control window or the entity control 'Maneuver' group
- 6. (04:04) In 'Mission Settings' Enable collision avoidance for the mission but disable when pathfinding.
- 7. (04:19) Add 4 FF and 4 EF facing each other make all of them weapons free and fight back; make the FF 'Concealed' and the EF 'invulnerable'.
- 8. (06:21) Make a polygon and save it make a group of 20 civilians random walk inside the polygon at 2mph make the reaction postures of the civilians different.
- 9. (08:18) Add a civilian and give them a route of 2 waypoints across a built up area; give them speed and enable select pathfinding.
- 10. (08:45) Make a small area of EZ people
- 11. (09:01) Make a small area of EZ Traffic
- 12. (09:13) Enable foam weapons and unlimited ammo for the whole mission
- 13. (09:24) Start the mission and observe all the behaviors in the FF and EF group.
- 14. (10:03) Selectively disable concealment and invulnerability on the FF and observe the EF response
- 15. (10:25) Disable foam weapons mode for the mission
- 16. (10:38) Selectively disable collision avoidance on each vehicle in the head-on waypoint paths
- 17. (10:59) Using the detonation tool, fire some small caliber weapons near the civilians in the constrained random walk area see the different behaviors & vector colors

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Learning objective:

To be able to construct an IADS and Autonomous Air Defence Systems

Enabling objectives

- Understand the 'rules and components of the IADS'
- Understand how components of the IADS are linked
- Understand how to make and save an aggregate IADs SAM Site
- Understand how Autonomous sites differ from IADS Sites
- Know how to create end export aggregate group of platforms
- Know how to select map layers to display IADS information such as ranges and emissions
- Understand aircraft auto reactions to AD engagements
- Know how to add/remove Aircraft EW equipment
- Know how to manually control emitters and weapons on an air defence platform



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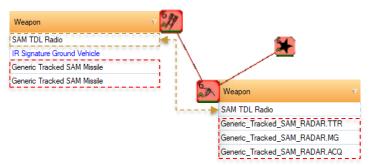
INTEGRATED AIR DEFENCE SYSTEM (IADS)

IADS platforms require IADS TDL Radio

must have & may have many Early Warning (EW) Radar Weapon must have only one Generic EW Sector Operations Centre (SOC) IADS TDL Radio must have & may have many Acquisition Radar (ACQ) optional Height Finder Radar (HF) # T *= ** must have & may have many Aircraft (336) Target Tracker Radar (TTR) Vehicles/Land (405) must have & may have many Humana (138) Animals (11) Transport Erector Loader (TEL) Ground (Mines) (3) Surface (Water) (116) Subsurface (Water) (7) Space (II) Airfield Operations (8) C3l Buildings (10) Autonomous SAM (67 must have & may have many IADS Command Post (CP/SOC) (40) IADS SAM (29) Early Warning (EW) Radar IADS Early Warning (EW) (35) IADS Height Finding (HF) (6) IADS Acquisition (ACQ) (32)

AGGREGATED AUTONOMOUS SITE

Separate platforms require SAM TDL Radio



AUTONOMOUS PLATFORM

Single platforms do not require TDL

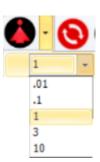


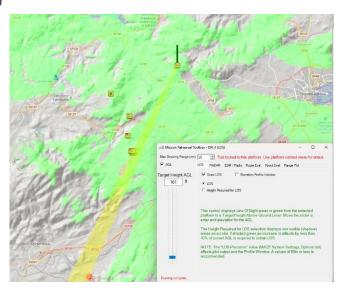
IADS Turget Tracking / Fire Control (58)

IADS Launcher / TEL (53)

Placing Air Defence Platforms – Tools That Help

- LOS Tools
 - Mission Rehearsal Tool (more later)
 - RMB on any entity select 'Mission Rehearsal Toolbox'
 - LOS tab
 - Select incoming 'Target Height AGL'
 - Draw LOS
 - Colour indicates where there IS Line of Sight
 - FROM the selected Entity
 - TO a target at the height specified
 - Snap to Hight Point Tool
 - Mission Builder
 - Choose range from entity to scan for high point
 - Use with LOS tool

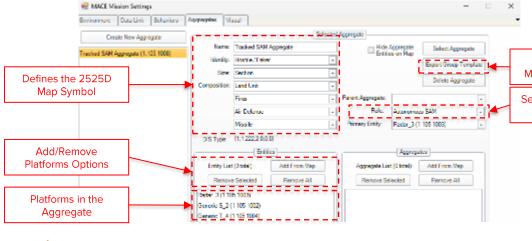


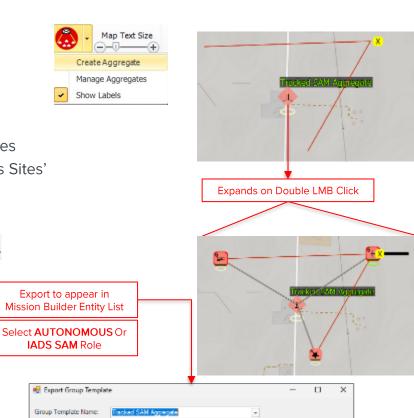




Saving and exporting aggregates

- Aggregates = groups of more than 1 entity
- Can be assigned MIL STD 2525D Symbol
- Can be assigned to a 'Parent Aggregate' aggregates of aggregates
- For Air Defence Systems the simplest way to create 'Autonomous Sites'
 - Defined by the ROLE dropdown
 - Automatically assigns IADS TDL or SAM TDL radio based on selected role





Mission Builder Ostegory: IADS - Autonomous SAM

Always Import Latest Platform Equipment Loadout

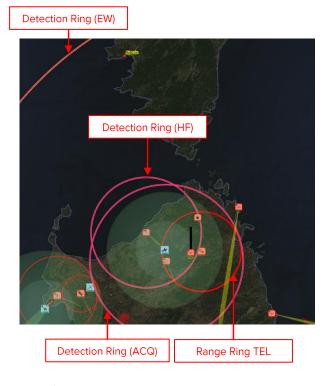
loon Path (Optional) Img\Stee\6d.png



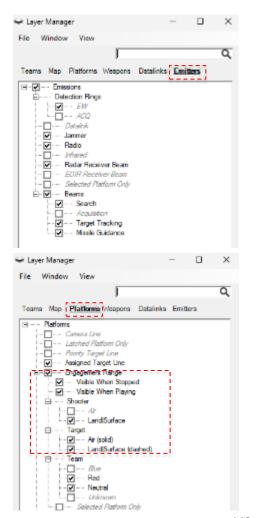
Select File

Cancel

Layer Manager – Emissions and Ranges

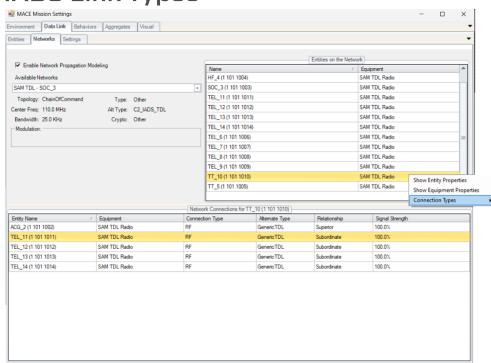








IADS Link Types



VIEW → Mission Settings → Data Link → Networks

- Mission Settings > Data Link > Networks
- Select from 'Available Networks'
 - SAM TDL or IADS SDL Networks for each group of air-defense assets
 - In 'Entities on Network' RMB to assign data link types to the subordinates
 - OR select individual entities in the list below to assign links individually
 - RF Link
 - Land Line

With 'Enable Network Propagation Modeling' ticked the RF links will be affected just like any other radio in MACE





Manual Emitter Control

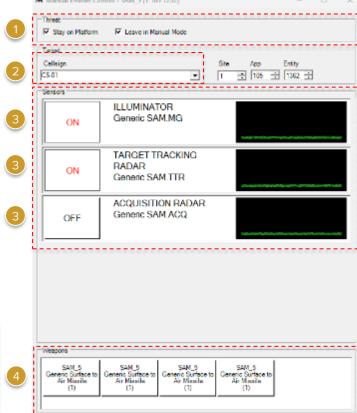
Entity Controls>Actions>Manual Emitter Control

- (1) Select on the MACE Map the platform for manual emitter control
 - Tick 'Stay on Platform' so further map selections don't jump to a new platform
 - Tick leave in manual mode if you do not want to return to MACE control after manual control
- (2) Choose a target to aim the beam at
- (3) Switch sensors on as required
 - If there is a return it will be seen in the waveform window
- (4) Fire Weapons (if required)

NOTE - MANUAL VS AUTO CONTROL

Leaving in manual mode is the same as unticking the 'Auto / Enabled' checkbox in weapons and equipment

Weapon	Location	Qty	Auto / Enabled
IR Signature Ground Vehic	le	1	1
Generic SAM.ACQ	ACQ	1	
Generic SAM.MG		1	
Generic SAM.TTR		1	
Generic Surface to Air Miss	3	1	
Generic Surface to Air Miss	3	1	
Generic Surface to Air Miss	3	1	
Generic Surface to Air Miss	s	1	1





Student Exercise - Link to Online Solution Video

- 1. (00:31) Filter and simplify the 'Mission Builder Platform Selector' to display IADS only
- 2. (00:36) Add a Command Post (CP/SOC) platform to the mission
- 3. (00:54) Add 2 x EW radar onto the mission area snap to high point within 1nm
- 4. (01:32) Add an acquisition radar (ACQ) site to the mission snap to high point within 1nm
- 5. (02:06) Add a height finding radar (HF) snap to high point within 0.1nm
- 6. (02:24) Check the 'Line of Sight Mask' for the radar at 500ft agl then erase
- 7. (02:50) Add a TTR radar and 3 TELs
- 8. (03:32) If you don't see 'IADS TDL Links' displayed, use the layer manager to display them
- 9. (03:56) Add one more ACQ radar and relink all sites
- 10. (04:42) Add an aggregated autonomous IADS site far away from the other IADS
- 11. (06:12) Add an autonomous single SAM and snap to a high point
- 12. (07:06) Add an Autonomous Generic Tracked SAM site and snap elements to high points
- 13. (07:50) Add components of a SAM site that don't meet IADS rules (TEL & TTR) and create an aggregated autonomous SAM Site Observe the links change from IADS TDL to SAM TDL
- 14. (<u>09:00</u>)Add a few AAA sites
- 15. (09:51) Add 3 Generic FW Aircraft that have routes that take them into the IADS and auto-SAM sites
- 16. (11:43) Remove one of the aircraft's self protection jammer (SP Jammer) and ensure the other aircraft has an auto/enabled SP Jammer
- 17. (12:05) Lock the displays to one aircraft and open the RWR Combat Display

Cont...

Student Exercise - Link to Online Solution Video

- (12:23) Use the layer manager to display 'Platform Engagement Range' visible when playing for ground platforms with air targets 18.
- (12:54) Use the layer manager to display Jammer, Radar, Receiver Beam, Search, Track, and Missile Guidance emissions 19.
- 20. (13:24) Start the mission and observe the aircraft response (and the emissions displayed on the map) as it makes it's way through the IADS
- (14:14) Change the aircraft response to do nothing and return it to intent to make it go back through the IADS site 21.
- 22. (15:19) Pick an autonomous SAM site and use the 'Manual Emitter Control' to manually target an aircraft working through the emitters and launching a missile



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Learning objective:

To visualize common EW effects in MACE and ARMOR

Enabling objectives

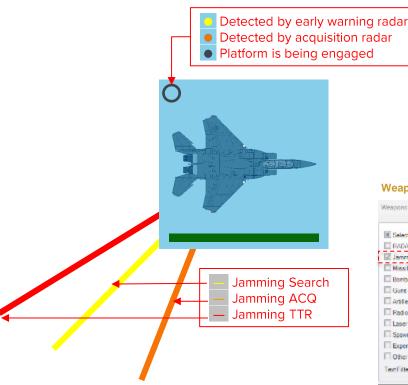
- Know how to equip jammers
- Understand the 'Auto' selection in weapons and equipment
- Know how to see equipment sensors
- Understand what EW information is available in the platform properties window
- Understand the MACE platform icon EW symbols
- Recap how to display EW indications from the layer manager
- Understand the functions of the beam viewer.
- Know how to display beams and jamming indications in ARMOR



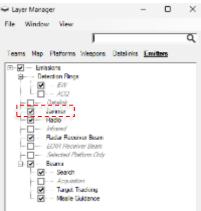
145

Equip Jammer / Emission & Jamming Indications

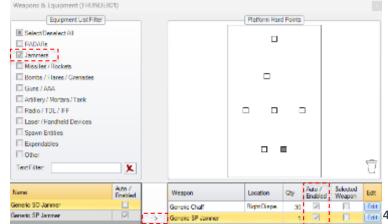




Layer Manager



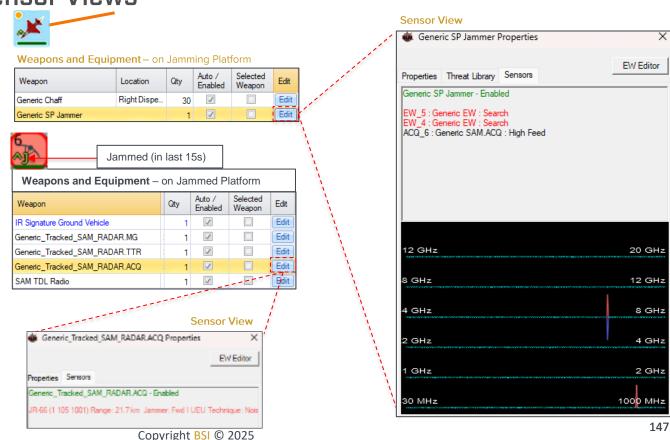
Weapons and Equipment





Jamming Data and Sensor Views



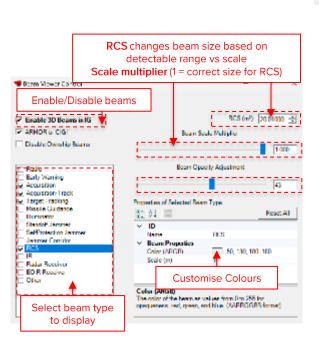




ARMOR EW Indications

VIEW > IG View > Beam Viewer







Properties of Selected Beam Function Type:

Color Select the color of the beam to display in the IG.

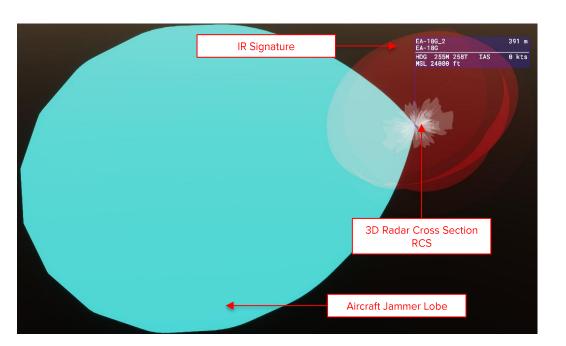
Culling – False will show the beam even when inside it. Select true for better performance.

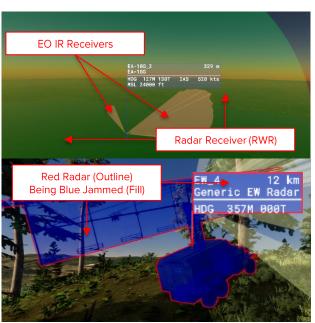
Detail Level - Amount of beam shape detail shown from 3dB (low) to 128 dB (high).

Scale – Maximum length of the beam in meters.

ARMOR EW Indications

VIEW > IG View > Beam Viewer









Student Exercise - Link to Online Solution Video

- 1. (00:14) Add a Generic IADS to the mission snap radars to high points confirm the data links (relink if necessary)
- 2. (00:41) Add an autonomous SAM elsewhere in the mission
- 3. (00:52) (if not already displayed) use the layer manager to display the range for the SAMs
- 4. (Q1:37) Add 2 x 'Generic Fighter' aircraft Name one 'Attack' and one 'Jammer' Place both at 8000ft amsl
- 5. (02:46) Place the 'Attack' aircraft on a circular waypoint route through the IADS
- 6. (02:59) Make the attacking aircraft invulnerable using platform properties
- 7. (03:12) Place the 'Jammer' aircraft in an out of intent 'racetrack' orbit on the edge of the IADs
- 8. (<u>03:21</u>) Add a standoff jammer aircraft and ensure it is auto-enabled
- 9. (03:41) Check the threat library for the SO Jammer includes the threats in the IADS that you placed
- 10. (04:07) Check / Add a self protection (SP) jammer to the attack aircraft ensure it is auto-enabled
- 11. (04:43) Start the mission
- 12. (04:49) Use the 'Layer Manager' to display: Jammer, Radar Receiver Beam, Search Target Track and Missile guidance emissions
- 13. (05:12) Use the 'Layer Manager' to set Platform 'Engagement Range' to 'Visible When Playing'
- 14. (05:37) Observe the MACE icon indications for aircraft illuminated by different types of radar and the indications that enemy radars are being jammed
- 15. (06:09) Open the 'Weapons & Equipment' on the attack aircraft and 'Edit' the RWR to see threat indications
- 16. (<u>06:46</u>) Open 'Platform Properties' on one of the enemy radars and check the status window for target track information Cont...



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MACE & ARMOR EW VISUALIZATION & JAMMING

Student Exercise - Link to Online Solution Video

- 17. (07:11) Use the 'Beam Viewer' to display in ARMOR all types of radar, jammer, and jammer corridor
- 18. (07:49) Turn on entity outlines navigate to an enemy radar being jammed to observe the pulsing color jamming visualization
- 19. (08:22) On the jammer aircraft disable all the jammers Observe missile launch and visualization in MACE and ARMOR)



Learning objective:

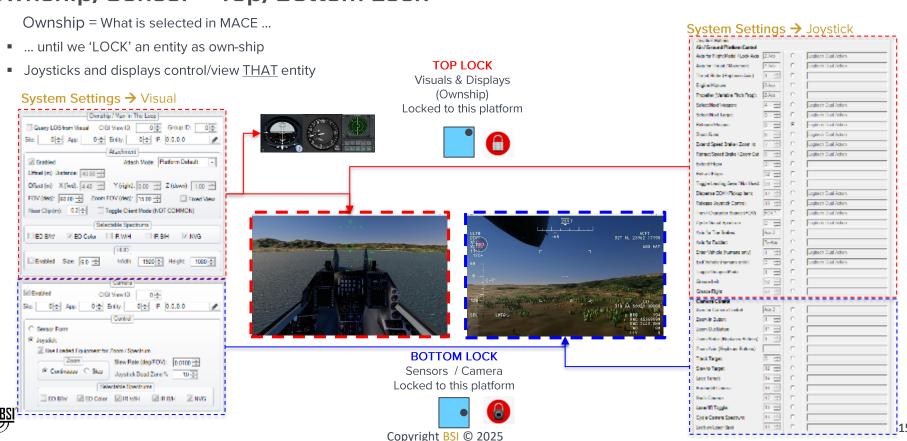
To be able to use the common combat displays in MACE

Enabling objectives

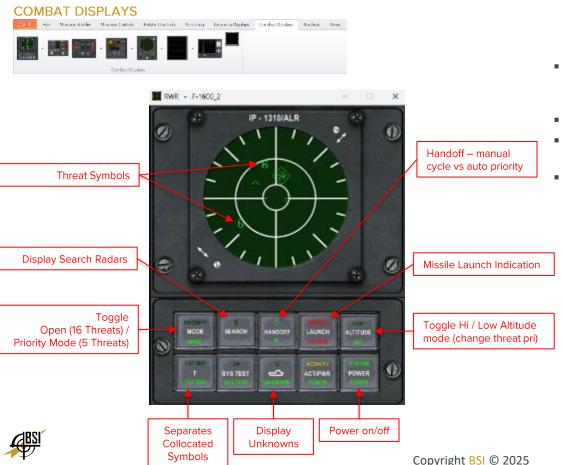
- Recap own-ship top lock relationship
- Know how to open ownship combat displays
- Understand the RWR indications.
- Understand the IRWR indications
- Know how to use the CMDS
- Know how to manually dispense chaff and flares
- Recap basic scripting
- Know how to DF a ground radio transmission



Ownship/Sensor - Top/Bottom Lock







Weapons & Equipment

Weapon ▼	Location	Oty	Auto / Enabled	Selected Weapon	Edit
RADAR Warning Receiver		- 1			Edit

- Opening Combat Displays RWR appends RWR Equipment to **ownship** (Top-Locked platform) Weapons and Equipment
- Seen in RED in Weapons and Equipment List
- RWR displays identified emitters using green symbols positioned in the Azimuth Display
- RMB or [Edit] on RWR Device opens Properties
 - Displays precise threat and emitter names hitting RW receiver

Weapons & Equipment → Properties







SHORTCUTS--

ALT + C Dispense Chaff on ownship platform

ALT + F Dispense Flares on ownship platform

ALT + B Dispenses Chaff AND Flares on ownship platform

- CMDS can auto dispense based on IRWR (Auto Mode)
- CMDS Programmes are programmed in CMDS SMS Panel
- Dispense manually pushing the [Chaff] & [Flare] buttons
- Quantities reflect what is in Weapons & Equipment for the platform
- Quantities can be changed:
 - in the CMDS SMS Panel
 - or in Weapons & Equipment
- Reload ALL entities weapons and expendables in Mission Controls



Single Chaff

Or iaw

CMDS SMS

On/Off

EXPENDABLES INVENTORY

DISPENSER TYPE 120 - 1
2 FLARE 30 - 1

EXPENDABLES PROGRAM FORMAT

EXPENDABLES PROGRAM FORMAT

PROG TYPE COUNT INTVL COUNT INTVL 1
1 CHAFF 4 - 4 - 2 - 2.0 - 1
2 FLARE 4 - 4.0 - 1

Press for Flare / Chaff COM – indicates command has been received

MISSION CONTROLS → Mission Options



Weapons & Equipment

Weapon	Location	Qty	
Chaff (RR-180)		120	
Flare (MJU-7)	Right Dispenser	30	

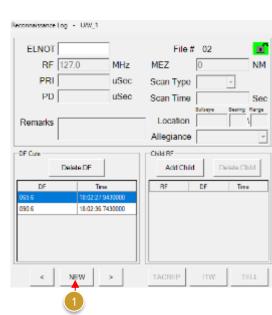


Direction Finding a Signal With Combat Displays









- (1) Open and Power Up: Open ALQ-161 and Power on; Open DF Scope and Power on; Open Reconnaissance Log
- (2) Select Transmission: On receipt of transmission, select transmission line on ALQ-161
- (3) Set Direction of Transmission: Line up cursor with transmission line on DF-Scope
- (4) Log to Reconnaissance Log: Press Log
 - (5) Triangulate: Repeat then look at triangulation on MACE Map Copyright BSI © 2025

Student Exercise Link to Online Solution Video

- 1. (00:09) Set up a mission with 1 x Generic Fighter aircraft which is equipped with a Self Protection (SP) Jammer, chaff and flares
- 2. (<u>00:17</u>) Add to the mission: -1 x Auto SAM 1 x AAA system with engagement zone overlapping the auto SAM Relink if necessary and ensure radars are snapped to high points
- 3. (00:47) 'Top-Lock' the visuals, displays, and joystick, to the fighter aircraft
- 4. (00:53) Select own-ship invulnerability in Mission Controls
- 5. (01:00) Open the following 'Combat Displays': RWR CMDS IRWR
- 6. (01:20) Start the mission and use the 'Entity Control Ribbons' to: fly the aircraft through the engagement zones- observe the indications on the RWR and IRWR
- 7. (03:00) Dispense Chaff and Flares from MACE CMDS panel and again using the Joystick controls and/or MACE Shortcuts
- 8. (04:00) Use the RWR:- 'Tgt Sep' button to separate the indications on the RWR display 'Manual Handoff' to change priority target- Return to 'auto-handoff' mode
- 9. (04:20) Put the aircraft in a race-track orbit perpendicular to the threats outside the engagement zones
- 10. (04:32) Add a human platform
- 11. (04:48) Make a script that: equips the human with a radio ('Mission-2' tab 'Set Platform Equipment') then transmits the text "A lot of Text A lot of Text" ('Radio/TDL' tab 'Make Radio Call')
- 12. (05:30) Open the combat displays: DF Scope Pan-scope (ALQ-161) Reconnaissance Log
- 13. (<u>06:04</u>) Execute the script
- 14. (06:08) Use the Pan-scope, DF Scope Log to find the source of the transmission repeat the script execution as required



Learning objective:

■ To be able to use the mission rehearsal toolbox and visualizations in MACE and ARMOR to conduct detailed EW Analysis

Enabling objectives

- Know how to use the context menu to open platform specific MRT
- Know how to enable radar diffraction in system settings
- Know how to draw a Line of Site plot for a platform in the MRT
- Know how to draw a radar propagation plot for different target RCS's
- Know how to visualize an RCS in ARMOR
- Know how to draw a radio propagation plot for a given receiver sensitivity and altitude
- Know how to draw route evaluations for platforms vs particular threats and how to move and adjust waypoints to change the outcome
- Know how to run flyout evaluations for platforms vs particular threats and platform evasion parameters
- Know how to run a MARC route to evaluate route from and to a point based on user parameters



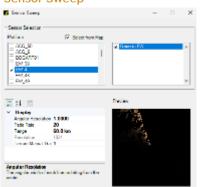
Activating Plugins – MACE Extensions

- The analysis tools may need to be activated in plugins
- System Settings → Plugins → MACE Extensions
 - Mission Rehearsal Toolbox (Propagation Tool)
 - Radar Analysis
 - Sensor Sweep
 - Spectrum Viewer
 - Weapon View

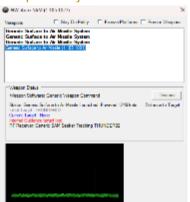


Sensor Sweep

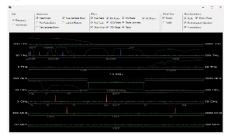




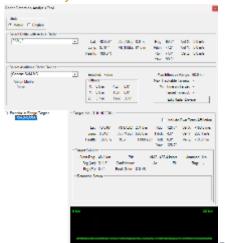
Weapon Analysis



Spectrum Viewer



Radar Analysis Tool



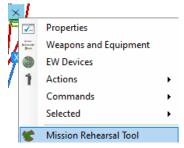


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Mission Rehearsal Toolbox - General

- Access from platform context menu (RMB on entity)
- Will be latched to that entity
- Always check the top of the form for entity name
- Does not change with subsequent entity selection
- May have many open

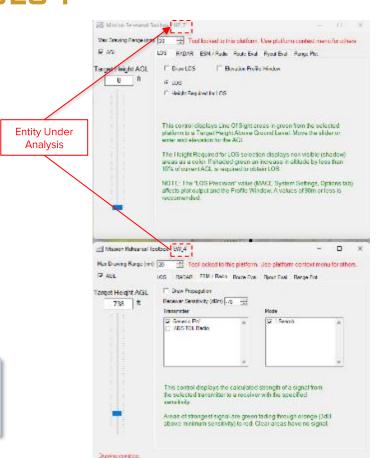
Platform RMB Context Menu



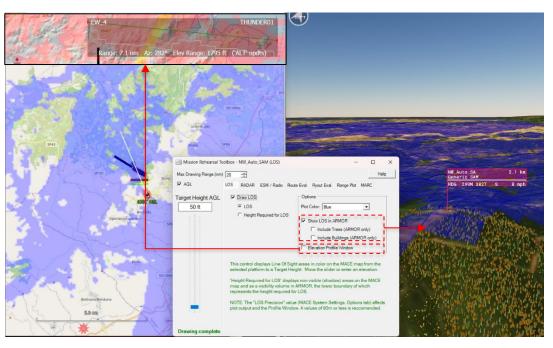
TIP - CLEAN UP TOOLBOXES AFTER USE

It is easy to get confused which MRT relates to which entity. We suggest you close MRT windows when you are done with them – they are easy enough to reopen!





Mission Rehearsal Toolbox – Line of Sight Analysis



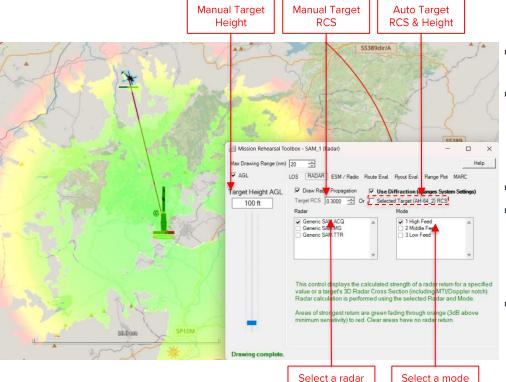
- LOS mode
 - Colour indicates where there IS Line of Sight
 - FROM the selected Entity
 - TO a target at the height specified
 - Colour can be changed useful for multiple plots
 - Can be displayed in ARMOR can include trees and buildings
- Height Required for LOS mode Inverse of LOS
 - Shows areas on the map where:
 - Yellow shows where there is NOT Line of Sight from the selected entity at the height specified
 - Most often used on aircraft to show what can be seen at the current aircraft altitude (set target height to Oft aq!!)
- Flevation Window
 - Shows terrain profile to mouse pointer after pressing ALT
 - Line shows Green for LOS / RED for no LOS
 - If mouse pointer is
 - Over ground Shows ground level Line of Site Line
 - Over platform shows LOS from platform to selected entity



on the

platform

Mission Rehearsal Toolbox - Radar Propagation



- Select any equipped platform radar <u>and</u> mode for that radar
- Displays signal strength of the radar return based on:
 - Radar Cross Section (manual or for selected target)
 - Beam Properties
 - Diffraction over terrain (DeyGout's Method) Enable in form
- ✓ Draw Radar Propagation
- Colour Shading:
 - Green = Strong Signal Return
 - Orange = 3dB above the receivers' minimum sensitivity
 - Red = Signal return at receivers' floor
- ☑Selected Target
 - Will populate the RCS with selected target:
 - RCS based on aspect

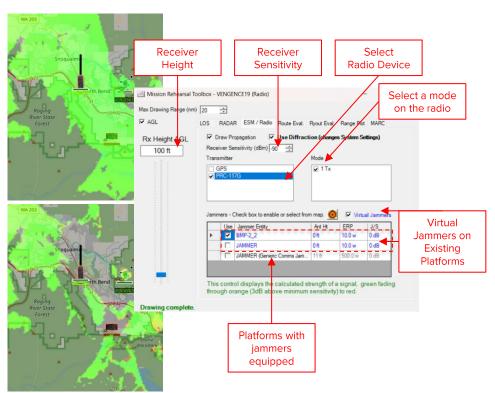
AND

Adjust Target Altitude Automatically



on the radar

Mission Rehearsal Toolbox – ESM Radio



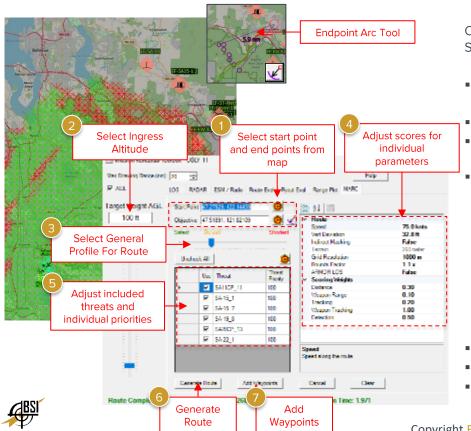
- Strength of a signal from the selected entity Based on:
 - Transmitter signal parameters (e.g. power, freq, wavelength)
 - Sensitivity of the receiver
 - Altitude of the receiver (e.g. antenna height)
 - Includes diffraction over terrain (DeyGout's Method)
- Colour Shading:
 - Green = Strong Signal Return
 - Orange = 3dB above the receivers' minimum sensitivity
 - Red = Signal return at receivers' floor
 - No Shading = Signal not received
- Can be used to determine:
 - Susceptibility to detection / DF
 - Where to best place radio relays
- Jamming Effect on Propagation
 - Select any entity equipped with comms jammer to see effect

AND/OR

 Place a 'Virtual Jammer' – select any other entity and input jamming parameters



MACE Assisted Route Creation (MARC)



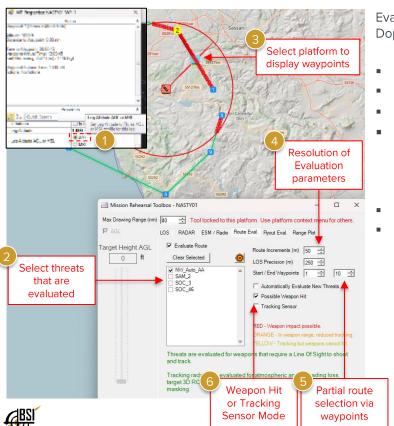
Creates a route based on - Start point, End Point, Included threats / priorities, Scores attributed to overall parameters

- (1) Select start an end points (pick from map) (0)
- - Use arc tool for end point if forcing an approach direction



- (2) Select Ingress Altitude
- (3) Select overall preference for Safest vs Shortest Changes parameters on right-hand-side
- (4) Adjust individual parameters
- Parameters
 - Speed Route Speed (affects doppler)
 - Vert Deviation Max altitude deviation from route (height of model)
 - Indirect Masking considered or not
 - Grid Resolution spacing
- Scores (1 is 100% importance)
 - Distance shorter vs longer route
 - Weapon Range time in weapon range
 - Tracking time tracked
 - Weapon Tracking Tracking inside weapon range
 - Detection time detected by any radar
- (5) Which threats are included in analysis what priority to give to each
- (6) Generate route
- (7) Append or replace waypoints for selected platform

Mission Rehearsal Toolbox - Route Eval



Evaluates the route (or parts of it) based upon: Atmospheric conditions, Target 3D RCS, MTI Doppler Notch, Direct/Indirect Terrain Masking, weapon flyout parameters vs target presentation

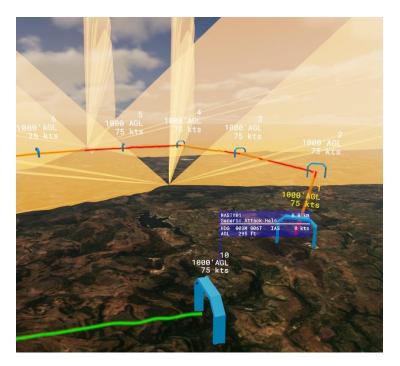
- (1) Leg altitude (best to select AGL!)
- (2) Tracking from selected threat platform(s) sensors on platform
- (3) Must have platform selected in MACE to see waypoint route colouring
- (4) Select resolution
 - Segment width along route
 - LOS resolution from each threat to entity position along route
 - Smaller increments require more processing
- (5) Discount waypoints outside of threat area to speed up analysis
- (6) Colours depend on what option is checked
 - Possible Weapon Hit
 - Red in range and good target tracking
 - Orange within weapon employment range, but reduced target tracking
 - Yellow tracking data sufficient to take a shot, but weapon cannot hit
 - Green not in range or tracked
 - ☑ Tracking Sensor
 - Red good tracking
 - Orange within MTI or doppler notch
 - Yellow hidden by indirect terrain masking
 - Green not tracked

NOTE - OUT OF AMMO VS ROUTE EVAL

Threats that have no ammunition will not be populated in the threat list

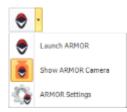
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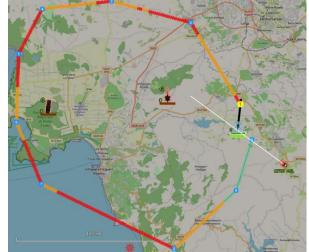
Mission Rehearsal Toolbox – Route Eval in ARMOR



- Use MACE Beam viewer plugin and in ARMOR to display beams
- Use <Y> in ARMOR to display route waypoints
 - <CTRL> + <Y> Cycle Waypoint Entity (MACE Selected / Top-locked / Bottom-locked)
 - <SHIFT> + <Y> Cycle Waypoint Labels
 - <ALT> + <+> or <-> Scale Waypoint Size
- Move waypoints in MACE see coloured route analysis update in ARMOR
- Use ARMOR camera view to help orientate when surveying route

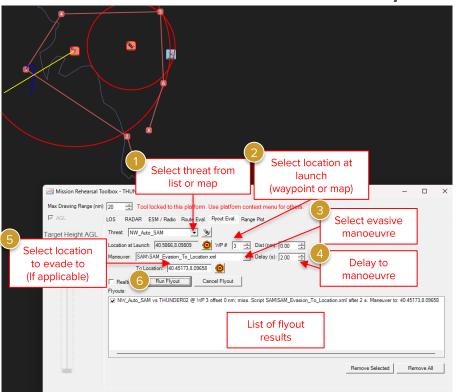
View → IG View → ARMOR







Mission Rehearsal Toolbox - Flyout Eval

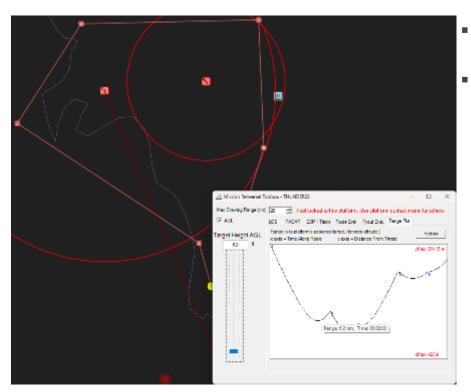


Evaluates manoeuvres at specific locations along route against a <u>single threat</u>

- (1) Select threat from dropdown or from map
- (2) Select location of platform when threat launches (on its route)
- Optional selections:
 - (3) To select <u>manoeuvre</u> to be performed in response to launch
 - (4) To select a delay (reaction time) before manoeuvre is performed
 - (5) To run manoeuvre to <u>specific location</u> (e.g. to take advantage of terrain)
 - (6) To run in real-time OR 4x speed
- Ensure mission is saved before running flyout
- Colours after flyout indicate
 - Yellow Missile Flightpath Line = Successful manoeuvre
 - Red Missile Flightpath Line = Missile hit selected entity
 - Blue Flightpath Line = Entity flight path



Mission Rehearsal Toolbox – Range Plot



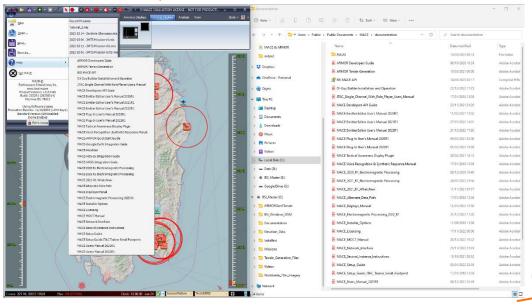
- Selected entity's distance (Y) from its assigned target vs elapsed mission time (X)
- Numbers indicate entity's waypoints



About EM Modelling – Sources of Info

BSI-QUICK MENU → Help

C:\Users\Public\Public Document\MACE\Documentation



- MACE Documentation
 - MACE Emitter Editor User's Manual
 - MACE Electromagnetic Processing

Pulse Width
(after pulse compression)
3 dB Beam Width

Threat RADAR



If either of these points are below ground there is terrain in the resolution cell.

Student Exercise - Link to Online Solution Video

- 1. (<u>00:09</u>) Load Tutorial 3
- 2. (00:21) Open MRT on the NW_Auto_SAM site and run a LOS analysis at 200ft then cancel it
- 3. (00:57) Use the Height Required for LOS to see if FW Fighter THUNDER02 has line of sight to the NW Auto SAM what altitude would it need to be at to have it?
- 4. (01:49) Use the 'Elevation Profile Window' to display a terrain cross-section from NASTY 01 to the NW_Auto_AAA and then to the NW_Auto_SAM
- 5. (02:23) Use the MRT on the NW_Auto_AAA to run a Radar propagation plot enter an RCS of 0.05 select the different sensors change to different altitudes
- 6. (03:19) Assign the NW_Auto_AAA Nasty01 as its target change the radar plot to be for the 'Selected Target' what is the value of the RCS and altitude now?
- 7. (03:48) Start the mission
- 8. (03:52) Use the beam viewer plugin to display acquisition, target track, missile guidance beams and RCS
- 9. (04:20) In ARMOR go to NASTY-01 to see the RCS representation pan the view to see the beams from NW_Auto_AAA
- 10. (05:06) In ARMOR display waypoints for the selected platform (Y) attach to NASTY-01 externally
- 11. (05:29) Turn RCS off in the 'Beam Viewer Plugin'
- 12. (05:50) Select THUNDER-02 in MACE Attach to it in ARMOR (if not automatically attached) Open the MRT 'Route Analysis' Evaluate the route against NW_Auto_SAM

Cont...



Student Exercise - Link to Online Solution Video

- 13. (06:13) Pan the ARMOR camera to see the route color
- 14. (06:51) Change the route in MACE move waypoints to change the risk level move the camera in ARMOR to see the route color change
- 15. (07:29) Use the MRT to evaluate a missile flyout from the NW_Auto_SAM vs THUNDER02 pick a point on the route using a SAM Evasion to location 'Maneuver' response time of 2.00s
- 16. (08:28) On the original route run the analysis again: from a different location to a different location
- 17. (09:06) Add an APC to the mission add to its equipment a generic radio make it 'Auto-enabled'
- 18. (09:49) Use the MRT on the APC to: run 'ESM/Radio' plot detection receiver at 13ft (i.e. an antenna from ground entity) sensitivity -90dB



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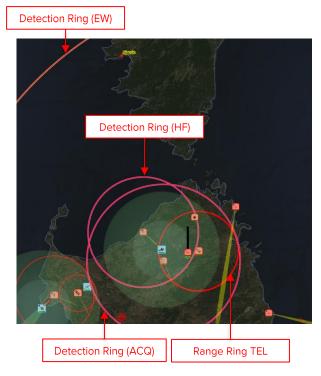
Learning objective:

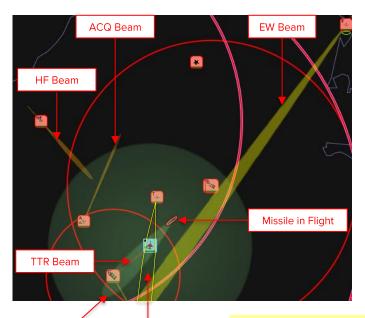
Know how to use the MACE EW analysis tools to display useful EW information about weapons and sensors
 Enabling objectives

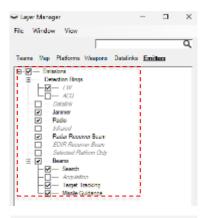
- Recap layer manager emissions display, range rings, assigned target line, WEZ
- Know how to change icon size and map brightness
- Know the difference between the Map LOS tool, the Analysis LOS tool and Mask Analysis
- Know how to display and configure a radar sensor sweep on the MACE Map
- Understand how to use the MACE Spectrum viewer and its filters to analyze signals
- Know how to use the detail view in the Spectrum Viewer to analyze specific signals
- Know how to use the weapon information analysis plugin to view weapon sensor information
- Understand the MACE weapon on weapon engagement capability
- Know how to use the Radar Detection Analysis Tool to see detailed radar track information

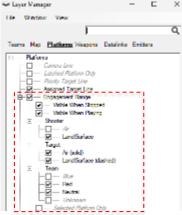


Layer Manager – Emissions and Ranges









■ NOTE - DETECTION RINGS

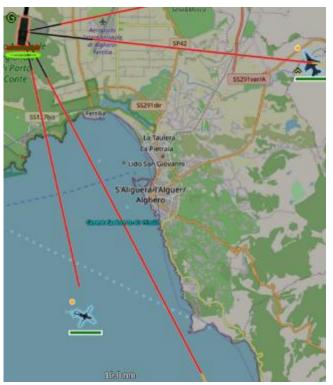
Detection rings only show 'modelling range' for maximum detection range – not detection range for a particular RCS



Target Illumination Beam

Radar Receiver Beam

Layer Manager – Engagement Zones





Shows for all possible targets a vector towards each coloured as follows:

- R_{Max1} Max doctrinal employment range for attacking a non-maneuvering target.
- R_{Max2} Maximum doctrinal employment range for attacking a maneuvering target.
- R_{NoEscape} Range at which a target will be unable to evade the weapon even if it immediately turns to flee.
- R_{min} The minimum range at which a weapon can successfully engage.



3 More Line of Sight Tools

Can I see things from my position, at this altitude along this line?

MISSION CONTROLS > Map Tools > Line of Sight Tool



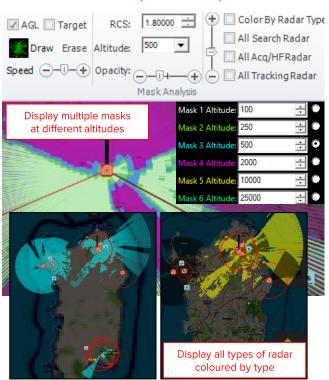
Can this platform see that platform?

MISSION CONTROLS > Analysis > Check Line of Sight

Mission Controls > Malysis > Check Line of Sight

How far can this/these radar(s) see things at that altitude?

MISSION CONTROLS > Analysis > Mask Analysis



NOTE - MASK VISIBILITY

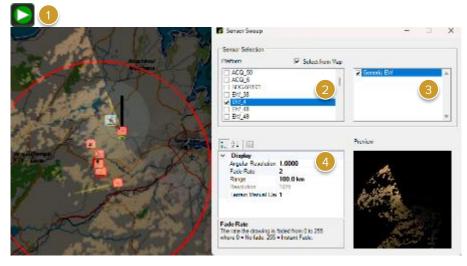
Masks are visible when mission not running if selected in the layer manager To view when mission is running press <CTRL> + <ALT>



Radar Sensor Sweep Display



ANALYSIS → Info/Status Windows → Radar Sweep



Shows a sweep of the radar overlaid on the mission area

- (1) Mission must be running
- (2) Pick platform (from map or list)
- (3) Pick sensor on platform
- (4) Options
 - Fade Rate Controls how fast the image fades from 0 (no fade) to 255 (instant).
 - Range Max radius of terrain cached for image generation.
 - Terrain Manual Gain Brightens 0 = no brightness, 1 = normal, >1 = increased brightness.
- Deselect before closing plugin



Spectrum Viewer



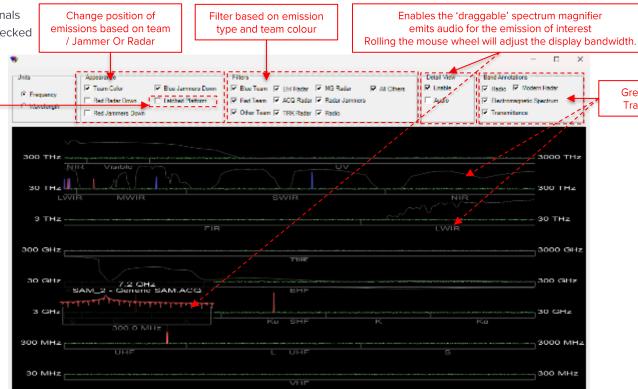
ANALYSIS → Info/Status Windows → Spectrum Viewer

Shows all transmitting EM Signals

Unless Latched Platform is checked

✓ Only shows emissions as would be received by the latched platform **ELSE** shows entire EM

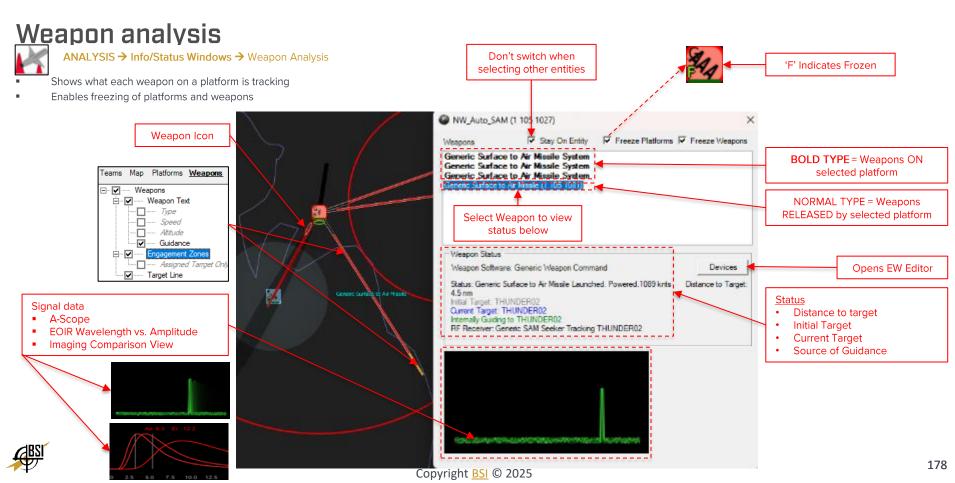
Spectrum for mission



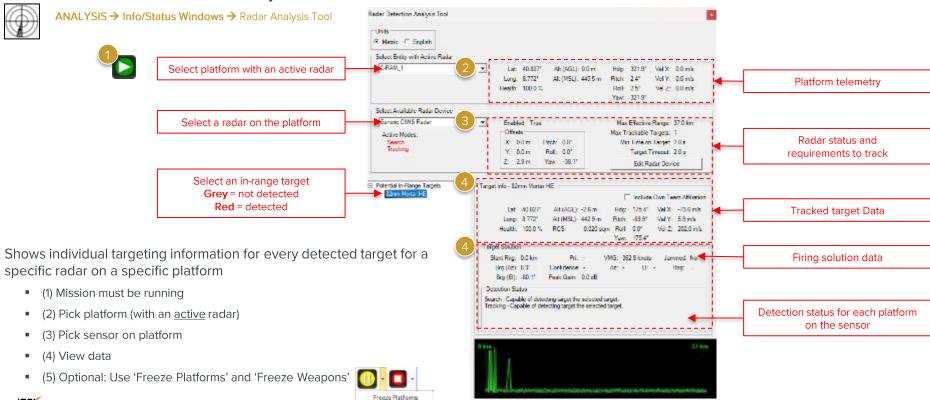


Grey Spectrum Titles

Transmittance Lines



Radar Detection Analysis Tool





Freeze Weapons

Student Exercise - Link to Online Solution Video

- 1. (<u>00:09</u>) Open Tutorial_3.mis
- 2. (00:17)Use (Analysis Tab) 'Check LOS' tool and message window to see if the NW_Auto_AAA has line-of-sight to NASTY-01
- 3. (00:45) Do a 'Mask Analysis' for NW_Auto_AAA for the height and RCS of its target (NASTY-01) then erase it
- 4. (01:33) Add a Generic CWIS system to the scenario (ensure it is 'powered' in platform properties)
- 5. (02:01) Use the Check LOS (Map Tool) to check LOS between the CWIS and a map point at an altitude of 1500 ft
- 6. (02:20) Add a generic SP Artillery system that is in range of the CWIS (use layer manager to see weapon ranges)
- 7. (02:46) Start the mission switch off foam weapons switch on unlimited ammo
- 8. (03:06)Assign a piece of ground near the CWIS as a target for the SP Artillery assign weapons tight check platform properties status window to check it is in range and if required move the artillery closer to the target if required
- 9. (03:25)Use the 'Radar Detection Analysis' tool to display information about incoming artillery for the CWIS system
- 10. (04:09) Use the radar sweep display tool to display the radar sweep for the NW_Auto_SAM ACQ radar change map brightness to make it more obvious change the fade rate to 2s close the radar sweep window
- 11. (05:21) Re-activate foam weapon mode resurrect all entities select unlimited ammo close the radar sweep window
- 12. (05:42) Ensure the FW fighter is inside the MEZ of NW Auto SAM and being engaged Open the 'Weapon Analysis Tool'
- 13. (06:17) When the SAM launches: use the 'Weapon Analysis Tool' to 'freeze platforms' and 'freeze weapons'
- 14. (06:33) Open the EW devices on the weapon and note its receiver frequency
- 15. (<u>07:04</u>) Open the EW Spectrum Viewer filter on 'Red Team' and 'MG Radar' use the detail view window to look at the emissions find the Missile Guidance emission for NW_Auto_SAM

Cont...



Student Exercise - Link to Online Solution Video

- 16. (07:50) Recheck the filters back on - find the IR plume for the missile in flight
- 17. (08:06) Enable the SP Jammer on THUNDER-02 - (if required) select 'blue-jammers down' on the spectrum viewer - use the 'detail view' to find the blue jamming signal - what radar is it jamming?
- (08:46) Unfreeze platforms and weapons and stop the mission 18.
- 19. (09:11) Using the 'Mask Analysis' show 3 simultaneous masks on the northeastern EW radar - for an RCS of 10 - at agl heights of 500ft, 1000ft, and 2500ft - in different colors
- (10:00) Start the mission display the analysis while the mission is running stop the mission erase the masks 20.
- 21. (10:14) Display all tracking radar LOS masks at 500 agl then erase



Learning objective:

To be able to construct basic trigger-actions scripts in MACE

Enabling objectives

- Know how to open the script editor
- Know how to create and name a new script
- Understand the different types of triggers
- Understand the AND / OR conditions for multiple triggers
- Know how to add and edit triggers
- Know how to enable / disable triggers
- Understand the different types of actions
- Understand the action completion condition
- Know how to add and edit actions
- Know how to reorder actions
- Understand the script completion actions
- Know how to skip actions during script execution
- Know how to import and export scripts for use in other missions



Script Editor Overview

- Script Status List
 - Add New and Name
 - Unique Identifier
 - Copy and adjust
 - Manual Start/Stop
 - Buttonize for Later Missions
- Trigger Status List
 - Rename Script
 - Add Triggers
 - Edit Triggers
 - Set conditions AND/OR
- Action Status List
 - Per Script
 - Add Multiple Actions
 - Delete Actions
 - Change Order of Actions
 - Repeat/Skip
- End of Script Actions

Reactivate Triggers

- Never Again
- ア・Continuous Repeat



TRIGGERS

Scripting | Time | Entity | Entity 2 | Input

Persist "Met" status even if condition fails after it is met.

Scripting

- Scripts executing or not
- Variable values met
- MACE Events

Time

- Elapsed time
- Clock time
- Platform arrival time

Entity 1

- Waypoint arrival / proximity
- Platform status (health speed etc)
- Platform weapon / target status
- Entity Properties

Entity 2

- Aggregate status
- Radio calls

Input

- Joystick buttons
 - Receiving PDUs

TIP - TRIGGERS CAN BE AND - OR

AND means <u>both</u> triggers must be satisfied for the actions to commence; **OR** means only one must be. 'Persist Met' – triggers stay active

TIP - ACTIONS ARE USUALLLY APPLIED TO PLATFORMS

Actions are usually applied to one or more platforms (but not always)

ACTIONS

Scripting 1 | Scripting 2 | Mission 1 | Mission 2 | Navigation 1 | Navigation 2 | Behavior | Appearance | Equipment | Radio / TDL | Environment | ARMOR

Scripting 1

- Delay / Start / Stop Scripts
- Enable / Disable Script triggers
- Set variable values
- Create scripts

Scripting 2

- Execute code script
- Conditionals (If, Else, While, GoTo...)
- Raise Event
- Comment

Mission 1

- Detonate munition
- Create platform
- Delete / Change
- Execute 9-line / CFF / 5 Line ...

Mission 2

- Entity property
- Lock platform
- Set platform equipment
- Set variables / tags

Navigation 1

- Climb / Descend / Accelerate / Turn
- Alt / Speed / Waypoints / Formation
- Tactic commands
- Assign landing zone / refueller

Navigation 2

- Reposition
- Collision avoidance / Pathfinding
- Apply / Copy / Remove routes
- Loiter / Trailing effects

Behaviour

- Posture Weapon / Reaction / Team
- Assign Target / Proficiency
- Damage / Power States
- Invulnerable

Appearance

- Weapon / Character / Action Stance
- Animation
- Articulated parts
- Custom appearance bits

Equipment

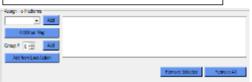
- Change selected weapons
- Shoot Weapon
- Control Emitter

Radio/TDL

- Play Audio
- Make Text to Speech call
- Make check in to entity

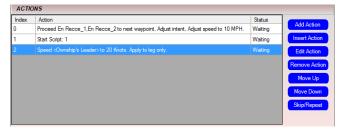
Environment

- Visibility / Precipitation / Effects
- Cloud layers
- Winds / Seas States



ACTION RULES

- Often actions need to be assigned to platforms but not always
- Actions execute in order
- Unless "Action must finish before continuing" is ticked next action starts immediately
- Can change order with [MOVE UP] / [MOVE DOWN] Buttons
- Actions can be skipped at runtime good for testing



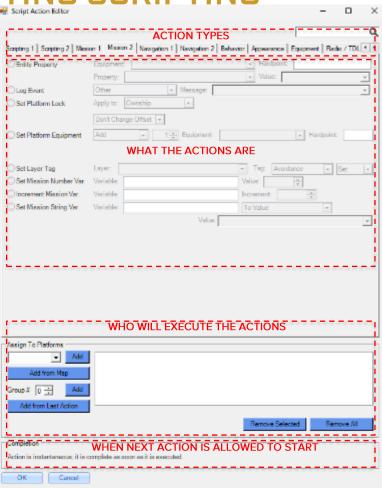
SCRIPT COMPLETION

- Do nothing usually for a script with not triggers
- Stop Execution and Disable Triggers script won't automatically execute again
- Stop Execution and Enable Triggers Script will automatically execute again if triggers met
- Repeat Actions continuously perform the actions in the action list
- Remove Script Deletes the script

SCRIPT COMPLETION

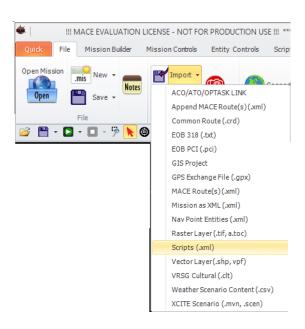
C Stop Execution C Stop Execution & Disable Triggers C Stop Execution & Enable Triggers © Repeat Actions C Remove Script





Exporting and Importing Scripts

- Beware:
 - Mission Specific Scripts (i.e. with named platform callsigns) won't automatically work in a new mission – they will need to be edited to change the callsigns to match entities in the mission
 - Buttonized scripts will be fine just apply to platform
- Export via:
 - FILE → EXPORT → Scripts(.xml)
 - Exports all scripts in editor to a folder
- Import via:
 - FILE → IMPORT → Scripts(.xml)
 - Can multi-select (with SHIFT Key)
- Buttonized scripts are saved outside of the mission file anyway – so can be viewed by importing as above





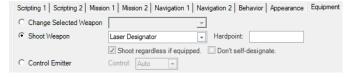
MACE INTERMEDIATE MISSION EDITING SCRIPTING

JTAC Lase for aircraft releasing weapon

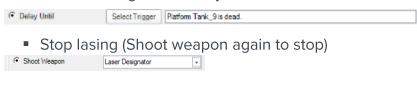
- Trigger
 - When the aircraft releases a specific weapon



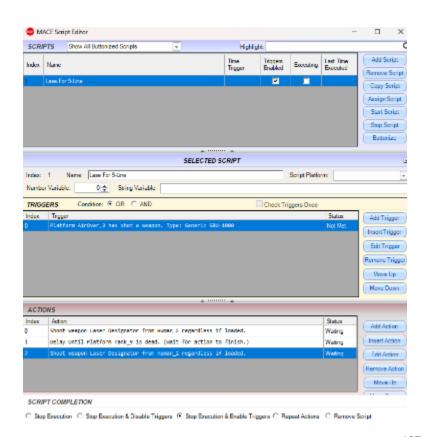
- Actions
 - Equip and fire laser (Shoot weapon)



Wait until target is destroyed







SCRIPT EXERCISES

Helicopter Landing Zones

- Land at Prescribed LZ
 - Trigger
 - Helicopter Arrives at Waypoint
 - Actions
 - Navigation 1 Set Landing Zone
 - Navigation 1 Assign Tactic "Land"
- Land at Prescribed LZ + Smoke
 - Trigger
 - As above
 - Actions
 - As above +
 - Scripting 1 Delay Until Trigger
 - Platform Proximity Helicopter to LZ
 - Environment Set Wind
 - Mission 1 Detonate Munition "Smoke"

Set landing zone of JEFF-11 to JEFF-LZ-2 and clear parking location.

Set landing zone of JON-12 to JON-LZ-2 and clear parking location.

Assign tactic land to JON-12, JEFF-11. (Wait for action to finish.)

set landing zone of JEFF-11 to JEFF-LZ-2 and clear parking location.

Set landing zone of JON-12 to JON-LZ-2 and clear parking location.

Assign tactic land to JON-12, JEFF-11.

Delay Until Platform Proximity JEFF-11 is within 500 meters of JEFF-LZ-2. (Wait for a...

Set surface winds to 335 deg at 7 kts.

Detonate munition Smoke Grenade (Orange) on 10T ET 92516 59003.



MACE INTERMEDIATE MISSION EDITING SCRIPTING

Air to Air Commit

- Trigger (AND)
 - When the red aircraft has ever reached a speed (Persist)

AND

- Any later than an elapsed time
- Actions
 - Turn Blue Aircraft to face Red aircraft



Assign as Target to Blue Aircraft



Wait until Red Aircraft is closer (25km of blue aircraft)



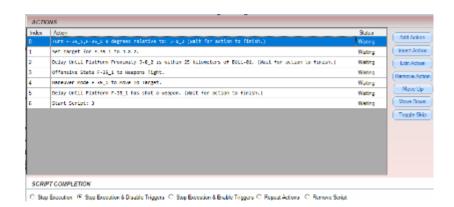
Blue Aircraft Weapons Tight + Move to target



Script Completion







MACE INTERMEDIATE MISSION EDITING SCRIPTING

Student Exercise - Link to Online Solution Video

- 1. (00:11) Make a mission that includes: 1x Enemy vehicle (in a flat area) with a waypoint route (ideally on a road), and route speed of 5mph 5 x Civilians 1 x Friendly attack aircraft
- 2. (01:25) Add a 'known point' with callsign 'IED' and label 'Boom' near the end of the vehicle route
- 3. (02:12) Create a script that has 2 triggers that must both be satisfied: (1) Mission elapsed time >5s (2) Proximity of the aircraft to the vehicle <1000ft
- 4. (03:17) Add the actions: (1) the vehicle returns to intent (2) it steers to waypoint 2 (3) it has a speed of 30 mph (4) detonation of a large weapon at the known point
- 5. (04:24) Set the script completion action to 'stop execution & enable triggers'
- 6. (04:36) Start the mission and use the entity control window to fly the aircraft within 1000ft of the vehicle
- 7. (05:21) Observe the script execution in the script window and in ARMOR/MACE
- 8. (06:36) Disable the triggers for the script
- 9. (06:46) Set up a route for the aircraft that passes over the vehicle repeatedly at 500ft agl place the aircraft in intent
- 10. (07:08) As the triggers are disabled the script won't execute automatically Manually execute the script
- 11. (08:37) Remove the script



Learning objective:

To be able to make buttonized scripts that can be applied in different missions

Enabling objectives

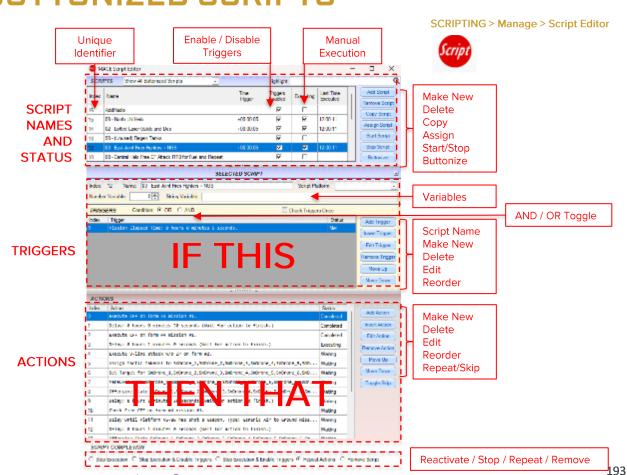
- Recap if this then that scripting
- Understand buttonized scripts must be abstracted from referring to specific mission entities
- Know how to make a simple script suitable for buttonization
- Understand the different save options for buttonized scripts
- Know how to save a buttonized script and move into the correct category
- Know how to retrieve a buttonized script
- Know how to apply a buttonized script in a mission
- Understand the functions of the pseudo code logical functions in the script editor



Script Editor Overview

- Script Status List
 - Add New and Name
 - Unique Identifier
 - Copy and adjust
 - Manual Start/Stop
 - Buttonize for Later Missions
- Trigger Status List
 - Rename Script
 - Add Triggers
 - Edit Triggers
 - Set conditions AND/OR
- Action Status List
 - Per Script
 - Add Multiple Actions
 - (Usually) Assigned to a Platform
 - Delete Actions
 - Change Order of Actions
 - Repeat/Skip
- End of Script Actions





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Making scripts abstracted - usable in any mission

- SPECIFIC: Scripts that refer to specific platforms can only be used in the mission in which they were created
- ABSTRACTED: Scripts that refer to script variable rather than specific callsign can be applied to platforms in any mission
 - These scripts can be Buttonized and appear on the Scripting toolbar
 - These scripts are saved in folders outside of a mission file they can be imported to edit
 - Select a platform and click the button to apply the script

Buttonized Scripts 180 Left Selecting an air platform and clicking this button would turn the platform through 180 degrees to the right Abort Abort Now Attack Attack - Launch and Decide Attack Beam Left

Mission Specific Entities

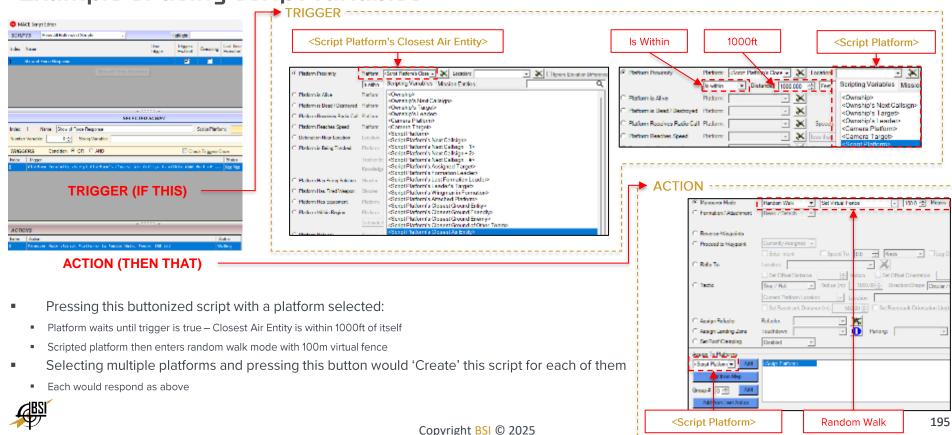
Scripting Variables	Mission Entities
Generic S_2 Generic S_6 Generic T_4 Generic T_7 Radar_3 Radar_5	

Abstract Entities (Scripting Variables)

```
Scripting Variables Mission Entities
<Ownship>
<Ownship's Next Callsign>
<Ownship's Target>
<Ownship's Leader>
<Camera Platform>
<Camera Target>
<Script Platform>
<Script Platform's Next Callsign>
<Script Platform's Next Callsign + 1>
<Script Platform's Next Callsian + 2>
<Script Platform's Next Callsian + #>
<Script Platform's Assigned Target>
<Script Platform's Formation Leader>
<Script Platform's Last Formation Leader>
<Script Platform's Leader's Target>
<Script Platform's Wingman in Formation>
<Script Platform's Attached Platform>
<Script Platform's Closest Ground Entity>
<Script Platform's Closest Ground Friendly>
<Script Platform's Closest Ground Enemy>
<Script Platform's Closest Ground of Other Team>
<Script Platform's Closest Air Entity>
<Script Platform's Closest Air Friendly>
<Script Platform's Closest Air Enemy>
<Script Platform's Closest Air of Other Team>
<Script Platform's Closest Vehicle>
<Script Platform's Closest Friendly Vehicle>
<Script Platform's Closest Vacant Friendly Vehicle>
<Script Platform's Closest Enemy Vehicle>
<Script Platform's Closest Friendly Type:##TYPE##>
<Script Platform's Closest Enemy Type:##TYPE##>
```



Example of using script variables



Buttonize Options

Select additional options for the buttonized script

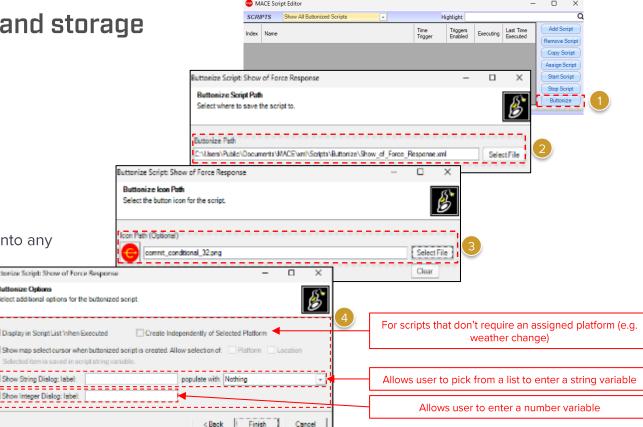
Buttonize save options and storage

- When script is complete:
 - (1) Select script and click [Buttonize]
 - (2) Select a path (The appropriate folder)
 - Air to Air
 - Air to Ground
 - Platform
 - etc.
 - (3) Choose an Icon
 - (4) Select Options

Buttonized scripts can be imported into any mission – edited and re-saved



string variable input e.g. location

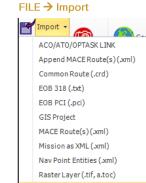




Moving and Editing buttonized scripts

- Edit scripts where the original mission is missing
 - FILE → Import/Export → Import → Scripts (.xml)
- Moving Scripts
 - (1) C:\Users\Public\Documents\MACE\xml\Scripts
 - (2) Move script to new folder
 - (3) If MACE is running Reload Scripting Bar to reorganise the buttons

Moving Scripts District Public > Public Decuments > MACE + smile Scripts > Extenses ■ Name Date readified Type 11/04/2023 12:04 File folder Reload Scripting Bar 11/84/2029 13/04 11/04/2019 12/14 Hicksider 11/04/2023 12:04 Riefolder 11/86/2023 12/04 1914/202114:94 Nofelder 5856 11/04/2020 12:04 Riefolder 11/19/2015 12/16 Add Radio-Transmit 09/03/2023 11:10 Microsoft Edge II 💽 Share of Face Response 12/84/2020 12/06 Microsoft Fidge H 🕟 Stop: Platform's Scripts 04/11/20/8 10:14 MicrosoftbilgeH



Scripts (,xml)

Vector Layer (.shp, vpf)

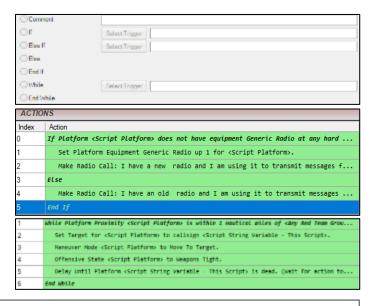
XCITE Scenario (.mvn, .scen)

VRSG Cultural (.clt)
Weather Scenario Content (.csv)



Pseudo Code - Conditions in Scripts

- In addition to basic sequential flow
 - First to last action
- Scripts can use logical basic statements
 - Delay Until Stop the sequence until something is true
 - Perform loops
 - Conditional statements
 - Go-to's
- Statements can be nested inside each other



- Comments Don't perform any action used to explain to the user what the next collection of actions is for
- While Takes a trigger; all the time tigger condition is true the actions within the while statement will be repeated; if the while condition fails the next action run is AFTER the End While statement
- If takes a trigger; and runs the actions ONCE inside the if statement
- Else If follows an if and is an additional statement to check and execute actions within if the first if is not true, it cycles through each else if statements to see if their condition is true and executes the actions within
- Else is catch all after If or If Else statements it executes if none of the conditions in the other if statements are true



Pseudo Code - Conditions in Scripts

Independent IF Statements

- --- IF Δ
 - + ... do C actions
- → End IF.
- → If B
 - + ... Do D actions
- → End IF.

One or both of these actions may be accomplished.

- If only A is met, then C actions are performed.
- If only B is met, then D actions are performed.
- If A and B are met, then both C and D actions are performed.
- If neither A nor B are met, then no actions are performed.

If / Else If / Else

- IF Δ
 - + ... do C actions
- + Else If B
 - ... do D actions
- Else
 - + ... Do E actions
- → End IF.

Only one set of actions will be accomplished.

- If A is met, then C actions are performed. Once the C actions are complete, the script will continue after the End If.
- If A is not met, then the B condition is checked. If B is met, then D actions are performed. Once the D actions are complete, the script will continue after the End If.
- If both A and B are not met, then the E actions are performed. Once the E actions are complete, the script will continue after the End If.

Nested IF and Else IF Statements

- IF A
 - ... do V actions
 - If B
 - do W actions
 - Else
 - do X actions
 - Fnd IF
- Else
 - Do Z actions
- End IF

Multiple sets of action may be accomplished

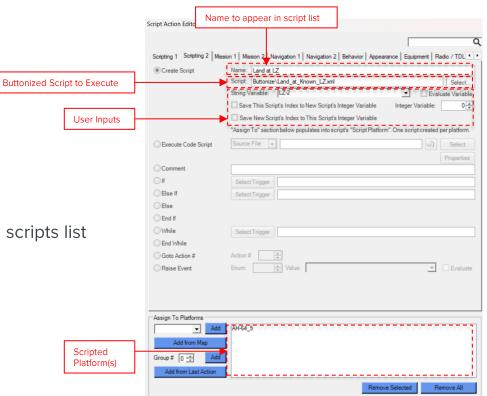
- If A is met, then V actions are performed. Rather than jumping to the End If, scripting will check if the B condition is satisfied. If it is met, then W actions are performed. The script skips past the X actions because B was met, performs the Y actions, then continues after the last End IF shown.
- If A is met, then V actions are performed. Rather than jumping to the End If, scripting will check if the B condition is satisfied. If it is not met, then W actions are skipped and X actions are performed. The script then performs Y actions, then continues after the last End If shown.
- If A is not met, then scripting skips everything within the A block and jumps to the last Else case to perform the Z actions, then continues after the last End If Shown.



MISSION EDITING BUTTONIZED SCRIPTS AND PSEUDO CODE

Calling/Creating Buttonized Scripts from Other Scripts

- Call a buttonized script from any other script
 - Replaces selecting platform manually
 - Pressing button
 - Entering data / clicking map
- Need to Specify:
 - <Script Platform>
 - User Inputs
 - <Script String Variable>
 - <Sctipt Integer Variable>
- Name what appears when script is 'created' in scripts list





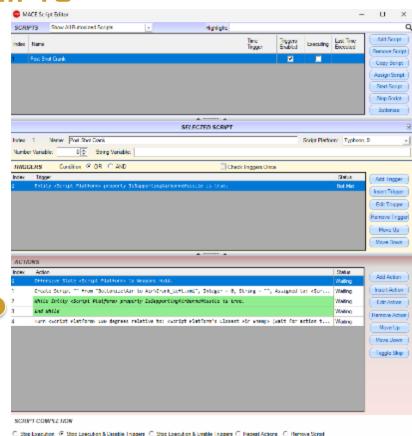
Example – Air to Air Post Shot Crank

- Trigger
 - (1) <Script Platform> property: lsSupportingAirborneMissile = TRUE
- Actions
 - (2) Calling Another Buttonized Script on <Scripted Platform>
 - (3) 'Wait while loop' Condition: IsSupportingAirborneMissile = TRUE
 - (4) Standard 180 turn relative to <Closest Air Enemy>



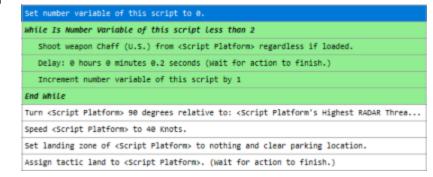
Shortest Direction of Turn

..., ight BSI © 2025



Evasion (Reaction Posture) Scripts

- Beam Break Lock
 - Trigger
 - Is the response to threat no other conditional triggers required
 - Actions
 - Scripting 1 Set Number Variable to 0 (Counter)
 - Scripting 2 While Trigger
 - While Script Number Variable Less than 2
 - Equipment Shoot Weapon "Chaff" regardless
 - Scripting 1 Delay "0.2"
 - Scripting 1 Increment script number variable
 - Scripting 2 End While
 - Navigation 1 Turn Left/Right "90" Relative to <Scripted Platform's Highest RADAR Threat>
 - Navigation 1 Speed to "40"
 - Set Landing Zone "" clears it
 - Assign Tactic "Land"





Student Exercise

- 1. Make a new mission
- 2. Open the script editor
- 3. Add a new script called "Add Radio and Transmit"
- 4. There are no triggers the button will be the trigger
- 5. In the actions add the IF action from Scripting 2 tab and select a Trigger 'Entity Has Equipment' <Script Platform> Does Not Have Generic Radio ☑ at any hardpoint
- 6. Insert inside the IF statement an action from Mission 2 tab to 'Set platform equipment' Add 1 Generic Radio no hardpoint; assign this to <Script Platform>
- 7. Insert another action inside the IF statement from the Radio/TDL tab Make a Radio Call "Text for the call" on a frequency of your choice; assign this to <Script Platform>
- 8. Insert an Else statement from the Scripting 2 tab
- 9. Inside the Else statement Insert action from the Radio/TDL tab Make a Radio Call "Text for the call" on a frequency of your choice; assign this to <Script Platform>
- 10. Ensure the end IF comes after all of the above use the Move Up/Down buttons to get all in the right place
- 11. Save your mission
- 12. Play your mission and test your script by adding a Generic Human to the map Assign this as the Script platform for you script and Execute
- 13. If your script function correctly for both conditions buttonize it pressing the Buttonize button
- 14. Change the folder where the script is to be stored to the 'Platform' folder
- 15. Choose an icon for you script
- 16. Select the appropriate options for the script none and finish
- 17. Load and start a new mission e.g. Tutorial 3 add a human without a radio and test your script



Learning objective:

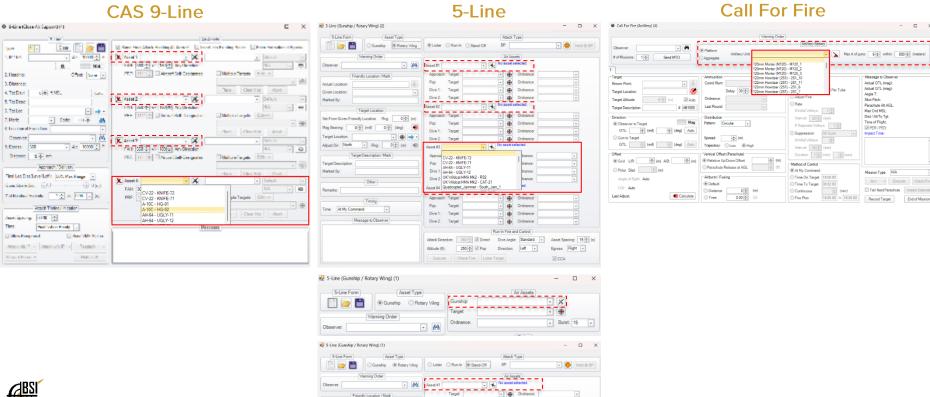
To be able to use the common elements of any form-based attack in MACE

Enabling objectives

- Understand how to select attacking assets in 9-Line, 5-Line, and Call for fire forms
- Understand how to select targets in 9-Line, 5-Line, and Call for fire forms
- Understand how to select ordnance in 9-Line, 5-Line, and Call for fire forms
- Understand how to change attack profile and delivery parameters in 9-Line, 5-Line, and Call for fire forms
- Understand how to select attack initiation timing in 9-Line, 5-Line, and Call for fire forms
- Understand how to execute 9-Line, 5-Line, and Call for fire forms

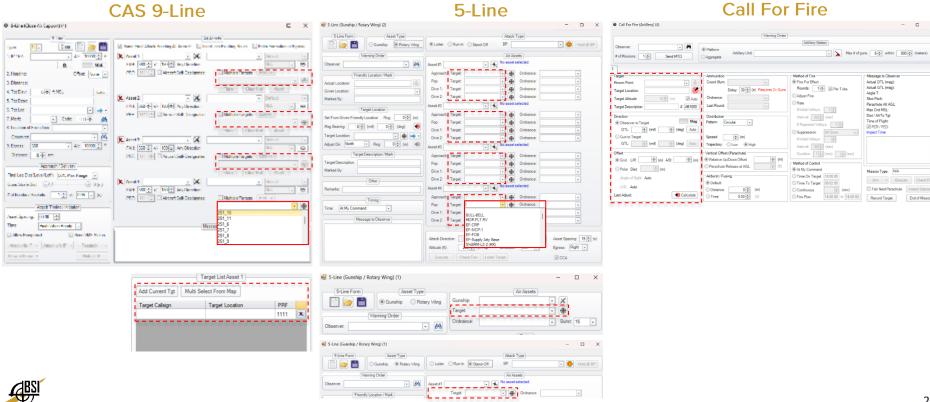


Select Attacking Asset



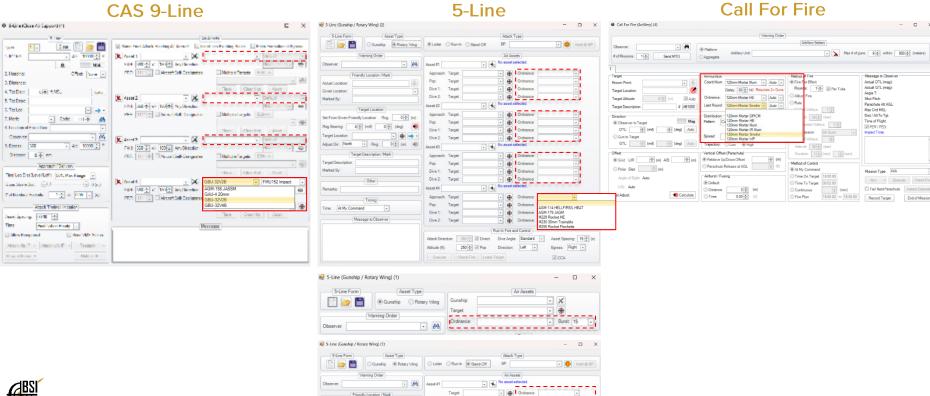


Select Target



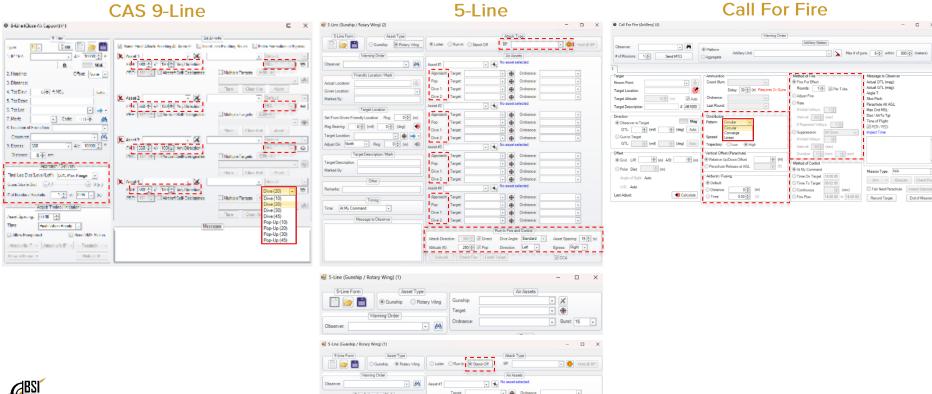


Select Ordnance



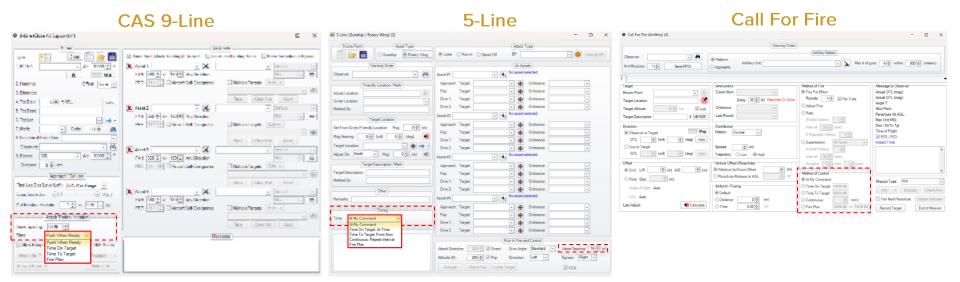


Select Profile & Delivery Parameters



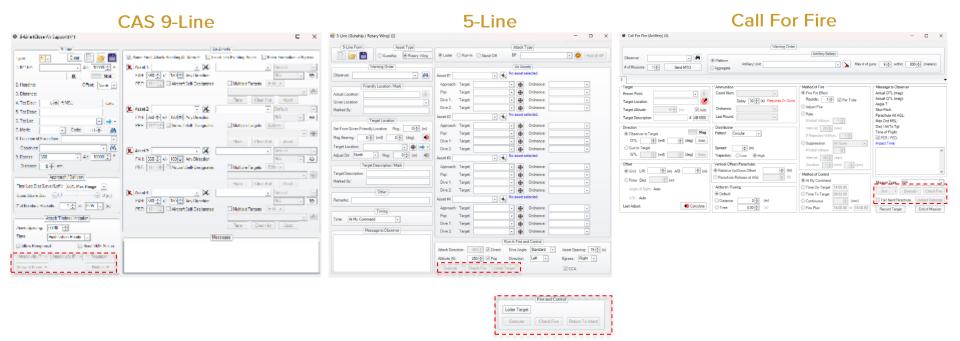


Select Timing For Initiation





Execute





Learning objective:

To be able to use the 9-Line form to carry out simple controlled air to ground attacks within MACE

Enabling objectives

- Understand the components of the 9-Line form (Aircraft control, Weapon Delivery, and Information)
- Know how to enter attack start point data
- Understand how target location is handled within the form
- Know how to enter target location data and transfer to attacking aircraft
- Know how to enter egress data
- Know how to perform a show of force on a given line of attack
- Know how to attack a specific moving vehicle on a given line of attack without using an IP
- Know how to attack a target using a known point (IP) for ingress and a known point for Egress
- Understand how what will happen if a reattack is commanded
- Know how to abort an attack, and what the aircraft will do when aborting
- Know how to output flares
- Understand the weapon parameters (multiple bombs, strafe distance, close far release etc)



Recap Adding Weapons

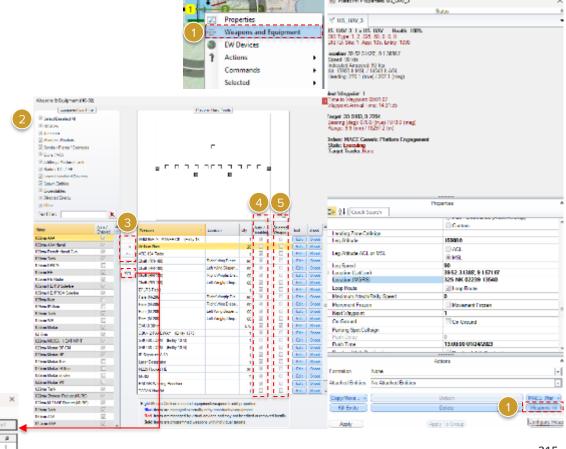
- (1) Access Weapons and Equipment Form
 - Via the Context Menu
 - RMB on Platform > Weapons and Equipment
 - Via Platform Properties
 - Bottom of form Weapons >>
- (2) Use the filters to find weapons
- (3) Use to add / Remove weapons
- --> Add 1 x Weapon
- <-- Remove 1 x Weapon</p>
- <<-- Remove ALL weapons</p>
- (4) Change Quantity of Weapons
- (5) Enable/Disable Auto
 - Allows constructive (semi automatic) use weapons/ equipment

Standard Conventional Load

Visual Detection Arborne IV/L/SI

Hardpoint.

Seve SCL

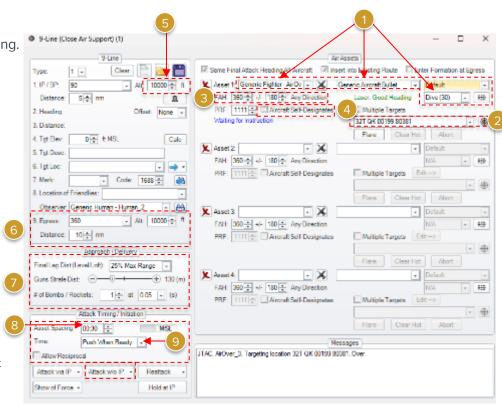




MACE FORM CONTROLLED ATTACKS 1 - SIMPLE CAS - AIR ASSET, WEAPON, PROFILE Select Aircraft Select Weapon Select Fuse -START POINT - IP (3D) (Optional) Select Attack Profile 9 -Line (Close Air Support) (1) Fither: Type 9-Line Pick From Map Same Final Attack Heading All Aircraft Insert Into Existing Route 90°/5nm Pick From List 10.000ft 1. IP / BP: - Alt 10000 th ★ Asset 1: Generic Fighter - AirOv → ★ Multiple Any of the From TGT FAH: 380 + + 180 Any Direction 5 nm Distance: Laser: Good Heading Dive (30) above PRF: 1111 - Aircraft Self-Designates Multiple Targets 2. Heading: Offset: None + Or Known Point From List 3. Distance: Or generate keyhole points 4. Tat Elev: 0 € t MSL Calc X Asset 2: - X 5. Tat Desc: -END POINT (3D) FAH: 360 + + 180 Any Direction RE0 6. Tat Loc: 360°/10nm Multiple Targeta Edit -> 1111 - Aircraft Self-Designate: 7. Mark: Code: 1688 -10.000ft -ATTACK HEADING (+DESIGNATE) - -8. Location of Friendlies: From TGT FAH +/- Tolerance Observer: Generic Human - Human 2 PRF (if required) Asset 3: → Alt 10000 ÷ † Self Designate 9. Egress: FAH: 360 + + 180 Any Direction (if no external mark) Distance: 10 nm PRF: 1111 Aircraft Self-Designates Multiple Targets Set Laser code Approach / Deliviers Clear Hot Abort Final Leg Dist (Level/Loft): 25% Max Range X Asset 4: Default Or Known Point From List FAH: 360 +/- 180 Any Direction RED # of Bomba / Rocketa: 1 at 0.05 - (a) PRF: 1111 - Aircraft Self-Designates Multiple Targets Edit -> -NO. OF WEAPONS AND RELEASE RANGE -DURING ATTACK Select Number Attack Timing/Initiation DON'T FORGET Clear Hot Select Release Range (%/nm) Asset Spacing: 00:30 😩 MSI Clear Hot Abort Select Release Interval (s) COMMENCE ATTACK METHOD Push When Ready a. Select Spacing (1< Aircraft) Strafe Distance (if required) Allow Reciprocal PWR / TOT / TTT / Fire Plan Attack via IP . Attack w/o IP . Reattack Attack From: IP/No IP Show of Force / Hold at IP 216 Show of Force + Hold at IP

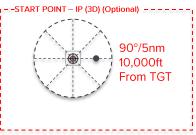
Attack Without IP - No Start Point

- Air asset will self-generate waypoints to arrive on final attack heading.
 Must have:
 - Air Asset Info
 - (1) Weapon Fuse Profile
 - (2) Target Location
 - (3) Attack Heading
 - (4) Who designates (matched PRF with designator if not self designating)
 - Ingress Altitude + Egress Altitude and Position
 - (5) Ingress Altitude
 - (6) Egress Altitude and end position (relative to target)
 - (7) Approach and Delivery Parameters
 - Can leave as default if required
 - Attack Timing / Initiation
 - (8) Spacing between assets (wpn on target) not required if only 1 asset
 - (9) Time
 - Push when ready = immediate attack
 - Time to Target = time from pressing the button e.g. 2mins 35 secs
 - Time on Target = Mission time for weapons to impact target e.g. 12:45:30
 - Fire Plan = on fire plan (see later lesson)



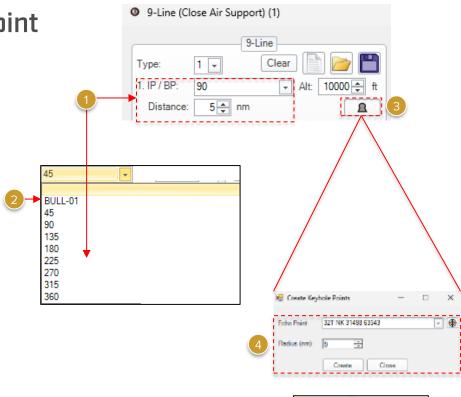


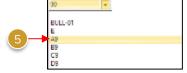
Attack Via IP - A specified 3D Start Point



- Air asset will fly via a specified start point to target
- Must have All the required elements for Attack w/o IP and:
 - IP/BP Either
 - (1) Select a heading and distance FROM target to be start point
 OR
 - (2) A Known Point OR
 - (3) Generate Keyhole Points from target then select as Known Point
 - (4) Pick an Echo Point and a radius to generate known points at North/East/South/West Compass points
 - (5) Select from list as with **Known Points** (2)





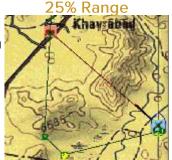




Attack Without IP - No Start Point

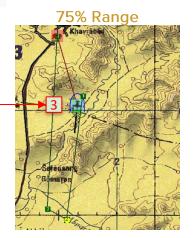
% Max Range

 Changes run in length for the attack and point at which weapon is released



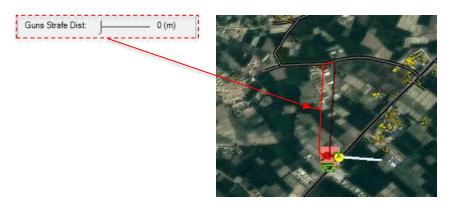
Final Leg Dist (Level/Loft): 25% Max Range 🔻

Original line up waypoint



Strafe Distance

 Strafe distance across the ground beyond the target along the FAH



Number of Bombs and Interval

 Number of weapons released PER AIRCRAFT in the attack and interval between releases





Student Exercise - Link to Online Solution Video

- 1. (00:10) Place a JTAC and several EF platforms on the ground including: moving vehicles on a route cultural buildings (from MACE Cultural)
- 2. (03:28) Add to the mission: 2 x Fighter type ground attack aircraft (e.g. Generic Fighter) 1xBomber Aircraft 1xUAV (in a figure-8 orbit)
- 3. (04:44) Add at least 5 unguided bombs to the bomber
- 4. (05:08) Add 2 known points about 7nm from the target area Change their callsign and labels to something sensible Ensure the labels are visible on the mission area
- 5. (06:50) Start the mission
- 6. (07:05) Use the 9-Line Form to: instruct a 'Fighter Aircraft' to perform an immediate show of force not using an IP- on a southeast to northwest FAH over the target set- egressing to the north 5nm / 20,000ft
- 7. (09:19) Manually dispense flares at the overflight point
- 8. (09:27) Use the 9-line to set up 2 fighter aircraft 30s trail attack at 500ft ingress AGL from an IP with a sensible FAH for the IP position, pop dive an unguided bomb on to target. Egress to 6000ft North 3nm.
- 9. (11:59) Clear first aircraft Hot
- 10. (12:18) Abort the second aircraft
- 11. (12:42) Perform a reattack on the same form
- 12. (13:14) Abort the first aircraft and clear the 2nd hot
- 13. (13:49) Repeat using only 1 Aircraft but this time: a loft profile on a different FAH attacking without IP cleared hot
- 14. (14:39) In the layer manager Weapons tab ensure: target line, guidance, altitude and type are ticked
- 15. (15:10) Use a new 9-Line to instruct 'Fighter Aircraft' to: use a guided weapon (e.g. GBU), self designated attack from medium level (10,000ft) starting from a key-hole point B-5 on a northerly attack heading egressing to the overhead

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Student Exercise - Link to Online Solution Video

- 16. (17:05) Clear the aircraft hot
- 17. (17:20) Observe the weapon release to impact: weapon target line aircraft guidance line and PRF impact
- 18. (18:20) In environment settings set surface wind 180 10kts and a 5,000ft wind of 30kts from 180 and 10,000ft wind 180 at 50kts then tick winds effect aircraft and winds effect weapons
- 19. (19:04) Setup a new CAS-9 Line form with the bomber drop 4 unguided weapons from 25,000ft onto one of the ground targets attacking on 90° or reciprocal using 270 / 7nm as a start point
- 20. (20:09) Send the bomber to hold at the IP
- 21. (20:21) Attack via IP
- 22. (20:45) Clear the aircraft hot and watch the trajectory of the aircraft and the bombs
- 23. (21:40) Use CTRL+ALT to view the bomb impact points on the MACE map
- 24. (21:57) Reset winds to not affect weapons or aircraft
- 25. (22:09) Use a new 9-Line to instruct a 'Fighter Aircraft' to: attack a moving target high angle dive strafe (guns) without-IP with a spread of rounds over the ground
- 26. (24:47) Use CTRL+ALT to view the bullet impact points on the MACE map



MACE FORM CONTROLLED ATTACKS 2 – ADVANCED CAS

Learning objective:

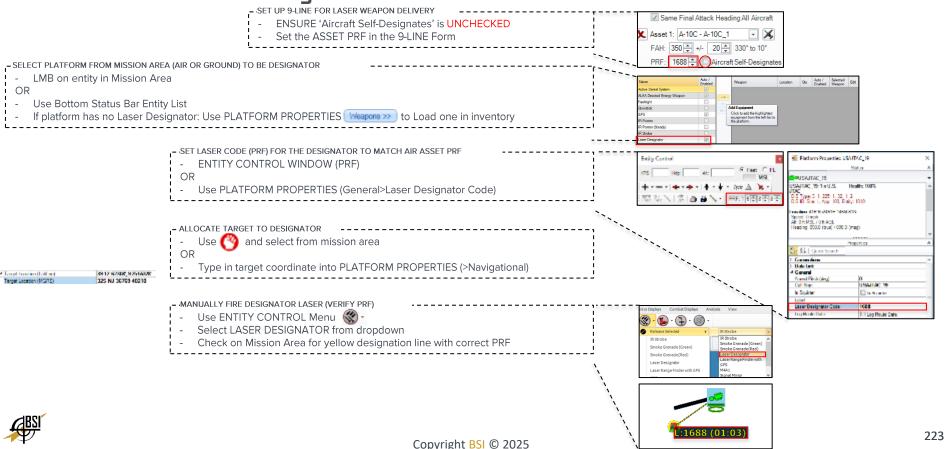
To be able to use the 9-Line form to carry out advanced coordinated attacks within MACE

Enabling objectives

- Understand what the range and weapon release timing parameters of the 9-Line form do
- Know how to ground designate using a ground platform entirely from the MACE GUI
- Understand what laser attenuation system settings do
- Know how to change aircraft and designation platform pulse repetition frequencies for laser attacks
- Know how to complete a Time on Target autonomous self lased PGM attack
- Understand how MACE displays laser designation in the mission area
- Know how to conduct a bomb on coordinate ground designated laser attack
- Know how to conduct a multiple aircraft attack with multiple targets



Off Platform Laser Designation



Time on Target / Time to Target

- Attack Timing
 - Push when ready = immediate attack
 - Time to Target = time from pressing the button e.g. 2 mins 00 secs

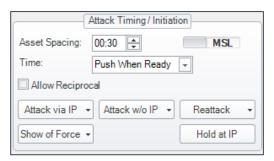


Time on Target = Mission time for weapons to impact target e.g. 18:00:00



- To help with selecting a good TTT or TOT
 - Use the Attack via IP OR Attack w/o IP dropdown to Estimate TTT







MACE FORM CONTROLLED ATTACKS 2 – ADVANCED CAS

Student Exercise - Link to Online Solution Video

- 1. (<u>00:09</u>) Place a JTAC and several EF platforms on the ground including: moving vehicles on a route cultural buildings (from MACE Cultural)
- 2. (03:24) Add a ground-attack aircraft (e.g. Generic Fighter) ensure it has a mixture of laser guided bombs, missiles and a laser designator place it in an out of intent racetrack
- 3. (03:54) Duplicate the platform and place the duplicate in formation with the first aircraft
- 4. (04:09) Use the 'System Settings' options to select weather attenuation on
- 5. (<u>04:18</u>) Use 'Mission Settings' set the environment visibility to 5,000m
- 6. (<u>04:26</u>) Add a human entity about 1km from one of the static targets Equip them with a laser designator Allocate a target and check line of sight to it
- 7. (05:23) Change the human's 'Laser Code' (PRF) in 'Platform Properties' to 1688 Manually fire the laser at the target and cease Verify the PRF by looking at the code displayed by the target on the MACE map.
- 8. (05:39) Start the mission (Optionally) setup ARMOR in a way that best allows you to observe attacks with trails and labels as you like them
- 9. (06:02) Set up a 9 Line so that the aircraft does not designate its own weapon select a laser-guided weapon (e.g. Generic GBU) ensure the PRF on the air asset matches the PRF for your ground platform (1688) pick the target from the map but click near to the target that is to be designated by the ground platform by about 50m check the FAH is within a good laser arc for the lasing ground entity set release point for 50% max weapon range
- 10. (06:45) Set a reasonable TTT (using the Estimate TTT function)
- 11. (07:01) Attack without IP & Clear Hot
- 12. (07:32) Ensure Weapons Guidance and Target Line are selected in the layer manager Weapons Section



MACE FORM CONTROLLED ATTACKS 2 – ADVANCED CAS

Student Exercise - Link to Online Solution Video

- 13. (07:32) Ensure Weapons Guidance and Target Line are selected in the layer manager Weapons Section
- 14. (07:55) Immediately after weapon release manually fire the laser from the human at their targeted entity
- 15. (08:15) Note when the weapon starts guiding to the target guidance line and laser designator line terminate at same point limited by the environment visibility
- 16. (08:34) Switch off the laser Change the environment visibility to greater than 20km
- 17. (09:04) Repeat the attack using: a suitable TOT instead of TTT 25% max weapon range release point
- 18. (09:57) While the fighter is routing for the attack select another target for the human to lase recheck line of sight for the designator
- 19. (10:47) As the aircraft approaches the release point, fire the laser from the ground entity onto its targeted entity
- 20. (11:31) Set up a 9-Line with 2 assets for self-designation of laser guided bombs and/or laser guided missiles on a 4 x separate targets (2 per aircraft) with different laser codes (PRFs) on different FAHs and rejoining formation after the attack at a TOT at least +5min into the future with a 45s spacing between air assets. Set 75% Range Level Delivery
- 21. (12:45) Attack without IP and Clear Hot



Learning objective:

To be able to use 5-line form to carry out rotary wing attacks and Gunship attacks

Enabling objectives

- Understand the components of the 5-line including those essential for the attack
- Know how the 5-line flight parameters loiter, egress, attack hdg, altitude, bump, dive effect the attacks
- Know how to add 5-line locations map, range and bearing
- Know how to conduct Loiter (orbit) attacks
- Know how to conduct BP to target (Run-in) attacks
- Know how to attack from BP (Stand-off) attacks
- Know how to conduct Gunship attacks from a target position relative to friendly location
- Know how to adjust fire with gunship attacks



Rotary Wing

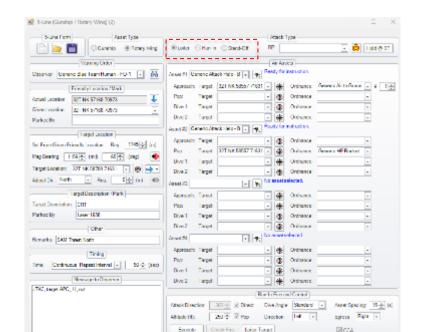
- Three attack types:
 - Loiter
 - Asset circles the target until ordered to attack
 - Continue circle to pick up FAH
 - Re-join loiter after attack
 - Requires a target position 1st to know where to loiter
 - Run-In
 - Originate from and return to a battle position (BP)
 - Requires a BP to be selected
 - Hold at BP will route asset to the BP and stop them
 - Execute would route via BP to the target
 - Stand-Off
 - Assets descend for cover from either their current position or from a Battle Position (BP)

Clare Riberts Country 15 No.

- When attacking they ascend fire then descend back into cover
- "Take Cover" = assets descend to 50 ft AGL and hover in place OR Rally to BP and do the same

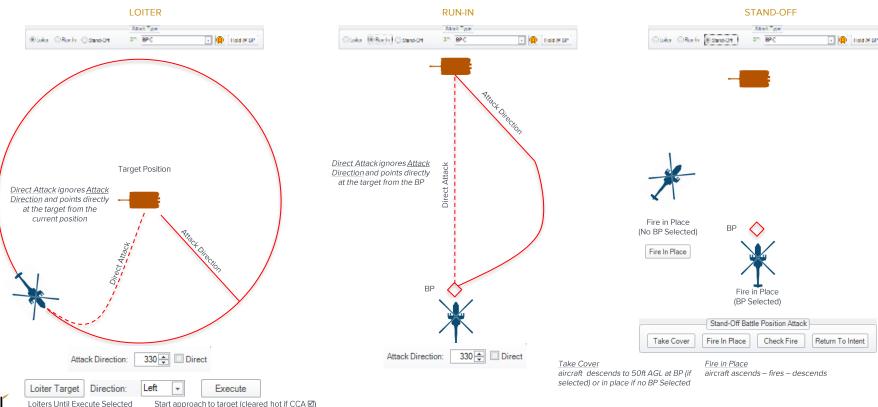
Stand-Off Battle Position Attack





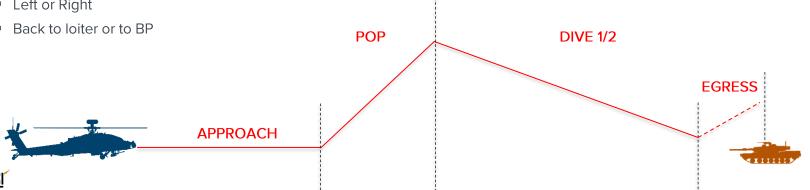
- Q HARME

Rotary Wing - Attack Types vs Behaviours

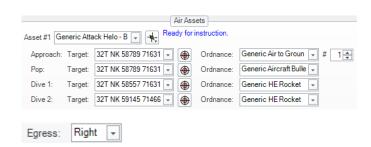


Rotary Wing – Final Attack Profiles

- **Approach**
 - On FAH but before pop
- POP
 - Gaining altitude before dive
- **Dive 1/2**
 - Occur simultaneously
 - Can allocate separate ordnance for up to 2 targets
- **Egress**
 - Left or Right

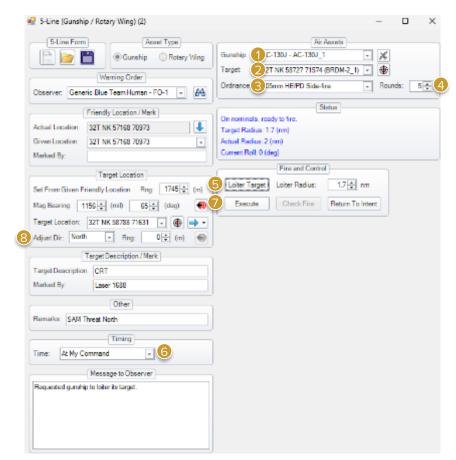


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Gunship - Initial Attack

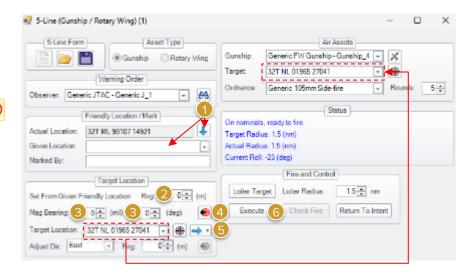
- (1) Select Asset
- (2) Select Target ((5)Move to Loiter)
- (3) Select Weapon
- (4) Select number of rounds
- (5) Loiter on Target (if not already)
- (6) Select Timing
 - TTT
 - TOT
 - AMC
 - Continuous
- (7) Execute
- (8) Adjust Fire If Required (see next)





Gunship – Target location relative to friendly

- (1) Type in friendly location
 - OR (1) populate with Observer Location (using blue arrow)
- (2) Select range of Target from friendly location
- (3) Select bearing (Mils or Deg) from friendly location
- (4) Press the calculate button to populate target location
- (5) Assign the target to the Air Asset
- (6) Execute the attack (as required)





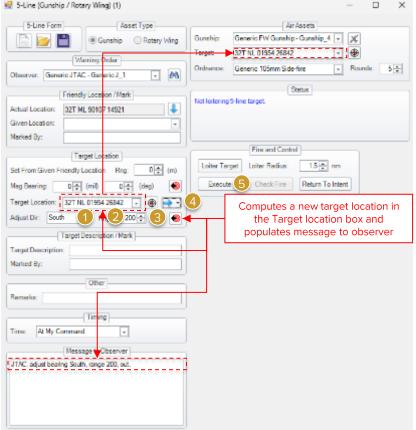
Gunship – Adjusting Fire

- (1) Select Adjust Direction (from last impact)
- (2) Select range (from last impact)
- (3) Calculate new target Location
- (4) Assign Target to Ait Asset
- (5) Execute Attack Execute

TIP - VIEW IMPACTS ON THE MACE MAP

Press <CTRL> + <ALT> to see numbered in order impact points on the map







Student Exercise - Link to Online Solution Video

- 1. On the IOS Create a mission with 2xAH 1 has a racetrack of waypoints, the other is in Line abreast formation. Add a selection of EF personnel on random walk and a selection of static vehicles all within 100m of each other at least 10 targets.
- 2. Add 2 known points one north and one south of the target by about 6km
- Add a Blue Team Soldier or JTAC to the scenario and check they have line of sight to the target set make them invulnerable and concealed using platform properties and set their reaction posture to 'Do Nothing'
- 4. Conduct an attack from loiter with 1 AH ASAP using guns from the loiter on any direction using standard dive angle. Check fire halfway through the attack.
- 5. Conduct a Run-in attack from one of the known points as the BP with both AH split by 15s on a specific attack direction with standard dive angle from 250 ft Each helo should fire on different targets to each other and fire on 3 targets each during the attack: using a long range weapon (missile) on approach, guns on pop, and rockets on the dive
- 6. Select Stand-off attack and instruct the aircraft to Hold @BP then fire in place at the remaining targets using a long-range weapon (missile)
- 7. Make the aircraft take cover then return them to intent
- 8. Resurrect all targets and Rally the AH out of the area (CTRL + RMB)
- 9. At Runtime add a Gunship aircraft and use the Delta Orbit function to orbit away from the target set
- 10. Use the range and bearing map tool to estimate the correct range and bearing parameters to define the target position relative to the observer in the 5-Line form enter them on the form, calculate target position and assign to the gunship
- 11. Get the AC130 to loiter the target point an wait until it is 'on nominals'
- 12. Select ammunition and conduct an at my command attack. Adjust fire to destroy each of the remaining targets switching ammo type on some of the attacks as appropriate for the target



Learning objective:

Understand how to use indirect fire units within MACE using the call for fire form

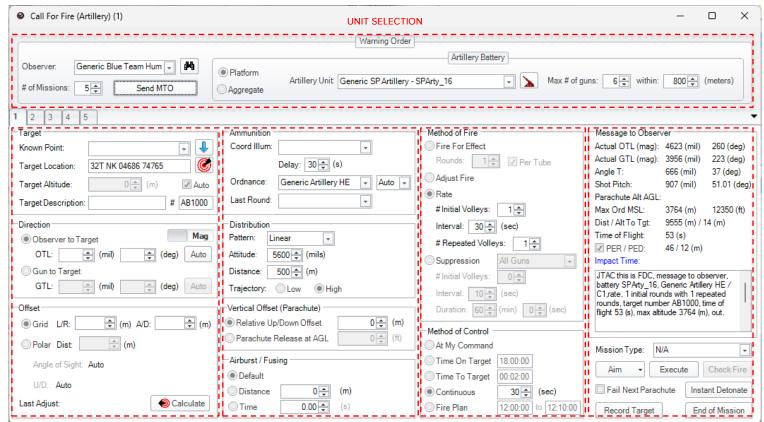
Enabling objectives

- Understand the component parts of the CFF Form
- Know how to select multiple fires units
- Know how to select an observer
- Know how to input a Target grid in2D and 3D
- Understand auto-elevation and its effect on the rest of the form
- Understand how polar distance and OT or GT Bearing create a new target grid on a calculation
- Understand different distribution patterns and how to specify them
- Understand how to Aim and check trajectory for a mission
- Know how to use OTL and GTL adjustment in MACE
- Know how to execute and adjust a basic adjust fire mission with Grid Adjust
- Know how to convert adjust fire to Fire For Effect
- Understand the effect of PER/PED
- Know how to instantly detonate
- Know how to record a target

Enabling objectives cont...

- Know how to conduct a basic rate of fire mission
- Know how to conduct a suppression mission
- Know how to fire 'at my command', TTT and TOT, or continuous
- Know how to set up a basic illum mission
- Know how to change an illum mission to get illum on the deck
- Understand how coordinated illumination works.
- Understand what End Mission does







TARGET POSITION
AND
ADJUST

AMMUNITION AND DETONATION CHARACTERISTICS

METHOD OF FIRE AND TIMINGS

KEY INFORMATION MESSAGES AND EXECUTION

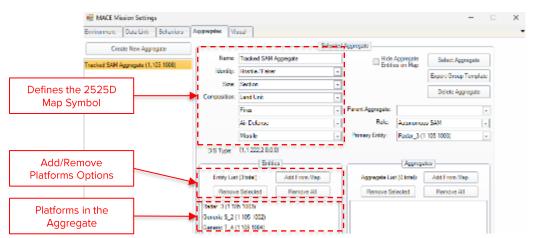
AGGREGATE REFRESHER

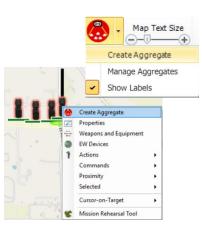
Saving and exporting aggregates

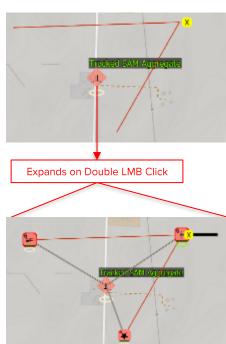
- Aggregates = groups of more than 1 entity
- Can be assigned MIL STD 2525D Symbol
- Can be assigned to a 'Parent Aggregate'

Create an Aggregate by:

- Select multiple entities
- VIEW → Entity View → Aggregate > Create Aggregate
- MACE 2025 Select group RMB on Group Create Aggregate









Selecting Units



- Observer pick 1 from map or list
- Artillery Battery 2 Methods
 - Platform and Distance Pick Lead Gun (Dropdown or Map Pick) and max number of guns within a distance radius from the lead

Aggregate – Any (artillery enabled) aggregate in the mission – includes all the guns in the

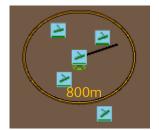
aggregate



 ι_{-1}^{-1}

- Example 1
 - Centre gun as shown
 - Max Number of Guns 4
 - Within 800m
 - RESULT: 4 Guns Selected

- Example 2
- Centre gun as shown
- Max Number of Guns 2
- Within 800m
- RESULT: 2 Guns Selected



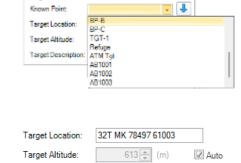
6 assets type Generic SP Artillery available, munitions Generic Artillery HE, Generic Artillery Illum, Generic Artillery Smoke,

When Artillery Battery is Selected – Message Window displays units and available ammo



Target Location

- 3 Methods
 - Known Point
 - Select from list
 - Assign as Target
 - Type Target Location
 - Can specify target altitude or Auto Calculate



- Pick From Map
- Or specify in the Adjust Section as a Polar Position (see next)



Target Location - Adjustment

- Adjustments will be made along a line that joins
 - Observer position to target position (OTL) Or Gun position to target position (GTL)
 - The line can be entered incorrectly / arbitrarily
- Either: Specify a GTL or OTL Manually OR Auto calculate the GTL or OTL

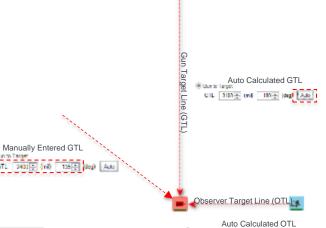
To Adjust Target Position

- Pick the line to adjust along Auto / Manual GTL or OTL
- Grid Adjust
 - Adjusts from LAST TARGET POSITION
 - ADD meters along the line away from the Gun or Observer
 - DROP meters along the line towards the Gun or Observer
 - LEFT or RIGHT of the line orientated from the Observer or Gun
 - For confirmation, last adjustment made is displayed
- Polar Adjust
 - Will Place new target position at 'Dist' specified along the specified GTL/OTL
 - If 'auto altitude; not selected, then additional options for angle of sight are active





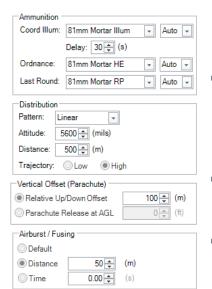








Ammunition / Distribution



Ammunition

- Fill in if you want last round to be different e.g. Marking round after suppress
- Coordinate Illum set delay before first non-illum round impact

Distribution

- Linear Centre point aim (attitude & width)
- Circular Currently random within width
- Converge Point detonation with PER

Trajectory

High or Low = Large effect on TOF and Maximum Height of Ordnance (Max Ord)

Vertical Offset

- Illum ammunition is fired with an optimum (default) bloom and release point at burnout
- Can reduce height to make illum burn on deck or release chute early
- NB Parachute fail option in Execution Section

Execute

Fail Next Parachute

Check Fire

Airburst/Fusing

- Default sets the default for the ammunition- but can be overridden by distance or time
- Adjust up and down in m from target OR time from target



Circular

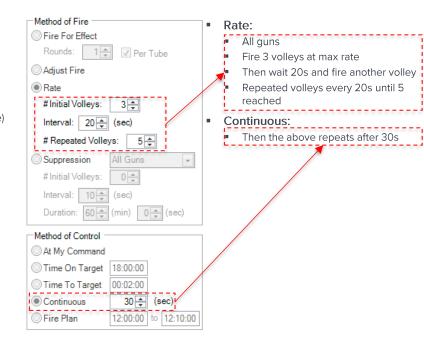
Method of Fire / Control

Method of Fire

- Fire For Effect
 - Maximum rate for each gun
 - Per tube = all units, without = 1 unit
- Adjust Fire
 - Single Unit Single Round will fire
 - Use the adjust controls in targeting section to make each adjustment (See Adjusting Fire Slide)
 - Must hit CALCULATE see Target Grid Change (See Adjusting Fire Slide)
- Rate
 - No. of initial rounds at max rate followed by...
 - Repeated volleys at an Interval of ?? s for ?? number of volleys
- Suppression
 - Same as rate except repeated rounds replaced with DURATION

Method Of Control

- At My Command = As soon as Execute is pressed
- TOT = at a Mission Time e.g. 18:00:00
- TTT = at a Time from now e.g. 00:02:00
- Continuous = Repeats the mission at selected interval
 - E.g. one-minute Suppression mission with smoke rounds in a wide pattern =scheduled to fire every three minutes
 Fire Plan = All timings determined by fire-plan page



Execution / Check Fire / Record Target / Messages

Message to Observer Message to Observer Designed to mimic the radio communication from the artillery units Actual OTL (true): 4808 (mil) 270 (dea) 178 (deg) Actual GTL (true): 3158 (mil) Populated by Aim Send MTO Execute Angle T: 1650 (mil) 93 (dea) Aim Aim Shot Pitch: 1284 (mil) 72.22 (dea) Parachute Alt AGL: Checks the rounds can reach the target Max Ord MSL: 1209 (m) 3967 (ft) Populates the message window with trajectory info Dist / Alt To Tat: 1181 (m) / 45 (m) Time of Flight: 28 (s) Execute Execute PER / PED: 13/3 (m) PER/PED: PER/PED: 12 / 3 (m) Impact Time: Executes the configured mission Use probable error in JTAC this is FDC, message to observer. Impact time and Time to Impact Displays Impact Time: 12:56:18 00.24battery MrtrM252 5, 81mm Mortar HE / range and deflection C1.rate. 2 initial rounds with 3 repeated Check Fire Check Fire rounds, target number AB1000, time of values flight 28 (s), max altitude 1209 (m), out. Immediately stops the executing attack Affects impact points by up to that value Record Target Record Target Mission Type: Creates a Known Point at the target location using callsign in 'Target Section' Execute Check Fire Instant Detonate Instant Detonate Fail Next Parachute Instant Detonate Detonates the rounds on target instantly End of Mission **End of Mission** End of Mission Reset the form



Target Description:

AB1000

Student Exercise: - Link to Online Solution Video

- 1. (00:12) Place a number (at least 10) of enemy vehicles within 500m of each other in a line
- 2. (00:56) Place a blue force soldier / JTAC nearby Make it invulnerable and concealed Set reaction posture to do nothing for the it and the enemy
- 3. (01:45) Check line of sight to enemy units from the blue unit
- 4. (02:05) In the layer manger select Platform Engagement Rings for Land Shooters on Land Targets visible when stopped
- 5. (02:40) Place 6 Artillery Units within 500m of each other (generic artillery or mortars) and so that they are in range of the enemy targets
- 6. (03:11) Create an aggregate out of 3 of the artillery units Give it an appropriate Mil Std 2525 Symbol by selecting the correct role
- 7. (03:27) Open a CFF and select the blue unit as the observer
- 8. (03:39) Using platform selection method on the CFF select one of the artillery units and a radius that results in all 6 units being available for the mission
- 9. (03:51) Using the map tool pick a target that is 'long' of the enemy units along the gun-target-line (GTL)
- 10. (04:17) Select HE ammunition and a smoke round as the last round in a linear distribution that would encompass all the enemy units (use map range and bearing tool to measure orientation and distance of target set to help if required)
- 11. (04:38) Choose Adjust fire as the method of fire
- 12. (04:44) Use the 'Aim' button to check for valid firing solution (adjust position of firing units if unable to find a solution)
- 13. (04:53) Zoom out to see firing units and target on the MACE Map (Optional) set up armor to see label markers and weapon trails
- 14. (05:12) Start the mission and execute the fire mission watch the weapon paths and impact
- 15. (05:40) Display the impact point on the MACE Map

Continued...



Student Exercise Continued: - Link to Online Solution Video

- 16. (05:50) Select GTL in the direction section and auto calculate the GTL
- 17. (05:56) Perform a Grid adjustment from the impact point to target By adding/dropping and/or left/right as required Calculate the new target position Aim and re-execute the mission
- 18. (06:18) Watch to see if the round is now on target
- 19. (06:35) When the round is on target Change the method of fire to Fire for Effect 3 rounds per tube The Method of control TTT of 2 mins then execute
- 20. (07:04) Watch the mission and halfway through the execution check fire the mission
- 21. (07:14) Select the aggregate of 3 units as the artillery unit Smoke rounds as the ordnance Circular pattern of distribution
- 22. (07:35) Select a target position using Polar offset from the Observer Select parameters to place the smoke just in front of the targets between them and the observer Calculate new target position and observe the indication on the MACE Map
- 23. (<u>08:17</u>) Change the Method of fire to Rate: 3 Initial volleys 3 repeated at 30s intervals Method of control to Time on Target Set a sensible time in the future (about 2 mins)
- 24. (08:37) Execute the mission Watch one of the intervals Check fire the mission
- 25. (09:15) Change the Method of Control to Continuous repeating at 45s, the pattern to converge Send MTO or Aim to check there is a solution (Adjust gun positions if required),
- 26. (09:40) Execute the mission Record the target as a known point
- 27. (10:05) After one interval check fire

Continued ...



Student Exercise Continued: - Link to Online Solution Video

- 28. (10:17) Change the time of day to night (observe in ARMOR if possible)
- 29. (10:29) Change the Ammunition back to HE but add a Coord Illum Round Relative Up/Down offset 500m
- 30. (10:51) Change Method of Fire to suppression all guns 2 initial volleys then 5 mins duration interval 30s
- 31. Aim to check the firing solution
- 32. (11:00) Select Method of Control 'At My Command' and execute
- 33. (11:06) (Optional) Use the layer manager to display the Weapon Type Observe the different types of rounds on the MACE map
- 34. (11:27) Check Fire and change the mission to be an adjust fire mission 1 illum round change the parachute release height to 0 ft to give 'illum on the deck effect' Aim and Execute
- 35. (12:20) End the mission to reset the CFF form



Learning objective:

Understand how to use the fire plan form to execute and control a series of coordinated joint fires attacks

Enabling objectives

- Know how to create aggregates of aggregates (parents)
- Understand the Fire Plan Components
- Know how to conduct simple single unit fire planning Multiple Serials per line (multiple missions per unit)
- Know how to conduct multiple unit fire planning
- Know how to integrate CAS and RW 5 Lines into the Fire Plan
- Know how to change H Hour and understand what affect this has on the timings within the fire plan
- Understand dwelling and rejoining, both individually and for all fire units
- Understand what the Quick SEAD function does



Learning objective:

Understand how to use the fire planning form with all the other form-controlled attacks in a coordinated way

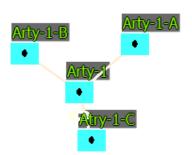
Enabling objectives

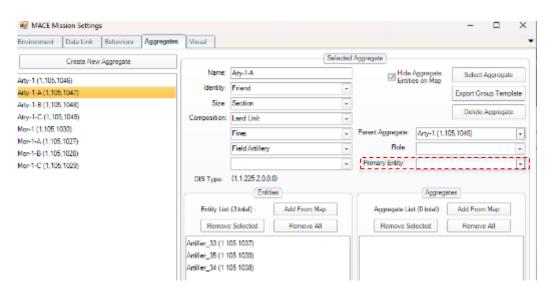
- Know how to create aggregates of aggregates (parents)
- Understand the components of the Fire Plan form and what they do
- Know how to put MACE Forms for CFF / CAS / 5-Line on the fire plan
- Know how to adjust timings on the fire plan and the individual forms
- Know how to execute the Fire Plan
- Know how to use quick SEAD
- Understand how Fire Plan timings work with respect to H-Hour
- Know how to Dwell and Rejoin the fire plan, ad-hoc or at specified point
- Understand the different coloured indications on the Fire Plan



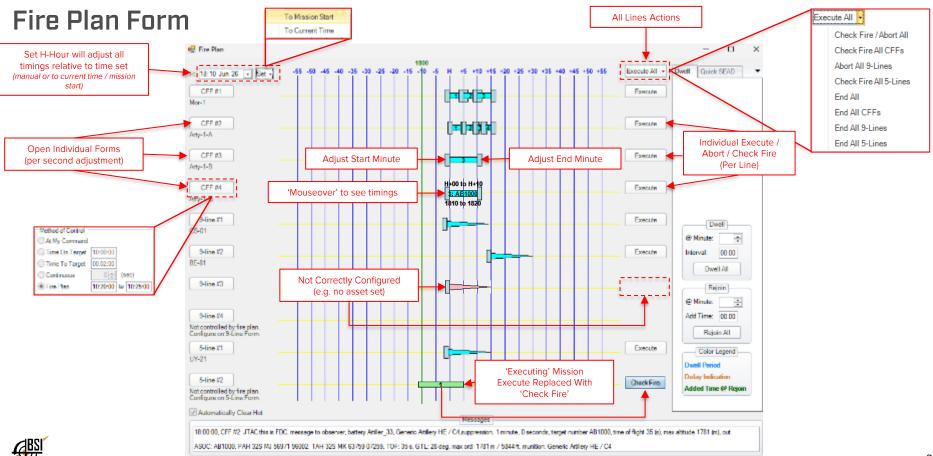
Aggregates of Aggregates

- Aggregates can have 'Parent Aggregates'
- Can make sections of Fires Batteries for Example
- Make the parent first with no units
- Then make the subordinate aggregates then select the 'Parent Aggregate' in the dropdown



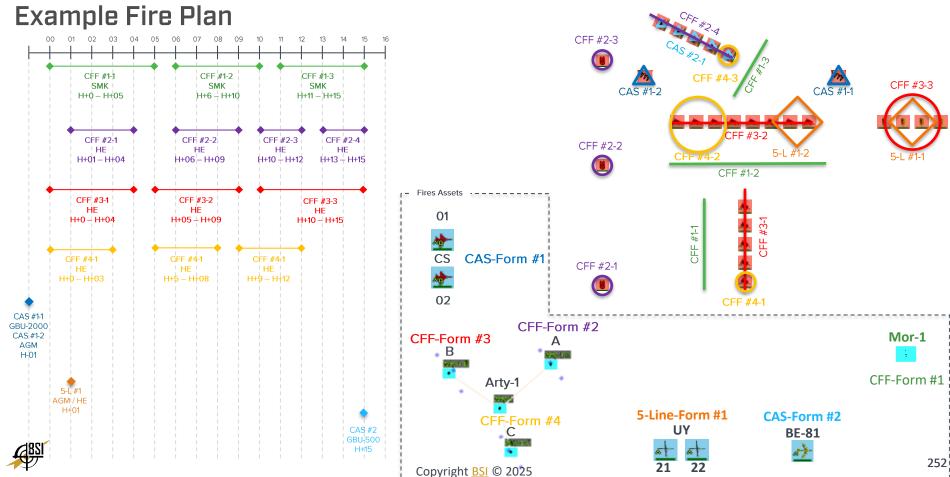




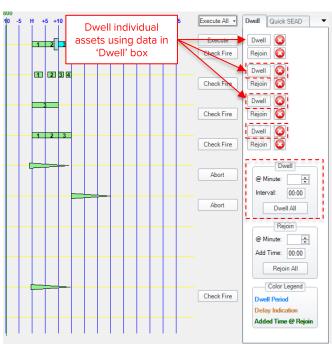


Attack Time **Quick SEAD** Time on Target Allows a set of timings to applied to selected lines in the fire plan 18:20:00 'Non-Standard' – allows complete customisation of timings Time to Target - 05:00 - 00:30 TÓT + 05:00 00:02:00 'Interrupted' – has only one set of suppression 'Continuous' – allows a break in suppression but has default timings Offsets & Durations Suppression Suppression Guns Non-Standard All But One Gun All But One Gun Mark Time at 00:30 before TOT CAS Aircraft Suppression One Gun Start Suppression at 05:00 before TOT Applies ticked CFF and CAS Forms: CAS Stop Suppression at Strike Both need to be on 'Fire Plan' within their own forms 18:19:30 to 18:19:30 00:30 before TOT CFF needs to be configured with ammo and target for each mission within the form Restart Suppression at Single CFF will have 3 (or 2 for interrupted) missions suppress - mark - (suppress) 00:00 after TOT CAS needs asset, weapon, target etc ■ NOTE - ONE VS MANY CFFS IN QUICK SEAD Restart Duration Both need to be ticked on the fire plan 'Set Timings' will assign suppress and mark timings to 05:00 all selected CFF forms – it won't separate a mark CFF from a suppress CFF – both will have all 3 missions Set Timinas

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CFF Form – Dwelling and Rejoining



Dwell

- Pauses the fire plan firing asset remains firing at its current target until instructed to rejoin
- Dwell by selecting the:

 - by 'Dwelling ALL' assets with settings specified
- Dwell at a nominated minute in the plan OR if no time selected will dwell immediately
- A new firing interval can be specified for the duration of the dwell
- Cancel the dwell immediately by pressing 'X' or specify a rejoin point...

Rejoin

- If not immediately cancelling a dwell specify a time-line minute at which to rejoin the plan
- 'Add Time' (if required) to extend remaining 'on plan' serials
 - 'Rejoin' individual assets by line Rejoin

ine Rejoin

Dwell All

NOTE - CHANGING INDICATIONS

- The delay indications will disappear after a 'rejoin' is selected
- The added minutes will disappear and be appended to the light green plan as the timeline reaches that mission
- Dwells and Rejoins DO NOT affect 5-Line and CAS TOTs



Delayed

5 💠

00:00

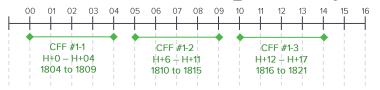
@ Minute:

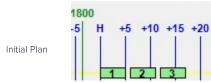
Interval

Dwell Period

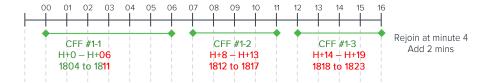


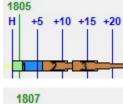
CFF Form – Dwelling and Rejoining Worked Example H=18:04

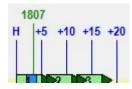


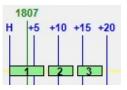


Dwell at minute 2











Student Exercise: - Link to Online Solution Video

- 1. (00:10) Find an area of relatively flat ground place a group of 5 Enemy vehicles with 4 personnel (arranged within 100m of each other) Set their reaction posture to 'Do Nothing'
- 2. (00:54) Duplicate the group Placing the duplicates in two rows of 3 700m to 1km apart in a rectangle, oriented north-south
- 3. (01:47) Open the layer manager Switch on Land Shooter Land Target Range rings for the blue team only
- 4. (02:00) Place 3 groups of 3 Blue artillery units in range of all 6 target sets
- 5. (02:17) Make a parent aggregate and then 3 sub-aggregates of each of the 3 artillery units
- 6. (03:14) Make all the Blue units invulnerable and concealed
- 7. (03:32) Add one Fighter with air to ground weapons Holding in an out of intent orbit to the west
- 8. (03:41) Add one Helicopter with air to ground weapons Rallied to a point about 5 to 8km south of the target sets
- 9. (03:51) Add a known position near the helicopter to be used as a BP
- 10. (04:01) Make the blue air assets Invulnerable, and reaction posture to do nothing
- 11. (04:14) Add a Soldier / JTAC as a forward observer make them invulnerable, concealed and reaction posture to do nothing
- 12. (04:44) Open the fire plan form

Continued...



Student Exercise Continued... Link to Online Solution Video

- 13. (04:56) On 3 Call for fire forms (CFF-1 CFF-2 and CFF-3) Assign 1 of the 'sub aggregates' as the firing unit The Soldier/JTAC as the observer Make each form have 3 missions Set method of control to 'fire-plan' on all missions in all forms
- 14. (05:35) For CFF-1 Mission 1 Place a line of smoke, oriented N-S 200m Between the southern most target sets Mission 2 Do the same but Place it between the next 2 target sets to the north In a line orientated E-W 100m spacing
- 15. (<u>06:03</u>) For CFF-2 Mission 1 target the southwestern most target set In a circular pattern 100m with HE Mission 2 target the western set In converge pattern with HE Mission 3 Target the Northwestern set In circular pattern 200m with HE
- 16. (<u>06:23</u>) For CFF-3 Mission 1 target the southeastern most target set in a circular pattern 100m with HE Mission 2 target the eastern set in converge pattern with HE For Mission 3 Target the Northeastern set in circular pattern 200m with HE
- 17. (<u>06:43</u>) Open the CAS-9 Line #1 from the fire plan Assign the air asset as the FW Fighter Set 6 (multiple) targets, 1 GBU weapon to the centre point of each target set Attack heading 360 +/-30, and sensible ingress/egress figures Set timing to be on fire plan
- 18. (07:17) Open the 5 Line Form from the fire plan Change to a rotary run-in attack Assign the BP that you made earlier Approach target one vehicle in the southeastern most target set (missile) Pop target human in the same set (gun) Dive target of another vehicle in the set (Rockets) Set timing to be on Fire plan
- 19. (07:40) Set H hour to 4 mins after the mission start time ensure Auto-Cleared Hot is selected
- 20. (07:56) Set the timings on each line of the fire plan Either dragging on the fire plan or setting times in the CFF or both Stagger so each CFF mission is 5 mins duration on each target set Each mission spaced by 1 min between each other Do the same for each CFF Form Staggering each line by a further 1 min from the line above CFF-1 starts at H+0 and CFF-2 starts at H+1 etc.
- 21. (09:16) Set the 5 line time to be H-1 and the CAS time to be H+21 Check the timings on each form

Continued...

Student Exercise Continued... Link to Online Solution Video

- 22. (09:39) Save and start the mission
- 23. (09:50) Execute all on the Fire plan and observe the mission until after the RW strike at H-1
- 24. (10:26) Dwell all CFF at minute 2 at current rate Wait for at least a minute Then rejoin all at minute 4 adding 2 mins
- 25. (11:32) Abort the CAS Mission Adjust its TOT to be 1min after last artillery mission Re-execute
- 26. (11:50) During CFF-1 Mission 2 Dwell CFF-1 then cancel the dwell
- 27. (12:14) Check fire CFF-2 Mission 2, then re-execute it
- 28. (12:42) Free play with ALL-Dwell / Individual Dwell / All Rejoin and Individual Rejoin Until satisfied and final CAS strike is complete Then End ALL



MACE AIRCRAFT MULTIFUNCTION DISPLAY

Learning objective:

To be able to use the MACE aircraft tactical display plugin for aircrew role player functions

Enabling objectives:

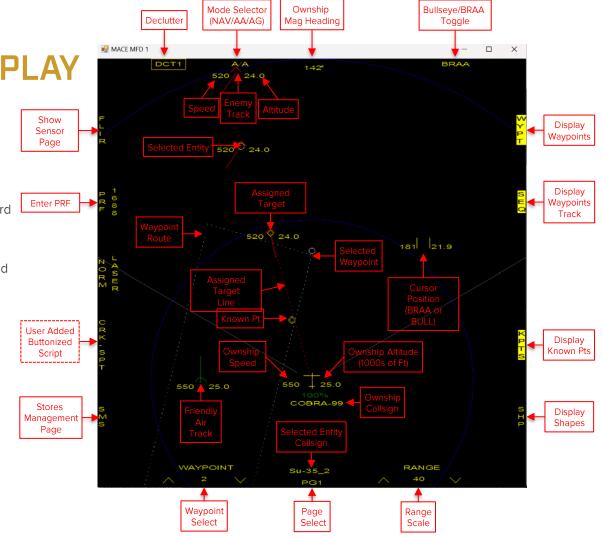
- Know how to open the TAC display
- Know how the TAC display can limit the use of the targeting pod camera
- Understand the TAC display pages
- Know how to select TAC display functions and what they do
- Understand how to use the TAC Display for air-to-air engagement
- Know how to assign buttonized scripts with the TAC Display



MACE AIRCRAFT
MULTIFUNCTION DISPLAY

Main Page Overview

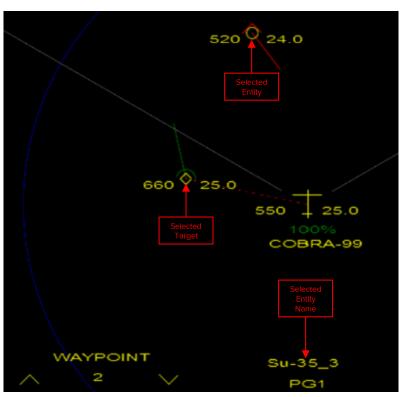
- Top Lock like any other display
- 2 Modes
 - MACE Mode Displays All Truth
 - Radar Mode Displays Tracks Populated by onboard radar
- POD Control
 - [FLIR] must be selected to use joystick to control pod
- Joystick Control Use HOTAS Alt Config
 - System Settings>Joystick
 - Thrustmaster_with_Tactical_Display.xml
- Mouse Control
 - RMB on display to open Settings>TDC
 - TDC follows mouse cursor
 - Range and Bearing
 - BRAA or BULL (Dependent on Mode)
 - Right Click on Target Track to Assign As Target



MACE AIRCRAFT MULTIFUNCTION DISPLAY

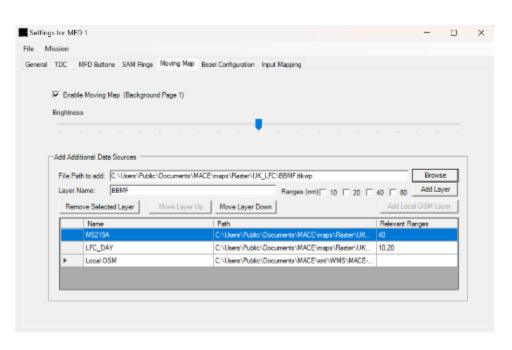
Tactical Display Cursor (TDC)

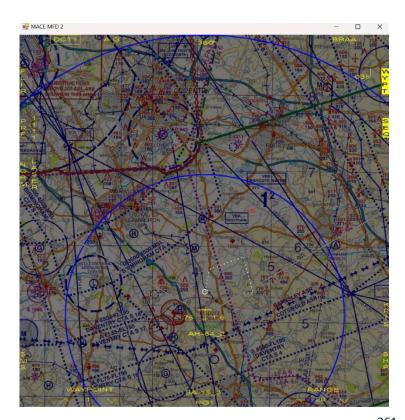




MACE AIRCRAFT MULTIFUNCTION DISPLAY

Moving Maps



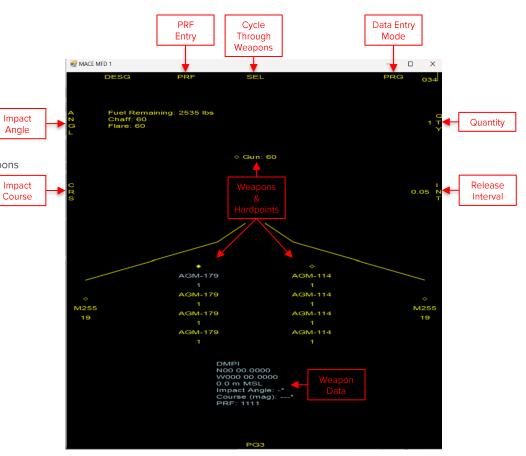




MACE AIRCRAFT MULTIFUNCTION DISPLAY

Stores Management Page

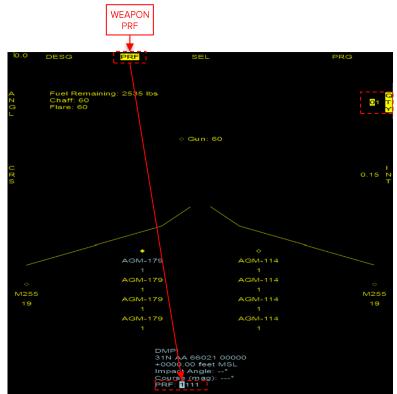
- Press [SEL] to cycle through weapons
- Only weapons on hardpoints displayed
- Use
 - CSE to program FAH on applicable weapons
 - ANGL to program impact angle on applicable weapons
 - PRG to program coordinates and elevation into applicable weapons
 - PRF to program PRF into applicable weapons
- Use with Keyboard or UFCD (DSC Device)

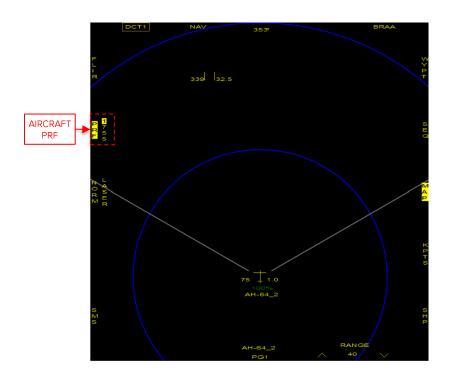




MACE AIRCRAFT TACTICAL DISPLAY

Programmable Weapons

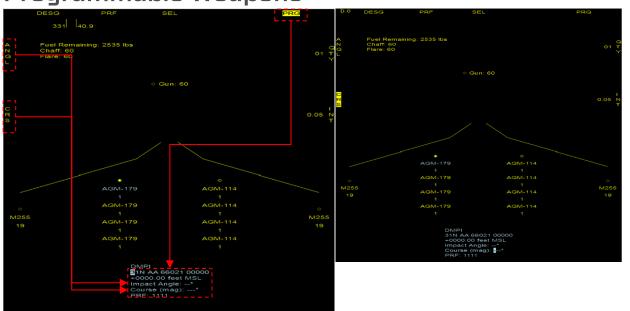


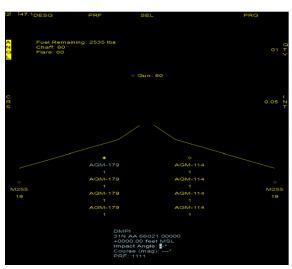




MACE AIRCRAFT TACTICAL DISPLAY

Programmable Weapons





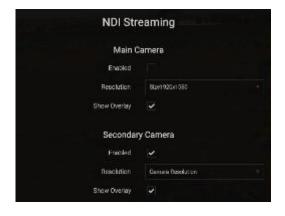
- [PRG]
 - Press 'd' to cycle formats (DD.DD / DD MM.MM / DD MM SS.SS / MGRS
 - In Lat/Long press N/S or E/W to change
 - Elevation press 'f' or 'm' to change between ft and m
 - Elevation press 'h' to change between MSL and HAE

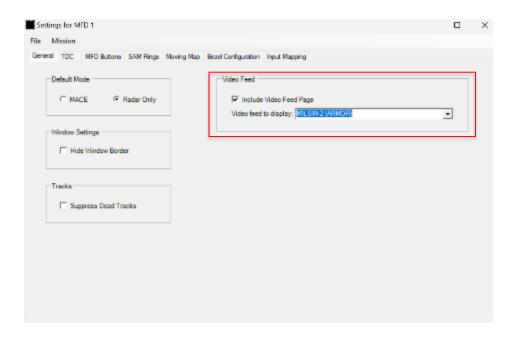


MACE AIRCRAFT MULTIFUNCTION DISPLAY

FLIR/Sensor View Page

- Needs to be enabled in MFD Settings
- Needs to be enabled in ARMOR





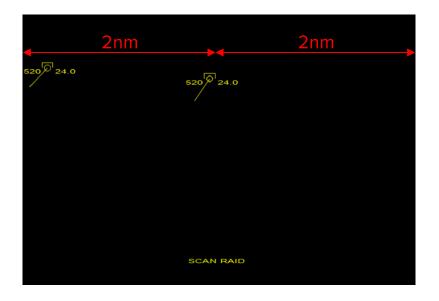


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MACE AIRCRAFT MULTIFUNCTION DISPLAY

SCAN RAID MODE

- Only if a target is selected
- Zooms the display to a scale 2nm either side of target
- Allows selection of targets that are close together

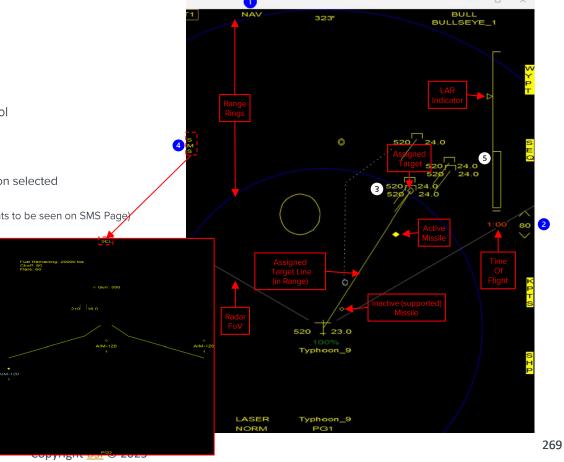




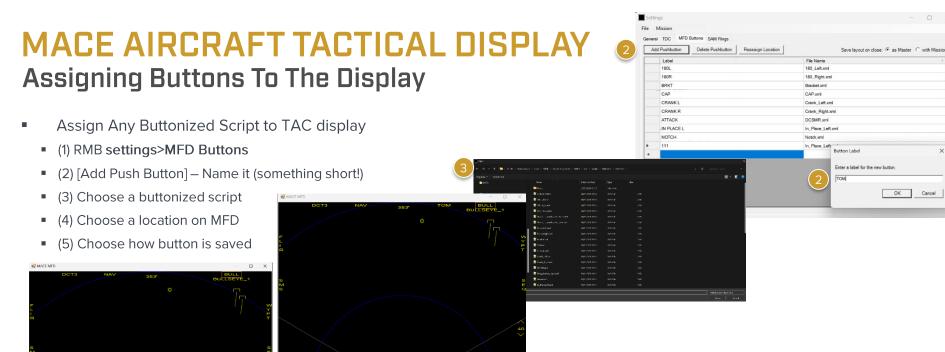
MACE AIRCRAFT TACTICAL DISPLAY

Engaging Air Targets

- Use for A/A Training
 - RMB on display Settings>Default Mode Radar Only
 - (1) Select A/A mode
 - (2) Use Range scale to see targets (or Joystick)
 - (3) RMB on target to assign or Use Joystick Cursor Control
 - MACE shows assigned target line
 - Dotted red if out of range
 - Solid yellow if in range
 - SCAN RAID to Aid Target Sorting shows 4nm zoomed in on selected
 - (4) Weapon Control
 - Select [SMS] Button (Note: Weapons must be assigned to hardpoints to be seen on SMS Page)
 - Press [SEL] to cycle through active weapons (or use Joystick)
 - [PG3] to go back to main page
 - (5) Shoot when inside LAR
 - Use Joystick Release Weapon Button or MACE Weapon Release







Save layout on close: C as Master @ with Mission

OK

Cancel

MACE AIRCRAFT TACTICAL DISPLAY

Student Exercise (Link to Online Solution Video Not Yet Available)

- 1. () Make a New MACE Mission
- 2. () Add 2 x Friendly Fighter Aircraft in Line Abreast Formation
- 3. () Use Group Add to add a VIC presentation of 3 groups of 3 Enemy Fighter Aircraft about 50nm away
- 4. () Ensure both groups are facing each other and the friendly leader has some waypoints
- 5. () Place a known point and name it BULL-01
- 6. ()(Optional) Draw a MACE shape between the 2 groups (e.g. a circle or a polygon)
- 7. () Save the mission and start then pause it
- 8. () Select the lead friendly fighter aircraft, Top-Lock to it, open 1 TAC Display
- 9. () Access the MFD settings and enable the mouse cursor and switch to radar only mode
- 10. () Ensure FLIR is unselected and switch the display to A/A mode
- 11. () Change the reference for the cursor from BRAA to Bullseye
- 12. () Display the waypoints, waypoint sequence, known points
- 13. () Add a buttonized script to perform a 'crank' to the display at a blank button location
- 14. () Run the mission on
- 15. () Change the range scale up to see the oncoming targets
- 16. () Select a target
- 17. () Access the weapons page and select a weapon for engaging the target (ideally an active or semi active missile)
- 18. Engage the target when in range and use the crank button



Learning objective:

To be able to use Viper for communications

Enabling objectives

- Understand the layout of the Viper UI
- Understand how the Press to Transmit buttons function with TX/RX and VOX
- Know how to attach and configure headsets with Viper Audio Properties
- Know how to set hot keys to transmit & other hot key functions
- Know how to add and remove comms channels.
- Understand the difference between COMPlan settings and Viper General Settings



VIPER DIS RADIO

General

- DIS Radio
- No Server
- Settable radio frequency, power, bandwidth, sensitivity and dynamic range
- Create edit and load communications plans
- VOX and Push-To-Talk (PTT) on multiple selectable transmit frequencies
- Map to hardware
- Attach to DIS entity propagation, terrain and jamming effects



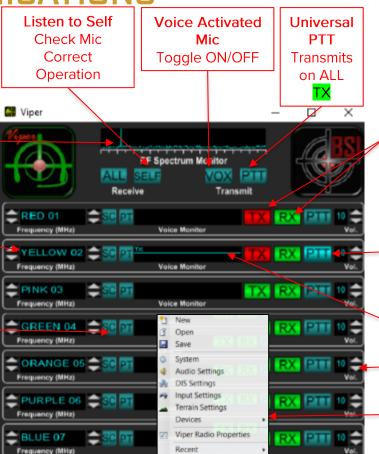




UI

Universal RF Indicator
Shows Transmission on the network

Scan Scan to a freq where there is transmission



Individual Channel Transmit / Receive Toggle

RX = Hear INCOMING Transmissions

TX = Allow OUTGOING Transmission

RX = No Receive

= No TX (Except individual PTT)

Individual Channel PTT

Overrides TX

Individual Channel RF IndicatorShows Transmissions on this channel

Individual Channel Volume

RMB on Skin Open Menu

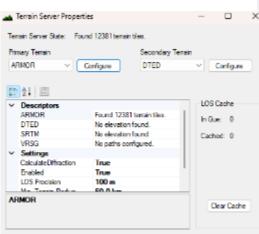


DIS Settings

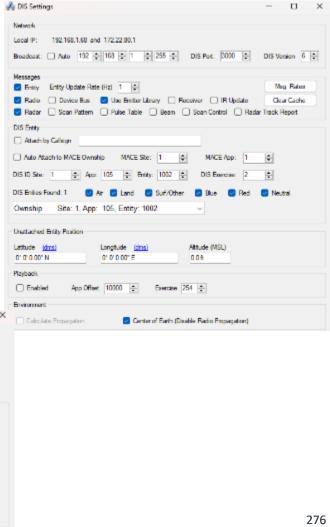
- Same as MACE
 - Broadcast Address on same Subnet
 - Same DIS Port some use 3001 for DIS Comms (NB: DISCORD)
 - Same Exercise Number
- If required Auto Attach
 - To Callsign: Useful if using same callsigns every mission
 - To MACE Ownship: defined by Site / App
- Propagation
 - Usually paired with Terrain for full simulation of comms

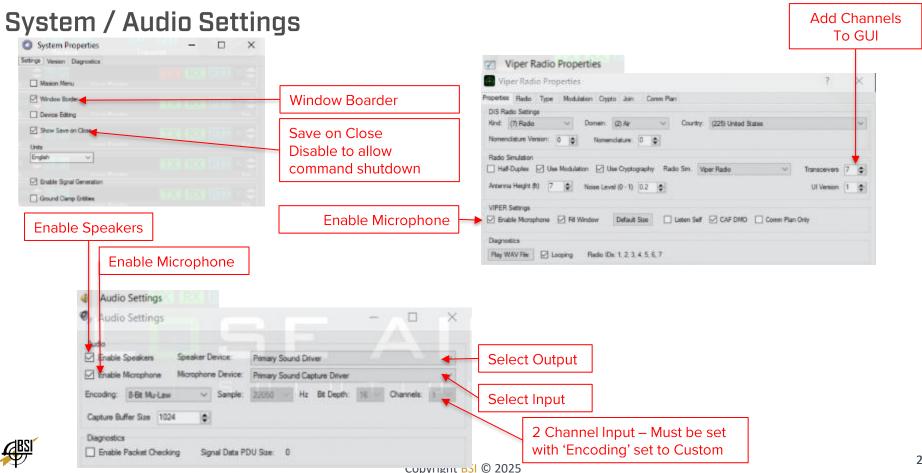
Terrain Settings

- For propagation and masking
 - Set 2 Terrain Paths (Pri / Sec)
 - Use ARMOR Terrain



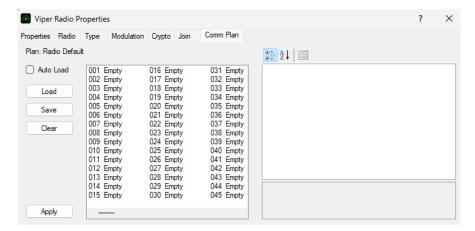


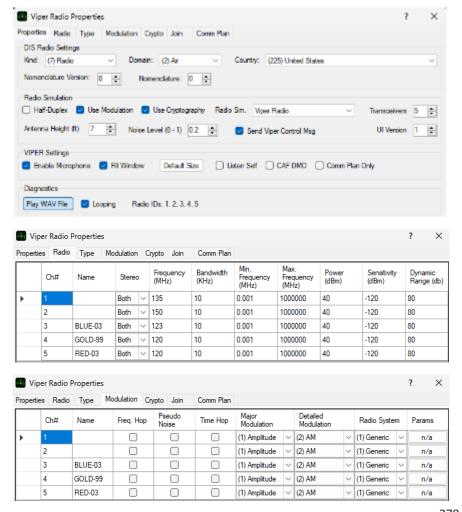




Properties

- Set each channel's parameters
 - Viper settings can be transferred
 - C:\Users\Public\Documents\DSC\Viper.xml
- Comms Plan
 - Write comms plan with each channel's properties
 - Save and load in other Vipers

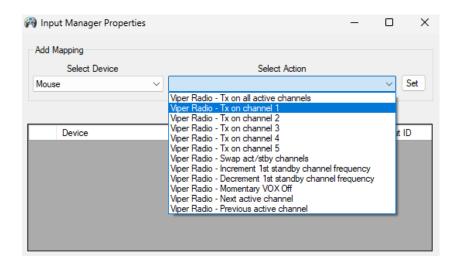






Input Manager

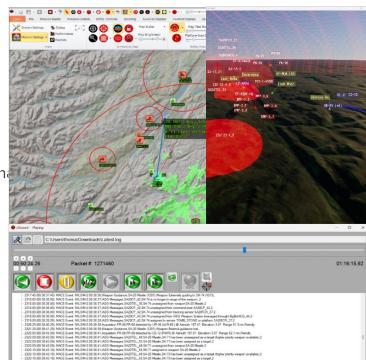
- Map hardware to radio functions
 - Transmit on specific channels
 - Transmit on ALL Active
 - Swap Active and Stby
 - Move through channels
 - etc





DISCORD

- DIS network traffic and additional data) record and playback tool
- Record any DIS traffic on network
- Insert bookmarks during the recording.
- Play back DIS PDUs at slow, normal, 4x, or 8x speed
- "Jump" to key scenario events in recorded session (bookmarks, fires, deton
- Hear radio calls in Viper able to mute or change volume on any channels
- See the entity movements, emissions, and engagements in MACE
- View any perspective from anywhere in the 3D environment in ARMOR
- See all MACE Logs

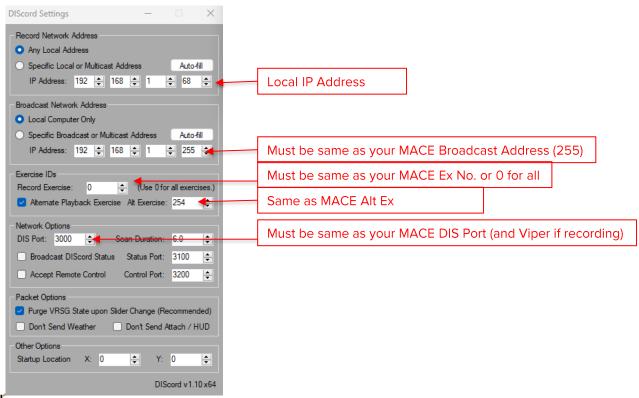


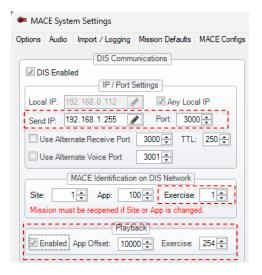
2323 10 (00 38 43 10): MACE Event: MILSIN-2 08 38 41 JADS Messages, SA20TEL, 48,54-73 unassigned from weapon SA-20 Master 2323 10 (00 38 43 10): MACE Event: MILSIN-2 08 38 41 JADS Messages, SA20TEL, 53,54-73 assigned to weapon SA-20 Master 2

2328 G1 (0) 38:48 G3; MACE Event MILSIM-208 38:46 Areasce Deconfliction SW-72 SW-73 areasce conflict with SW-72 while proceeding to WP85 detected at location: 30V IU 32757 38555 Rus

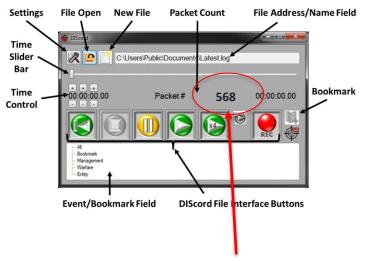


DISCORD - DIS Setup





DISCORD – Operation



No Packets Here = Not recording anything



Recording a Scenario

- NEW File create recording file before starting record
- Record
- Packet # indicates successful recording
- Use Bookmarks if required to flag events for later
- Press Stop when finished
- Can append to existing recording

Playback a Scenario

- In MACE 'New Mission'
- (if required) Open Event Log



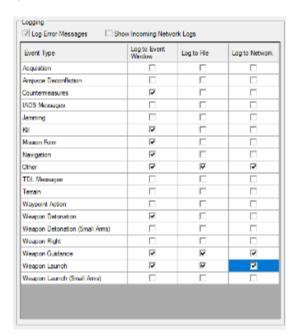
DISCORD Playback

- Open File
- Play
- Packet # indicates playback
- Use slider / increments / events / bookmarks to skip to time



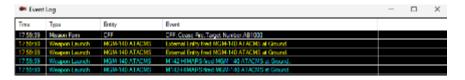
MACE - Logging

- MACE System Settings < Import/Logging>
 - Log to Network = DISCORD
 - Log to File = C:\Users\Public\Documents\MACE\output
 - Log to Event Window = Alt + E





18:80:18, Weapon Launch, Elst 40, Elst 40 (40 18'93'' 8 28''') shot MEN 140 ATACHS at 40 18'18'' 8 30'23'' Dist; 2,186 mm
18:80:11, Weapon Suidance, MES-140 ATACHS (1555), Emable Suidance: 0 internal sensors tracking Ground (0)
18:80:11, Weapon Suidance, MES-140 ATACHS (1555), Meapon Internal quidance lost.
18:80:12, Weapon Suidance, MES-140 ATACHS (1557), Trable Suidance: 0 internal sensors tracking Ground (0)
18:80:12, Weapon Suidance, MES-140 ATACHS (1577), Trable Suidance: 0 internal sensors tracking Ground (0)
18:80:12, Weapon Suidance, MES-140 ATACHS (1577), Trable Suidance: 0 internal sensors tracking Ground (0)
18:80:12, Weapon Suidance, MES-140 ATACHS (1440), Trable Suidance: 0 internal sensors tracking Ground (0)
18:80:13, Weapon Suidance, MES-140 ATACHS (1440), Trable Suidance: 0 internal sensors tracking Ground (0)
18:80:14, Weapon Suidance, MES-140 ATACHS (1440), Trable Suidance: 0 internal sensors tracking Ground (0)





Learning objective:

Understand the basics of how the elements of DIS based simulation communicate with each other

Enabling objectives

- Understand basic networking, addressing, ports and transmission types
- Know how to set a static IP Address in Windows
- Understand the purpose and implications of the DIS Identifiers
- Know that duplication of DIS identifiers can result in total system disruption
- Know how to configure essential DIS Settings in multiple MACEs for networked missions
- Understand the principle of Master Timekeeper
- Understand the additional DIS settings that can be set
- Understand the purpose and implications of the DIS enumerations
- Know how to control external entities
- Know how to perform a 'MACE to MACE Transfer'



- PCs are networked together to provide the overall capability
 - Data must be sent between different applications and computers
 - This includes entity state data, radio traffic, DACAS messages, etc.

IP Addresses

- Each Network Interface Controller (NIC) is assigned a unique IP address (e.g. 192.168.1.101)
- A PC may have one or more NICs, but for this course we will consider a PC to have only one NIC and IP address
- NICs are configured to self-assign <u>static</u> IP addresses, so they always have the same IP address

Data Transmission

- Unicast directs traffic to a single IP address (e.g. 192.168.1.102)
- Broadcast directs traffic to every IP address within the subnet (e.g. 192.168.1.255)
- Loopback directs traffic back to the same PC, using a special loopback address (127.0.0.1) used in some visual systems
- Multicast is not used



IP Address

Find /Change IP Address:

- (1) [## +R] Run "ncpa.cpl"
- (2) Right Click on the network adapter > Properties
- (3) Dbl Click Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)
- (4) Read or overtype a new IP Address
- (4) Set subnet mask to 255.255.255.0

Check IP Address and Ping:

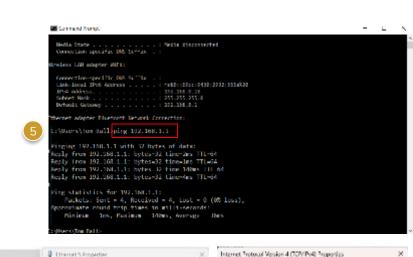
- Open the command prompt
- Type 'ipconfig' to verify the IP address
- (5) Type 'ping' and then the IP address you want to verify communication with E.g. ping 192.168.1.1

■ NOTE – TWO NETWORK ADAPTERS

If you have 2 network adapters make the IP address range significantly different

Eg 192.168.1.115 vs 10.1.0.115

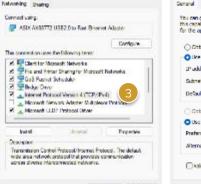
If the network IP addresses fall in the same subnet issues occur





Unidentified indivok.

WIRE ADDRESS USED DISCOUNT



Cancel

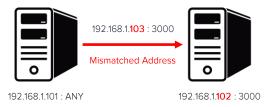


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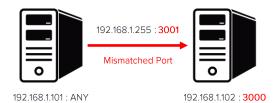
Network Ports

- Multiple applications may run on the same PC, but they may need to exchange different data
- In addition to specifying an IP address, applications must specify a destination port (e.g. port 3000)
- An application listening on the specified port and running on the PC with the specified IP address will receive the data
- Applications can sometimes specify a port to transmit from, but typically only the destination port matters







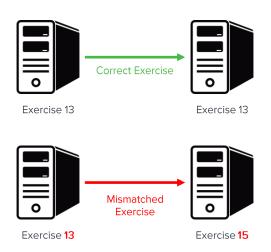


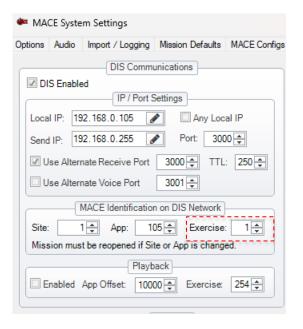


- Most data is exchanged over the network using Distributed Interactive Simulation (DIS)
 - DIS is a simulation protocol: essentially a specific packet structure for sending data
- There are many different types of DIS messages, known as Protocol Data Units (PDUs)
 - Entity State PDUs carry data about the physical state (position, orientation, damage state) of DIS entities
 - Simulated radio data and DACAS messages are sent via Signal PDU
 - Scenario start and stop messages are sent via respective Start and Stop DIS PDUs
- DIS Transmission
 - Often broadcast, as data is often needed by many or all other DIS clients
 - Sometimes unicast or even loopback, this can save network bandwidth
 - Typically uses port 3000



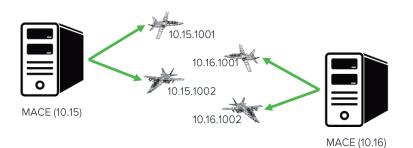
- Exercise ID
 - DIS traffic includes a field for Exercise ID (e.g. 13)
 - Programs using DIS usually only pay attention to DIS traffic matching the expected Exercise ID
 - The Exercise ID field allows multiple simulations to run on the same network, but this is not used in iCASS
 - Exercise ID must match across the system, but does NOT need be updated for different scenarios

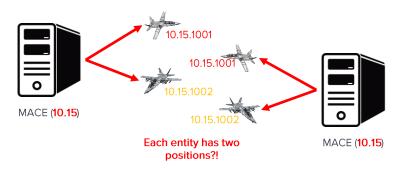






- DIS Identifiers (WHICH IS IT?)
 - Unique DIS identifiers are comprised of three parts: Site / App / Entity
 - Each DIS entity has a unique DIS identifier (e.g. Site 10, App 15, Entity 1001, displayed as 10.15.1001)
 - Programs that generate DIS entities must have a unique Site and Application combination
 - Programs that generate DIS entities generally increment the Entity number for each new entity that they create
 - For example, the first entity from MACE (10.15) might be 10.15.1001, the second would be 10.15.1002
 - With multiple DIS entity generators (MACE), if the Site-Application is not unique then then duplicate entity identifiers will appear, resulting in undefined behaviour.
 - In VRSG systems, VRSG (the IG) does not generate entities, but each VRSG uses a Site-App-Entity identifier (e.g. 1.2.101) as a way of distinguishing visual channels

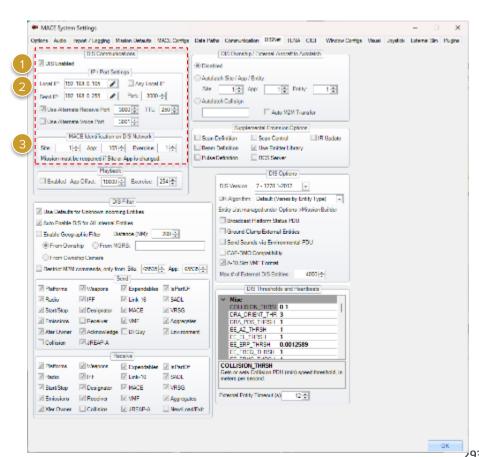






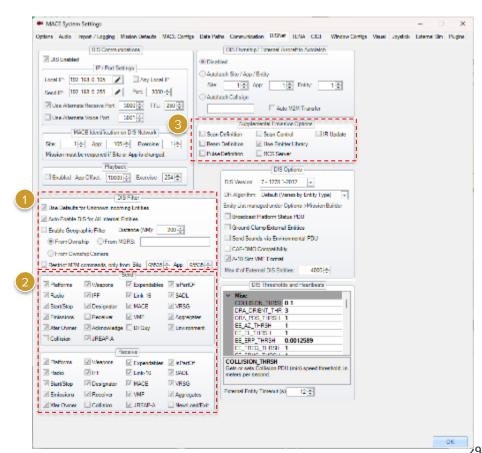
MACE DIS Settings

- (1) Enable DIS
- (2) IP/Port Settings
 - Local IP
 - As set statically in Windows Ethernet Adapter Settings
 - Send IP
 - As per local IP last 3 digits '.255'
 - Port
 - 3000 (standard DIS Port)
- (3) MACE Identification on DIS Network
 - Site
 - Must be <u>different</u> from other MACEs
 - App
 - Good practice to set as last 3 of Local IP address
 - Exercise
 - Must be the <u>same</u> as other MACEs



Less Frequently used DIS Settings

- (1) DIS Filter
 - If on a large exercise with 10000s entities
 - Can filter around a point of ownship
- (2) Send / Receive
 - Can set specific PDUs
- (3) Supplemental Emission Options
 - Additional PDUs specific for sending EW signals between DIS applications (e.g. DSC)

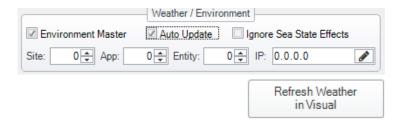


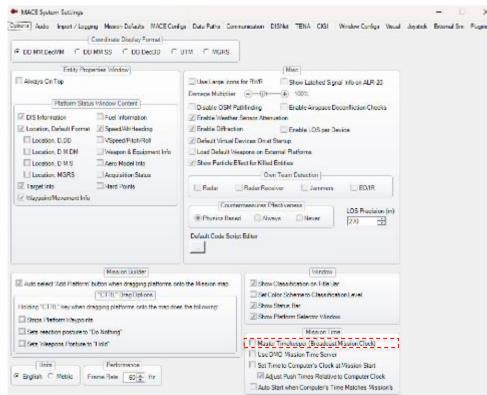


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MACE Options

- Master Timekeeper
 - Only one MACE can be the timekeeper
 - Else time will alternate competing
- Master Environment
 - Auto Update
 - Refresh Weather







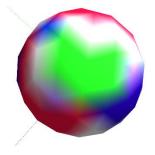
- DIS Enumerations (WHAT IS IT?)
 - The 3D model associated with a particular entity is defined by a 7-part DIS enumeration
 - The 7 parts are: Kind, Domain, Country, Category, Subcategory, Specific and Extra
 - DIS-based programs like MACE and VRSG use XML or model-map files to map enumerations to 3D models
 - It is important for programs to make sure that their model-map files match, or the resulting 3D models will not match
 - VRSG displays a beach ball if it does not recognize the DIS enumeration







DIS Enumeration Different 3D Model!



If MACE tries to use a DIS enumeration that VRSG does not recognize, VRSG displays a beach ball!





External Entities and Transfers

- External Entities are Marked with an 'X' in the platform icon
- You can control external entities to a degree
 - Headings, Speeds, Targets, Intent
 - You can request an entity's waypoints from the other MACE and Move them
- For full control (joystick) the entity must be transferred between MACEs









Student Exercise - Link to Online Solution Video Not Yet Available

- 1. Check the IP Address on your PC using the windows method
- 2. Use the command prompt to check the IP address and verify that you can ping other IP addresses on the network
- 3. Set up a MACE DIS network using on Exercise 1 each MACE with a different site number
- 4. Check you can load a mission with aircraft on one mace and view the entities on the other MACEs as external entities
- 5. Add entities on each MACE
- 6. On the other MACEs check the external entity properties to see from which Site and App they originate from
- 7. Experiment with Geographic DIS filter from a geographic point and from ownship then reset
- 8. Request an external entity's waypoints and change it's path move it from intent and back into intent
- 9. Conduct a MACE to MACE transfer of an Air entity to another MACE and back



Learning objective:

To be able to create and configure a new platform and add existing equipment to it

Enabling objectives

- Understand the object configuration hierarchy
- Understand the layout of the MOCT and the MACE XML File structure
- Understand the principal of duplication and customization
- Know how to use filters and search to find platforms in the MOCT
- Understand requirement for correct SISO identification in DIS mission
- Know where to find SISO information
- Know how to duplicate a platform or equipment
- Know how to set DIS Enumeration for a platform or equipment
- Understand how changing platform attributes and icon data affects display in MACE
- Know how to set movement characteristics for platforms
- Understand the underlying models linked to platforms
- Know how to set models for platforms (Constructive Aero, Joystick Aero, RCS etc)
- Know how to set physical characteristics for platforms
- Know how to set visual (IG) models for platforms
- Understand Eyepoints and Articulation settings for platforms
- Know how to add existing equipment to a platform
- Know how to add a hard point to a platform
- Know how to add assign platform equipment to a hardpoint
- Know how to save a platform
- Understand where User data is saved
- Understand the requirement to export model maps



Platform

- Vehicle
- Lifeform

Hardpoints

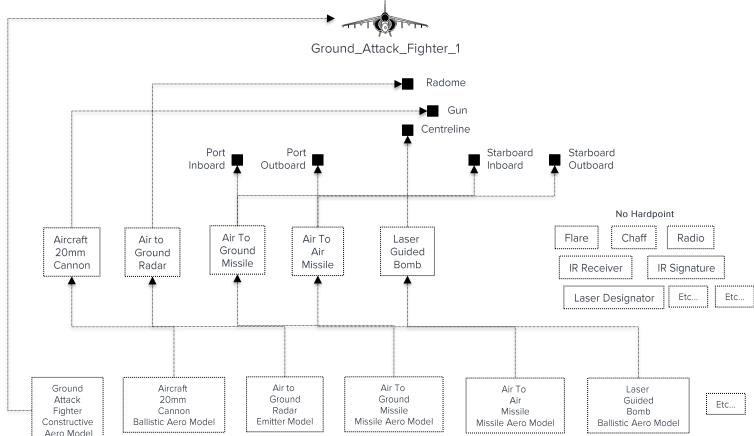
- 3D Position on platform
- Can have parents and children
- Az Pitch Roll limits
- Pairable with sensors
- Equipment may or may not be attached to a hard point

Equipment

- Weapons
- Sensors
- Expendables
- Devices
- Signatures

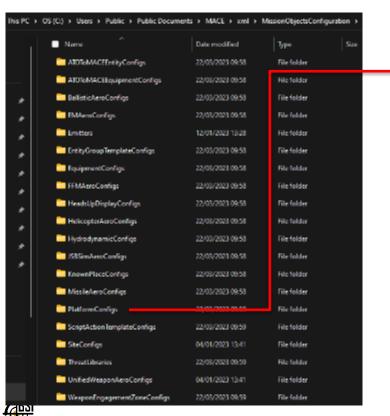
Models

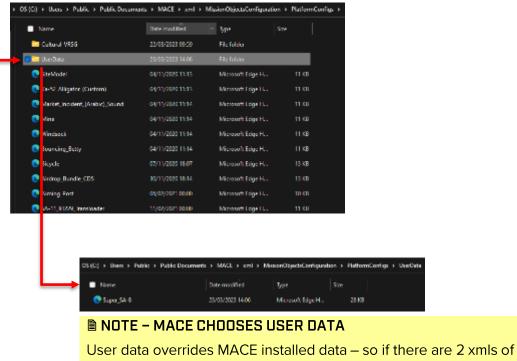
- Ballistic
- Missile
- Fixed Wing Flight
- Rotary Wina Fliaht
- Emitters
- Threat Libraries





XML File Structure





folder MACF will use the User Data xml

the same name one in user data folder and one in normal config

otion of Hard Point Slaved To Loaded Emitte

Motion Defaults to Assigned Target

Platform Sub-Items

- ATTACHMENTS
 - 3D position offset on platform on which another platform can be attached
 - How 'attaching platforms' should approach the platform and where they should detach
 - Articulated parts that should move during the attachment
- HARD POINTS
 - 3D position on platform on which equipment can be attached
 - Orientation of the hardpoint
 - Slew Rate and Slew Limits
 - Control and Tracking Indexes
 - If multiple hard points have the same control index, then the salvo/reload time is shared between those hard points.
 - Tracking Index which weapon should use which tracking RADAR
- EQUIPMENT
 - List of equipment attached to platform (and on which hardpoint if applicable)
- COMMANDS
 - Code that modifies platform behaviour (e.g. Weapon engagement by datalink)
- FPM (Flight Performance Model) ID
- Single integer value that uniquely identifies the Platform

- Pilot Gunner -Commands - M230 30mm:gun AGM-114 HELLFIRE:L1 -- Infrared Warning Receiver — Visual Detection Airborne (A/L/S) — Flare (M-206):Left Dispenser Chaff (RR-180):Right Dispenser Laser Designator:gun - FPM IDs 125 - Hard Points -- gun L 1 --- L2 -- R3 - R4 --- Left Dispenser ····· Right Dispenser

Standard Conventional Loads

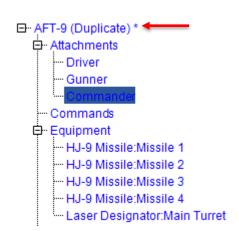


Saving and Testing

- Save each XML
 - Close each tab after saving so you know you have saved
- Close the MOCT
- Restart MACE
 - If you have made minor changes you can drag XMLS from folders into a running MACE
 - To be totally sure restart MACE
- Refresh Platforms in Missions
 - If you have changed a platform XML and it is already in a mission
 - Select the platforms of that type in the mission (SHIFT + DBL LMB)
 - Select the changed platform in mission builder
 - Use the 'Delta Triangle' to replace the platforms (with themselves!)







NOTE - NO SAVE REMINDERS

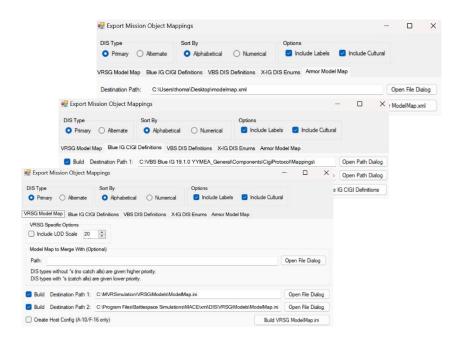
Don't forget to Save each XML (Tab in MOCT) as it's very easy to miss unsaved and close without saving – there is no prompt for unsaved data on closing



MAKING YOUR OWN CONTENT 1 - PLATFORMS

Export for Image Generators

- IGs need to map entity types to 3D models
- Usually have their own format of 'mapping file'
- MOCT can generate
 - AMROR
 - VRSG
 - VBS Blue IG
- Place the file in the correct folder for the IG
 - ARMOR C:\Program Files\Battlespace Simulations\ARMOR





MAKING YOUR OWN CONTENT 1 - PLATFORMS

Student Exercise (Solution Video Not Yet Available)

- 1. Find an SA8 SAM in the MOCT by using domain, team, and name filters
- 2. Duplicate and rename the SAM system Super_SA-8
- 3. (Optional) Check the SISO documentation to make the new SAM a correct DIS enumeration for a country of your choice
- Check role attribute is correct
- 5. Pick a different mission builder category or leave as default to role
- 6. Check / Choose a new constructive aerodynamic engine and joystick engine for movement from another vehicle
- Add more default waypoints and change the colour of the platform's waypoints
- 8. Check the other parameters and save
- 9. Verify there is a file named Super_SA-8.xml in the correct MACE mission object config folder
- 10. In the Super_SA-8 Equipment on the existing hardpoints add 2 more additional missiles one on each launcher hardpoint
- 11. In the Super_SA-8 Equipment add a generic EW radar
- 12. Save your platform config and load MACE to look at the new platform
- 13. Add the platform to your mission with fixed wing fighter at 5000ft MSL with a route that takes it inside the engagement zone with foam weapon mode enabled for the mission
- 14. Open the Super_SA-8 Weapons and Equipment and note the addition of the generic EW radar and the extra missiles
- 15. Use platform properties and Edit the EW radar from the weapons and equipment properties and observe the sensor display to see the EW radar tracking the target before it's entry into the MEZ



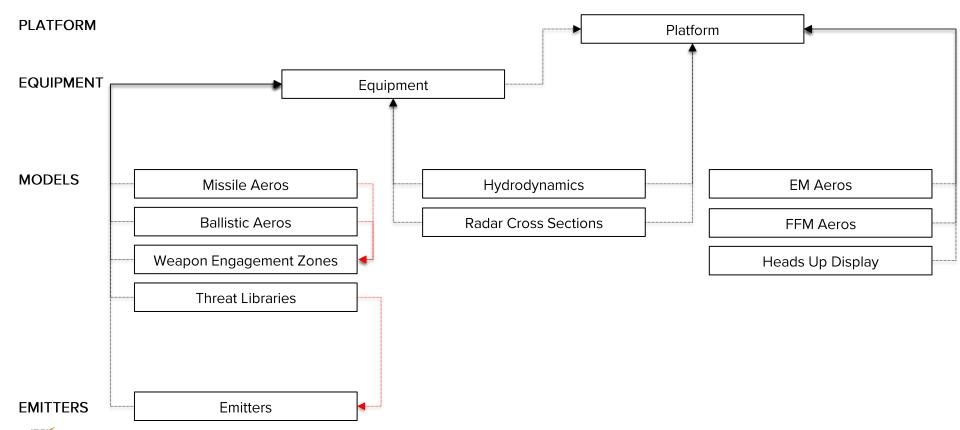
Learning objective:

To be able to create and configure new equipment and associated models

Enabling objectives

- Understand the underlying models linked to equipment
- Know how to set models for equipment (Ballistic Aero, Missile Aero, RCS, WEZ etc)
- Know how to set capabilities for weapons equipment (min / max ranges etc)
- Understand how the relationship between capabilities and WEZ for missiles
- Understand how guidance type is linked to Associated Equipment
- Know how to set effects for equipment
- Know how to use the missile aero visualization tool to assess success with different types of engagement parameters
- Know how to edit missile aero model parameters
- Know how to generate a new missile WEZ from a missile aero model
- Know how to link new Aero models and WEZ to equipment
- Know how to add an existing 'associated device' to equipment







Equipment XML

- Like Platform: 01 ID / 02 Description / 03 Mission Builder / 04 Icon /05 Network etc
- 06 ATTRIBUTES (most important aspects)
 - Function Type is critical to how MACE handles the equipment
 - Category where it appears in weapons and equipment form
- 09 CAPABILITIES (most important aspects)
 - Threat Library Jammers, ARMs, RWR
 - Weapon Engagement Zone calculated from missile/ballistic aero
 - Max / Min Ranges for MACE Map info and optimisation WEZ Trumps this
 - Min Target Solution Confidence before able to fire
 - Power is only for Laser and IR designators (for others it is in emitter editor)
 - Max ToF before miss/disappear
 - Launch Azimuth for off boresight launching
 - Terminal guidance activation range when it goes
 - Lock on After Launch no target solution required at launch
 - Salvo interval how long between each launch
 - Fire and forget no post launch guidance required
 - Guidance type weapons only (some depreciated in lieu of emitters) match to be safe
 - Engage with Data link can be tasked by offboard sensors

Can target other weapons

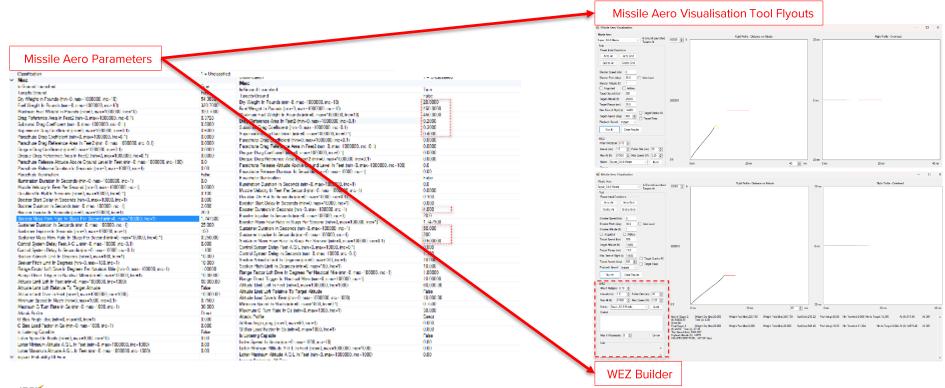
- 08 MOVEMENT
 - Aero Model

- 12 EFFECTS (most important aspects)
 - UV Detect range range at which MWR can detect
 - Blast Radius
 - Blast Effectiveness Use weapon damage effect table to verify
- 13 SUBMUNITIONS
 - Number, Angle, Velocity, Type (another bit of equipment)

■ NOTE - WEAPON DAMAGE EFFECTS

The amount of damage a weapon causes is based on the target's radius, target's armor, weapon's blast radius, weapon's blast effect, and the distance from the weapon to the target at detonation.

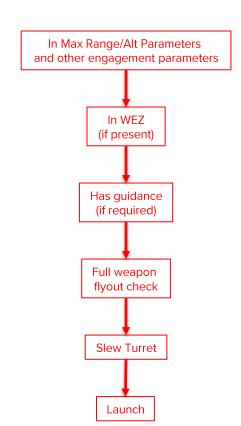
Missile Aero Model Parameters and Visualisation





Logic to launch

- Check macro engagement parameters
 - Equipment XML values
- Check WEZ (if present)
 - Specified by equipment XML
 - Built from Aero model
- Check Guidance
 - Associated Devices
- Weapon flyout check
 - Aero Model
- Slew turret
 - Platform Model hardpoints
- Launch
- Continued guidance vs CMs / Manoeuvres etc
 - Hit





Student Exercise - Link to Online Solution Video Not Yet Available

- 1. Make a better performing SA-8 Missile Equipment by duplicating the current SA-8 Missile and renaming it Super_SA-8_Missile
- 2. Give the missile a closer minimum range, a longer maximum range and a better blast effectiveness
- 3. Check that it's guidance is listed as Beam-Riding SACLOS
- 4. Save the equipment
- 5. Now return to the Super_SA-8 Platform and delete all of the old SA-8 missiles and equip 4 of the Super SA-8 Missiles on each of the 'Launcher' hard points
- 6. Duplicate the SA-8 Missile aero model and rename Super_SA-8 Missile
- 7. Use the missile Aero Visualization to see if there would be a successful engagement for a target at 15000ft 500kts 15nm
- 8. In the Aero Model, Change the: Dry weight to 20, Fuel and max weights to 450, Drag Ref area = 0.2, Subsonic Coeff = 0.2, Supersonic Coeff = 0.4, Booster duration = 4.0, Sustainer Duration = 50, Sustainer Impulse 200, Max G turn rate = 30
- 9. Use the missile Aero Visualization to see if there would be a successful engagement for a target at 15000ft 500kts 15nm
- 10. Make a new WEZ for the Super SA8 missile using the Missile Aero Visualization tool
- 11. Change the WEZ on the Super SA-8 Equipment to use the new Super SA-8 WEZ
- 12. Change the Super SA-8 Equipment to use the new Super SA-8 Equipment aero model
- 13. Ensure all the new configs are saved
- 14. Open MACE and test the new platform in a mission with the Super SA-8 vs a platform
- 15. Use the weapons analysis window to see how the missile tracks the aircraft / flares
- 16. Now open the Super SA-8 Missile Equipment in the MOCT and add a Generic IR Tracker to it
- 17. Repeat the MACE test and see that the IR tracker is also used to track the aircraft
- 18. Once a missile has launched use the weapons analysis window to freeze platforms and weapons then switch off the Radars on the SA-8, unfreeze

Learning objective:

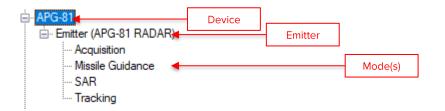
To be able to configure emitters and add them as associated devices to equipment

Enabling objectives

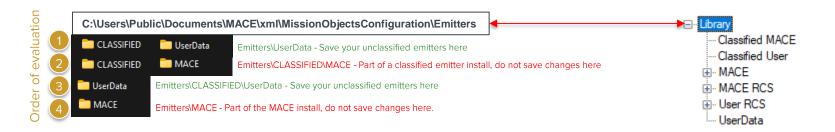
- Know how to open the Emitter editor and create a duplicate emitter as user data
- Understand that guidance / illuminator parameters must match missile seeker parameters
- Know how to configure an emitter's parameters and roles
- Know how to save a new emitter to user data
- Understand how equipment role must match the emitter type
- Know how to change equipment roles
- Understand how to automatically create an equipment xml that has the emitter as its associated device
- Know how to configure from platform to equipment to associated device as suite of items that interoperate correctly







- EW Editor is available offline (MOCT) and at runtime
- Some information only available at runtime
- Live data from the Signal Generator Engine





General Pattern To Edit a New Emitter

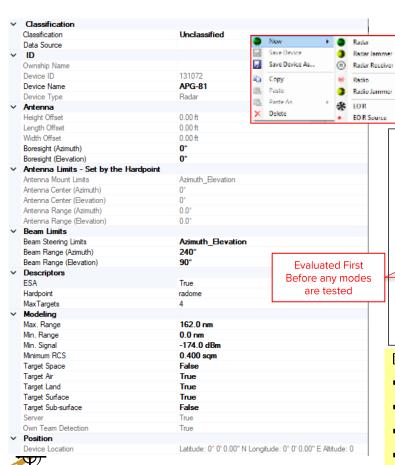
- Create a duplicate emitter in the MOCT-Emitter Editor
- Create an associated piece of equipment by closing the editor
- Use a MACE Mission and Analysis Tools to configure
 - Equip the emitter equipment to a platform
 - Use MRT on the platform Radar Propagation vs correct RCS or complex RCS platform (As Target)
 - Assess Power
 - Receiver Sensitivity
 - Frequency
 - Beam Width
 - Use Beam Viewer with ARMOR
 - Check coverage
 - Scan pattern
 - Save over the emitter file



Device Properties



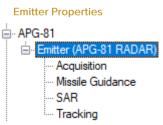
MAKING YOUR OWN CONTENT 3

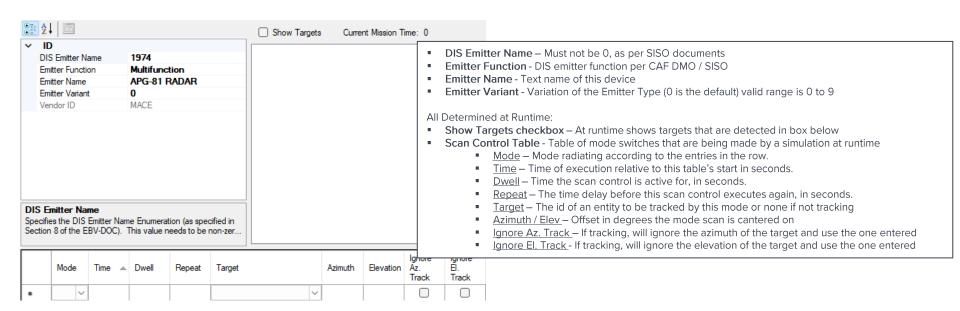


- General information about a device
 - Some of info is populated at runtime such as:
 - DIS ID, Ownship name, Position etc.
 - Some info is set in Selection of Type of Device
 - Device Type, Device ID
- Device ID ID of this device. This is the same as the DIS emitter or radio ID.
- **Device Name** Text name of this device.
- Device Type Selected when the device is created, can't be changed
- Boresight angle relative to the entity (determined at runtime)
- Offsets from entity geometric centre (set by hardpoint)
- Antenna Mount Limits Motion limits for the antenna mount (not the antenna)
- Antenna Centre The centre of the antenna mount motion relative to entity
- Antenna Range Range of antenna mount motion in azimuth degrees about centre
- Beam Steering The axis of motion limits for an electronically steered beam
- Beam Range The range of motion of the beam from boresight
 - Max. Range The maximum effective range for device. Hard limit for optimisation
- Min. Signal The minimum detectable signal power in dBm
- Target Air / Land / Surface / Subsurface can be tracked by this sensor
- Device Location Determined at runtime
- ESA If True is an electronically scanned array (see note)
- Max Targets The maximum number of track-able targets at any one time.

NOTE - ESA - (Electronically Scanned Array, includes PESA and AESA radars)

- One TTR beam is used per target.
- Each beam has it's parameters modified to best track that target.
- ESA scheme emitters have ESA = True in the device descriptors
- and reserve ModeGroup IDs starting from 100, for target tracking modes.
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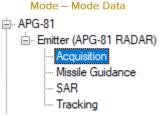


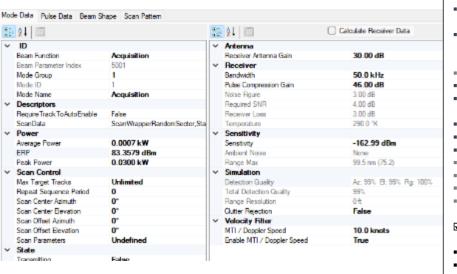


- Each emitter can contain 1 or more modes
- Each mode contains one:
 - Pulse table
 - Beam shape definition
 - Scan pattern
- Mode data includes specific mode properties

NOTE - IR MODE NAMES

- "Plume", "Exhaust", or "Engine" The temperature is changed with engine power and for "plume" on an aircraft, with the afterburner (speed > MACH 1).
- "Surface" The temperature is changed with the sun and weather for ground platforms, and with speed for aircraft.

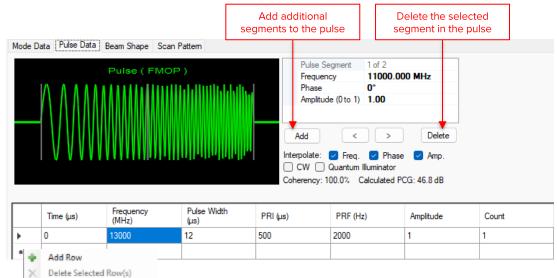




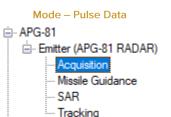
- Beam Function DIS beam function per CAF DMO SISO must be correct for AI in MACE
- Beam Parameter Index DIS Beam Parameter Index. With DIS Emitter Name identifies the type Valid range is between 5000-5099.
- Mode Group All modes that have the same ModeGroup number will not transmit simultaneously
 - Group numbers starting at 100 are reserved ESA First mode will be duplicated and assigned to an individual target
- Mode ID Unique ID of this mode
- Mode Name Text name of this mode (IR modes have special meaning see note)
- RequireTrackToAutoEnable Suppresses emitters with beam function "Acquisition" from turning
 on until a target track is sent via an external source (such as an IADS)
- Average Power The average power of the transmitter in this mode
- ERP Effective Radiated Power of this beam
- Peak Power The peak power of the transmitter in this mode
- Repeat Sequence Period The time before the scan control table repeats (determined at runtime)
- Scan Centre The scan centre in degrees (Az/Elev) (determined at runtime)
- Scan Offset The scan centre relative to the ownship (determined at runtime)
- Transmitting True if this beam is active and transmitting
- ☑ "Calculate Receiver Data" automatically calculates values in the receiver data
 - Gain / bandwidth / noise SNR / Temp / Loss Set as required for emulation of real system
 - Pulse Compression Gain directly affects the range precision used by the simulation
- Range Max / Detection Quality / Range Resolution Calculated
- MTI / Doppler Speed Min speed (VMG) at which targets can be detected



- Pulse data for each mode = rows of pulse-words that contain
 - Time
 - PRI
 - Count
 - Pulse segments that have: Frequency + Phase + Amplitude values
- User may define as many pulse segments as desired in as many pulse-words as needed (supporting jitter & stagger)
- Pulse sequence table rows of pulsewords in sequential order that repeat (after count is reached)







Allows beam editing for each cross section of a beam Click and drag to add additional lobes LMB = Gaussian RMB = Square Mode Data Pulse Data Beam Shape Scan Pattern 0 dB 198.8° **Delete Custom Lobes** Horizontal Section Vertical Section Scale with mouse scroll Delete Cust. Lobe 4 5inc wheel in graphic area Sine Sinc SincNomal Expand or contract shape by Side Lobe Down 26 🚉 de Lobe Down 34 🚓 Beam Width 1.23 modifying main lobe Dropdown mathematical Cosine 2 Polarization Vertical ulate Gain CosinePedestal functions that define the Change polarization Polarization Angle 90 Cosecant2 Gain 37.08 shape Square



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Attenuate side lobes (dB)

Mode - Beam Shape

SAR

Tracking

Emitter (APG-81 RADAR)

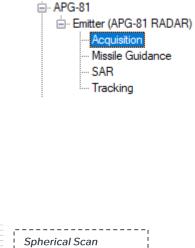
Acquisition

Missile Guidance

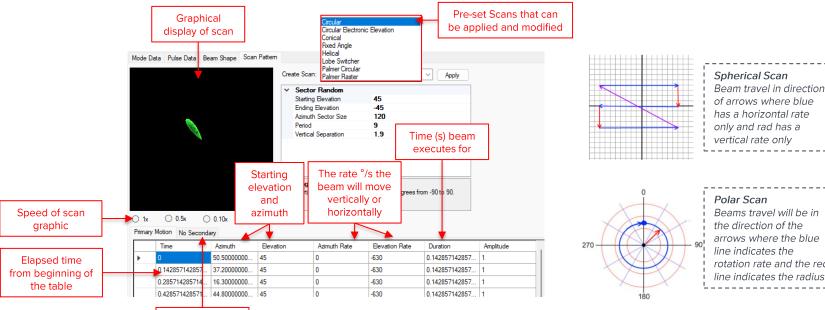
- Defines how the beam moves over time
- Any scan pattern can be simulated including overlayed scan patterns (i.e. secondary motion).
- Vector elements in: azimuth elevation, time, duration, and speed
- User definable or choose from pre-defined patterns and modify

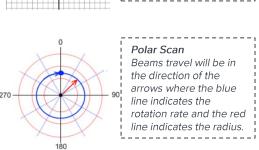
Secondary

Motion



Mode - Scan Pattern





Student Exercise (Link to Online Solution Video Not Yet Available)

- 1. Duplicate the Super SA-8 Platform and rename as Semi-Active Super SA-8
- 2. Remove the radars from the Semi-Active Super SA-8 platform
- 3. Add the following radars to the platform: (1) Generic SAM.ACQ (2) Generic SAM.TTR (3) Generic SAM.MG save the platform
- 4. Duplicate the Super SA-8 Missile Equipment and change its name to Semi-Active Super SA-8 Missile and change the guidance type to semiactive radar save the equipment config
- 5. In the associated equipment of the semi-Active Super SA-8 Missile leave the IR sensor in place
- 6. Open the Emitter editor Copy the SA-5 Radar Seeker to the User Data Area and rename it to Semi-Active Super SA-8 Missile Seeker
- 7. Open the Semi-Active Super SA-8 Missile Seeker Emitter underneath the device and change the DIS emitter name to something that is not taken a check is made when the emitter editor is closed
- 8. Open the Semi-Active Super SA-8 Missile Seeker Emitter mode and ensure the beam function is tracking change the min and max frequency to 7000 Mhz
- 9. In the emitter editor copy the Generic SAM.MG radar to the user data area and rename it to Semi-Active Super SA-8 MG
- 10. Open the Semi-Active Super SA-8 MG Radar Emitter underneath the device and change the DIS emitter name to something that is not taken a check is made when the emitter editor is closed
- 11. Open the Semi-Active Super SA-8 MG Radar Emitter mode and ensure the beam function is 'guidance' change the frequency of the pulse 7000 Mhz to match the missile seeker
- 12. Close the emitter editor find in the list of equipment to be created the 'Semi-Active Super SA-8 MG Radar' and tick it to create the associated piece of equipment that we can equip the Semi-Active SA-8 platform with



Student Exercise Cont - Link to Online Solution Video Not Yet Available

- 13. Open the Semi-Active Super SA-8 Missile Equipment item and add the associated device Semi-Active Super SA-8 Missile Seeker also ensure 09. Capabilities Auto Fire is set to True
- 14. Open the Semi-Active Super SA-8 platform and remove the Generic SAM.MG radar and replace it with Semi-Active Super SA-8 MG Radar
- 15. Replace the missiles with Semi-Active Super SA-8 Missiles
- 16. Test your new platform missiles and emitters in a MACE mission with one Semi-Active Super SA-8 Platform and one FW Fighter Aircraft
- 17. Use the Weapons analysis tool to view the guidance indications from both the IR seeker and the new semi active seeker
- 18. Now use the Emitter Editor to make a copy of the Generic SP Jammer and name it 'My SP Jammer' and change the DIS Emitter Name to something not used
- 19. On each Jamming Mode (Jam 1 to 4) change the average power to 2KW note the ERP and Peak power change
- 20. Save the new jammer (RMB) Close the EW Editor and Tick the new jammer in the list of equipment to be created
- 21. Find the new equipment in the equipment section of the MOCT and see which threat library it is using
- 22. Make a new threat library for My SP Jammer and add the Semi-Active Super SA-8 MG Radar to it
- 23. In your MACE test mission replace the SP jammer on the Generic fighter with your new jammer and watch the indications as it flys through the MEZ



ARMOR XR

Learning objective:

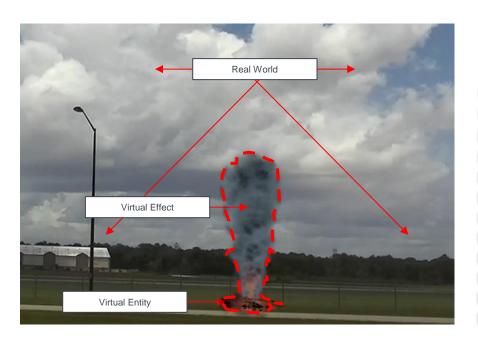
To be able to configure and use ARMOR with XR devices

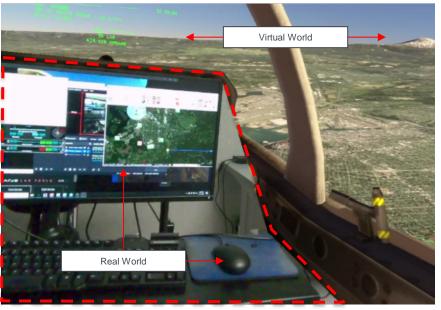
Enabling objectives

- Understand the different XR modes in ARMOR
- Understand the different view scaling in ARMOR
- Know how to enter and exit the different ARMOR XR and viewpoint scale modes
- Know how to setup the table-top view
- Know how to use the in-XR hand controller menus in ARMOR
- (Optional) Know how to setup and troubleshoot XR Devices using Steam VR and ARMOR
- (Optional) Know how to setup and troubleshoot XR Devices using Varjo Base and ARMOR



Mixed Reality







XR Headsets (Using Steam VR)

- Install & Configure Steam VR
- Install & Configure Headset Software (e.g. Vive business Streaming)
- Run ARMOR
- XR Mode Changes in ARMOR
 - CTRL + F1 to change to XR
 - CTRL + F2 to change between 1:1 and Tabletop Mode
 - CTRL + F3 to change between MR/VR & Passthrough modes
- Controlling Overlays
 - All ARMOR Keyboard Shortcuts work
 - Some can be accessed using menus on VR Hand-controllers Trigger to select



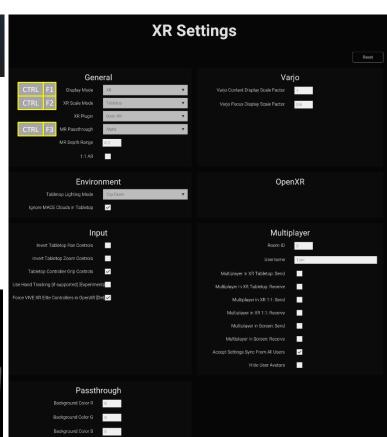




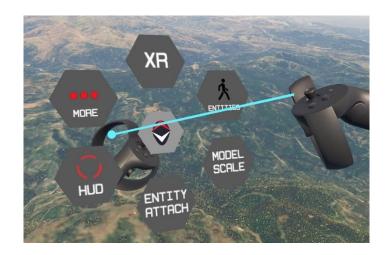


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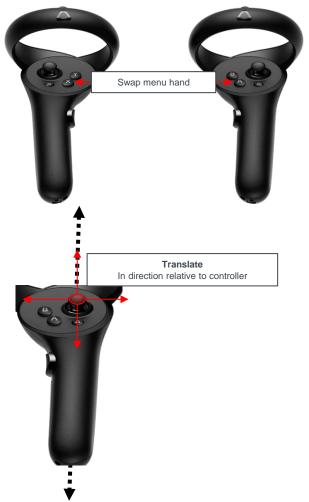
Now Playing



XR - Hand Controller Menu





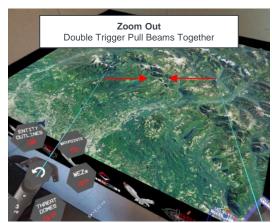


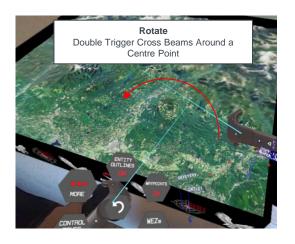


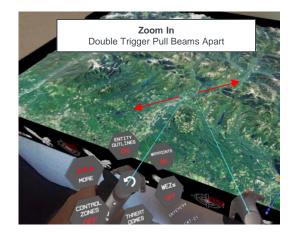
Tabletop Controls













ARMOR XR

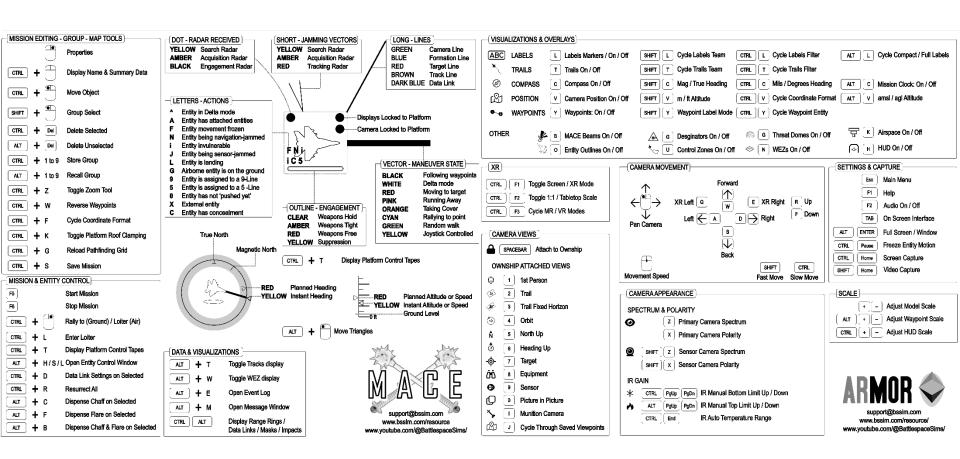
Student Exercise (Link to Online Solution Video)

- 1. Setup your headset of choice with ARMOR
- 2. Open your headset's application (e.g. Steam VR or Varjo Base) and ensure the headset and controllers are operating correctly
- 3. Open the Tutorial 3 Mission in MACE and ARMOR
- Activate the beam viewer in MACE and ARMOR
- 5. Top lock to the north eastern aircraft Thunder 02
- 6. Enter XR mode in ARMOR
- 7. Look around in the cockpit
- 8. Detach from the aircraft using the in-XR hand controller menu
- 9. Switch from 1:1 to table top scale using the in-XR hand controller menu
- 10. Configure a new position, width, and elevation for the table top
- 11. Use the in-XR hand controller menus to activate trails and entity labels and missile engagement zones
- 12. Move the table top to view the engagement of the aircraft by the North Eastern IADS platforms
- 13. (if supported by your headset) Switch to MR pass through mode while in table top
- 14. Revert back to screen mode in ARMOR



ALL THE SHORTCUTS

A collection of all the shortcut slides and decodes



MACE BASIC MISSION BUILDING

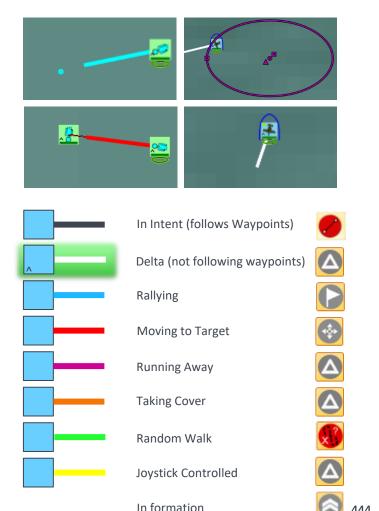
Intent and delta

- Intent Black Vector Line
 - Platform follows waypoints
 - Return to intent
 - Button on ENTITY CONTROLS Tab
 - RMB on platform vector line
 - Button on ENTITY CONTROL FORM



- Delta (Not Black)
 - Platform does not follow waypoints
 - Tell by vector color OR intent state drop down







SPACE NAVIGATOR CONTROLS

